AGENDA

2:00 p.m.

ACTION:
1. UHEAA – Request for Consent Solicitation
2. 2022-2023 Budget Process Guidelines
3. Revision of Policy R532, Acceptance and Approval of Contracts and Grants
4. Revision of Policy R513, Tuition Waivers and Reductions
5. FY 2022 Board of Higher Education Budget

DISCUSSION:
1. Board of Higher Education Process Review
2. Finance & Facilities Committee Accomplishments and Review
3. Board of Higher Education May Retreat Follow-up
4. Capital Facilities Tour

INFORMATION:
5. 2021-22 Budget Initiatives Use of Funds Received

Projected times for the various meetings are estimates only. The Board Chair retains the right to take action at any time. In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, individuals needing special accommodations (including auxiliary communicative aids and services) during this meeting should notify ADA Coordinator, 60 South 400 West, Salt Lake City, UT 84180 (801-321-7124), at least three working days prior to the meeting. TDD # 801-321-7130.
MEMORANDUM

July 15, 2021

UHEAA – Request for Consent Solicitation

The Board has previously issued student loan notes, which are secured by student loans administered and serviced by the staff of the Board’s Utah Higher Education Assistance Authority (UHEAA). The notes currently bear interest at a spread to an index known as LIBOR (the London Interbank Offered Rate), which is expected to be discontinued by June 2023. As the notes mature years after the LIBOR rate is expected to be discontinued, UHEAA staff is exploring options to mitigate the expected discontinuance of LIBOR, which will require noteholder consent. UHEAA staff requests Board approval to seek noteholder consent to amend the notes as they continue exploring options. UHEAA will return to the Board with a cost-benefit analysis of the various options prior to a request for final action.

Commissioner’s Recommendation

The Commissioner recommends approval of the proposed authorizing resolution to allow UHEAA staff to seek noteholder consent to allow the Board to amend certain outstanding Student Loan Backed Notes.

Attachments
The Utah Board of Higher Education met in regular session at the campus of Utah State University (including by electronic means), on July 16, 2021, commencing at [9:00 a.m.]. The following members were present:

Harris H. Simmons  Chair
Nina Barnes  Vice Chair
Aaron V. Osmond  Vice Chair
Jesselie B. Anderson  Member
Mike Angus  Member
Jera L. Bailey  Member
Stacey K. Bettrigde  Member
Lisa-Michele Church  Member
Wilford W. Clyde  Member
Sanchaita Datta  Member
Alan E. Hall  Member
Patricia Jones  Member
Crystal Maggelet  Member
Arthur E. Newell  Member
Shawn Newell  Member
Candice Paige  Student Member
Glen J. Rivera  Student Member
Scott L. Theurer  Member

Absent:

Also Present:

David R. Woolstenhulme  Commissioner of Higher Education
Geoffrey Landward  Secretary

After the meeting had been duly convened and called to order by the Chair, the roll had been called with the above result, the Chair announced that one of the purposes of the meeting was the consideration of various matters on the agenda.

The following resolution was introduced in written form and pursuant to motion made by _________________ and seconded by _________________, was adopted by the following vote:
AYE:

NAY:

The resolution is as follows:
RESOLUTION

A RESOLUTION OF THE UTAH BOARD OF HIGHER EDUCATION (THE “BOARD”) RELATING TO CERTAIN OUTSTANDING NOTES OF THE BOARD’S STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM AND AUTHORIZING AMENDMENTS TO BE MADE, EXECUTION OF SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURES AND OTHER DOCUMENTS AND SOLICITATION OF CONSENTS IN CONNECTION THEREWITH; AUTHORIZING THE TAKING OF ALL OTHER ACTIONS NECESSARY TO THE CONSUMMATION OF THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED BY THIS RESOLUTION; AND RELATED MATTERS.

WHEREAS, the Utah Board of Higher Education (previously known as the State Board of Regents of the State of Utah) (the “Board”) is established and exists under and pursuant to Section 53B-1-402, Utah Code Annotated 1953, as amended; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Chapter 13, Title 53B, Utah Code Annotated 1953, as amended (the “Act”), the Board is empowered to make or purchase student loan notes and other debt obligations reflecting loans to students under its Student Loan Program and, in order to provide funds for such purposes, the Board is duly authorized to issue and sell notes pursuant to the provisions of the Act; and

WHEREAS, the Board has previously entered into (among others) the following indentures of trust (collectively, the “Indentures”) each between the Board and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (the “Trustee”):

1. An Indenture of Trust dated as of October 1, 2012;
2. An Indenture of Trust dated as of July 1, 2014;
3. An Indenture of Trust dated as of May 1, 2015;
4. An Indenture of Trust dated as of October 1, 2016;
5. An Indenture of Trust dated as of February 1, 2017;

pursuant to which the Board has issued various series of its Student Loan Backed Notes (collectively, the “Notes”); and

WHEREAS, the Notes currently bear interest at a spread to the London interbank offered rate for deposits in U.S. dollars (“LIBOR”) and LIBOR is currently expected to be discontinued by June 2023 and the Board desires to seek noteholder consent to amend some or all of the Indentures to allow the Board to (i) refinance all or a portion of the Notes, (ii) to retire the Notes or (iii) to otherwise address the discontinuance of LIBOR in order to achieve the objectives of the Board (the “Amendment”); and
WHEREAS, in order to facilitate the Amendment, the Board desires to execute one or more Supplemental Indentures (collectively referred to herein as the “Supplemental Indentures”) to make such Amendments; and

WHEREAS, each of the Indentures may be amended on the conditions provided therein and the Board desires to seek the consent of holders of the Notes to the Amendments; and

WHEREAS, there has been presented to the Board at this meeting forms of (i) the Supplemental Indentures; and (ii) other documents relating to the Amendments (including consent solicitation documentation and agreements) (collective, the “Amendment Documents”); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 53B-13-104(9) of the Act, the Board desires to grant to the Chair, Vice Chair and/or the Chair of the Finance and Facilities Committee of the Board the authority to approve the final terms of the Amendments and the Supplemental Indentures and any changes with respect thereto from those terms which were before the Board at the time of adoption of this Resolution.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE UTAH BOARD OF HIGHER EDUCATION, AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. All terms defined in the foregoing recitals hereto shall have the same meanings when used herein.

Section 2. All action heretofore taken (not inconsistent with the provisions of this resolution) by the Board and the officers of the Board directed toward the Amendments are hereby ratified, approved and confirmed.

Section 3. The Board hereby approves the Amendments (including taking the actions necessary to solicit and receive the consents needed for the Amendments) and the Supplemental Indentures, in substantially the form presented to this meeting, is in all respects authorized, approved and confirmed. The Chair, Vice Chair and/or Chair of the Finance and Facilities Committee and the Secretary of the Board are hereby authorized to execute and deliver one or more Supplemental Indentures in the form and with substantially the same content as presented to this meeting for and on behalf of the Board with such alterations, changes or additions as may be authorized by Section 5 hereof or necessary to implement the Amendments.

Section 4. The appropriate officers of the Board, including without limitation the Chair, Vice Chair, Chair of the Finance and Facilities Committee, Commissioner of Higher Education, Associate Commissioner for Student Financial Aid, Executive Director of UHEAA, Deputy Executive Director of UHEAA and Secretary are hereby authorized to (i) take all action necessary or reasonably required by the Amendments, to carry out, give effect to and consummate the Amendments and the transactions as contemplated hereby and are authorized to take all action necessary in conformity with the Act and (ii) execute and deliver for and on behalf of the Board any or all additional certificates, documents and other papers and to perform all other acts they may deem
necessary or appropriate in order to implement and carry out the matters authorized in this Resolution and the documents authorized and approved herein.

Section 5. The appropriate officials of the Board, including without limitation the Chair, Vice Chair and/or Chair of the Finance and Facilities Committee are authorized to make any alterations, changes or additions to the Supplemental Indentures or any other document herein authorized and approved which may be necessary to correct errors or omissions therein, to complete the same, to remove ambiguities therefrom, to conform the same to other provisions of said instruments, to the provisions of this Resolution or any resolution adopted by the Board of the provisions of the laws of the State of Utah or the United States.

Section 6. If any provisions of this Resolution should be held invalid, the invalidity of such provisions shall not affect the validity of any of the other provisions of this Resolution.

Section 7. All resolutions of the Board or parts thereof inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed to the extent only of such inconsistency. This repealer shall not be construed as reviving any bylaw, order, resolution or ordinance or part thereof.

Section 8. This Resolution shall become effective immediately upon its adoption.
PASSED AND APPROVED BY THE UTAH BOARD OF HIGHER EDUCATION
THIS 16TH DAY OF JULY, 2021.

UTAH BOARD OF HIGHER EDUCATION
(SEAL)

_________________________________
Chair

ATTEST:

_________________________________
Secretary
After the conduct of other business not pertinent to the above, the meeting was, on motion duly made and seconded, adjourned.

(SEAL)

_________________________________ 
Chair

ATTEST:

_________________________________ 
Secretary
STATE OF UTAH

COUNTY OF SALT LAKE

I, Geoffrey Landward, do hereby certify that I am the duly qualified and acting Secretary of the Utah Board of Higher Education.

I further certify that the above and foregoing constitutes a true and correct copy of an excerpt of the minutes of a meeting of said Board held on July 16, 2021 and of a resolution adopted at said meeting, as said minutes and resolution are officially of record in my possession.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my official signature and impressed hereon the official seal of said Board this July 16, 2021.

__________________________
Secretary

(SEAL)
I, Geoffrey Landward, the undersigned, the duly qualified and acting Secretary of the Utah Board of Higher Education (the “Board”), do hereby certify, according to the records of said Board in my official possession, and upon my own knowledge and belief, that:

(a) in accordance with the requirements of Section 52-4-202, Utah Code Annotated 1953, as amended, public notice was given of the agenda, date, time and place of the July 16, 2021 public meeting held by the Members of the Board by causing a Notice of Public Meeting, in the form attached hereto as Schedule 1 to be: (i) posted at the principal office of the Board at 60 South 400 West, Salt Lake City, Utah, at least 24 hours prior to the convening of such meeting, said Notice of Public Meeting having continuously remained so posted and available for public inspection during the regular office hours of the Board until the convening of the meeting; (ii) published on the Utah Public Notice Website (http://pmn.utah.gov), at least 24 hours prior to the convening of such meeting; and (iii) provided at least 24 hours prior to the convening of such meeting, to the Deseret News and The Salt Lake Tribune, newspapers of general circulation within the geographic jurisdiction of the Board, pursuant to their subscription to the Utah Public Notice Website (http://pmn.utah.gov), and to each local media correspondent, newspaper, radio station or television station which has requested notification of meetings of the Board;

(b) in accordance with the requirements of Section 52-4-202, Utah Code Annotated 1953, as amended, public notice of the 2020-2021 Annual Meeting Schedule of the Board was given, specifying the date, time and place of the regular meetings of the Board scheduled to be held during said years, by causing a Notice of Annual Meeting Schedule for the Board, in the form attached hereto as Schedule 2, to be (i) posted at the principal office of the Board at 60 South 400 West, Salt Lake City, Utah in _________ 20__; (ii) published on the Utah Public Notice Website (http://pmn.utah.gov) during the current calendar year, and (iii) provided to a newspaper of general circulation within the geographic jurisdiction of the Board pursuant to its subscription to the Utah Public Notice Website (http://pmn.utah.gov); and

(c) the Board has adopted written procedures governing the holding of electronic meetings in accordance with Section 52-4-207 Utah Code Annotated 1953, as amended (a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit C). In accordance with said Section and the aforementioned procedures, notice was given to each member of the Board and to members of the public at least 24 hours before the meeting to allow members of the Board and the public to participate in the meeting, including a description of how they could be connected to the meeting.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my official signature and impressed hereon the official seal of the Utah Board of Higher Education, this July 16, 2021.

______________________________

Secretary

(SEAL)
EXHIBIT A

NOTICE OF PUBLIC MEETING
EXHIBIT B

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING SCHEDULE
EXHIBIT C

ELECTRONIC MEETING POLICY
STATE BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE STATE OF UTAH  
(KNOWN AS THE UTAH BOARD OF HIGHER EDUCATION AS OF JULY 1, 2020) 
60 SOUTH 400 WEST 
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84101 

CONSENT SOLICITATION STATEMENT 

STATE BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE STATE OF UTAH 
TAXABLE STUDENT LOAN BACKED NOTES, SERIES 2012-1  
(LIBOR INDEXED NOTES) 

Record Date: 5:00 p.m. New York City time, June 21, 2021. 
Expiration Date: 5:00 p.m. New York City time, June 22, 2021, unless otherwise extended or terminated. 

The State Board of Regents of the State of Utah (known as the Utah Board of Higher Education as of July 1, 2020) (the “Issuer”) hereby solicits consents (the “Consents”) of owners of the above-captioned notes (the “Notes”), originally issued in the principal amounts of $518,700,000 and currently outstanding in the principal amounts of $____,____,000 to certain amendments to be made pursuant to a proposed Supplemental Indenture hereinafter described (the “Supplemental Indenture”) upon the terms and conditions set forth in this Consent Solicitation Statement (as the same may be amended or supplemented, this “Consent Solicitation Statement” and, together with the Issuer’s solicitation of Consents, the “Consent Solicitation”). 

The Notes and the Original Indenture. The Notes were issued pursuant to an Indenture of Trust dated as of October 1, 2012 (the “Original Indenture”), by and among the Issuer and the Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as successor trustee (the “Trustee”). All capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meaning given to them in the Original Indenture. 

The Supplemental Indenture. Due to the uncertainty surrounding the expected discontinuance of U.S. Dollar London Interbank Offered Rate (“LIBOR”), which is the reference rate for both the Notes and the calculation of Special Allowance Payments with respect to the financed student loans included in the Trust Estate securing the Notes under the Original Indenture (the “Financed Eligible Loans”), the lack of provisions that address the permanent cessation of LIBOR in the Original Indenture and other business consideration, the Issuer is exploring the feasibility of retiring the Notes prior to the time currently permitted by the Original Indenture. Under the Original Indenture as currently in effect, the Notes are not subject to early optional redemption until the outstanding principal balance of the loan portfolio is 10% or less of the original principal balance of the loan portfolio. However, the Original Indenture may be amended with respect to redemption of the Notes with the consent of Registered Owners of the Notes (the “Registered Owners”) representing not less than a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes Outstanding. The proposed Supplemental Indenture, the form of which is attached hereto as Annex I, would amend the Original Indenture to allow the Issuer to redeem all of the Notes on or before ________, 202____ (the “Redemption Window”). Accordingly, the Issuer is soliciting the consent of the Registered Owners (including any beneficial owners who are not Registered Owners, collectively, the “Owners”) to the Supplemental Indenture to permit the early redemption of all, but not part, of the Notes at a price of [___%], plus in accrued interest to the date of redemption. 

[Simultaneous with this Consent Solicitation Statement, the Issuer is also soliciting similar consent from owners of other notes of the Issuer issued under indentures separate from the Original Indenture, by means of separate consent solicitation statements and the effectiveness of consents made hereunder is not contingent upon receipt of consents with respect to the aforementioned other notes.] 

Consent Fee. Following the satisfaction of the Conditions to the Consent Solicitation (as defined herein), Owners of Notes who deliver Consents (as defined herein) in favor of the Supplemental Indenture in accordance with this Consent Solicitation prior to the Expiration Date (and who do not validly revoke their Consent in accordance herewith) are eligible to receive a fee equal to 0____% of the currently outstanding principal of the Notes for which the Consent is submitted (the “Consent Fee”). 

Conditions to the Effectiveness of the Supplemental Indenture. The Supplemental Indenture will become effective upon the Issuer’s receipt of written notice from the Trustee that it has received the consent of the Registered Owners of not less than a majority of the collective aggregate principal amount of the Notes Outstanding and confirmation from the Issuer that the Conditions to the Consent Solicitation have been satisfied or waived and its election to proceed by executing the Supplemental
Indenture (the “Effective Date”). The Issuer expressly reserves the right, in its sole discretion and regardless of whether any of the Conditions to the Consent Solicitation have been satisfied or waived, subject to applicable law, at any time prior to the earlier of the Expiration Date or the Effective Date to (i) terminate the Consent Solicitation for any reason, (ii) extend the Expiration Date, or (iii) amend the terms of the Consent Solicitation. The Issuer also expressly reserves the right not to execute the Supplemental Indenture (even after receiving the Requisite Consents). The Effective Date will be communicated to the Owners by notice thereof filed on the Issuer’s website, with EMMA (as defined herein) and delivered to DTC.

**Further Information.** Any questions or requests for assistance, including copies of this Consent Solicitation Statement and other related materials, may be directed to D.F. King (the “Information and Tabulation Agent”), at the address and telephone number set forth on the back cover of this Consent Solicitation Statement.

None of the Issuer, the Trustee, the Information and Tabulation Agent nor the Solicitation Agent (as defined herein) makes any recommendation as to whether or not the Owners should consent to the Supplemental Indenture.

*The Solicitation Agent for the Consent Solicitation is:*

**RBC CAPITAL MARKETS**

Dated: ______ __, 2021
MATURITIES AND CUSIP/ISIN NUMBERS

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<tr>
<th>SERIES</th>
<th>ORIGINAL PRINCIPAL AMOUNT</th>
<th>CURRENT PRINCIPAL AMOUNT</th>
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LIMITATION ON INFORMATION

No person has been authorized to give any information or make any representations other than those contained or incorporated by reference in this Consent Solicitation Statement and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the Issuer or any other person mentioned herein. The statements made in this Consent Solicitation Statement are made as of the date hereof, and the delivery of this Consent Solicitation Statement and the accompanying materials shall not, under any circumstances, create any implication that the information contained herein is correct after the date hereof. This Consent Solicitation Statement is not being made to, and no Consents are being solicited from, persons in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful to make such Consent Solicitation or grant or withhold such Consents under applicable federal securities or blue sky laws. This Consent Solicitation Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any of the securities described or otherwise referred to in this Consent Solicitation Statement.

NEITHER THIS CONSENT SOLICITATION STATEMENT NOR ANY RELATED DOCUMENTS HAVE BEEN FILED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION, NOR HAVE THEY BEEN FILED WITH OR REVIEWED BY ANY FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION OR REGULATORY AUTHORITY OF ANY COUNTRY. NO AUTHORITY HAS PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS CONSENT SOLICITATION STATEMENT OR ANY RELATED DOCUMENTS, AND IT IS UNLAWFUL AND MAY BE A CRIMINAL OFFENSE TO MAKE ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY.
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IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING DELIVERY OF CONSENTS

Only Registered Owners are eligible to consent to the Supplemental Indenture. Any beneficial owner of Notes who is not a Registered Owner must arrange with the person who is the Registered Owner or such Registered Owner’s assignee or nominee to deliver their Consent on behalf of such beneficial owner. For purposes of the Consent Solicitation, DTC has confirmed that the Consent Solicitation is eligible for DTC’s ATOP (defined herein) and has authorized DTC Participants (“DTC Participants”) to electronically deliver a Consent by causing DTC to temporarily transfer and surrender their Notes and indicate delivery of a Consent to the Information and Tabulation Agent, in accordance with DTC’s ATOP procedures. DTC will verify each temporary transfer and surrender of Notes and confirm the electronic delivery of a Consent by sending an Agent’s Message (defined herein) to the Information and Tabulation Agent. DTC Participants must allow sufficient time for completion of the ATOP procedures during normal business hours of DTC. Beneficial owners must contact the broker, dealer, commercial bank, custodian or DTC Participant who holds Notes for them if they wish to instruct such party to deliver a consent with respect to such beneficial owner’s Notes.

Consents should not be delivered to the Issuer, the Trustee or the Solicitation Agent, or any of their respective agents. However, the Issuer reserves the right to accept any Consent received by the Issuer, the Trustee or the Solicitation Agent, or any of their respective agents.

CONSENTS MUST BE ELECTRONICALLY DELIVERED IN ACCORDANCE WITH DTC’S ATOP PROCEDURES.

(The remainder of this page intentionally left blank.)
CONSENT SOLICITATION STATEMENT

The State Board of Regents of the State of Utah (known as the Utah Board of Higher Education as of July 1, 2020) (the “Issuer”) is issuing this Consent Solicitation Statement (this “Consent Solicitation Statement”) in order to seek consents (the “Consents” and the Issuer’s solicitation of such Consents, together with this Consent Solicitation Statement, shall be defined as the “Consent Solicitation”) of registered owners (the “Registered Owners”) of those certain Taxable Student Loan Backed Notes, Series 2012-1 (LIBOR-Indexed Notes), outstanding as of , 2021 in the principal amount of $______,000 (the “Notes”) pursuant to a Supplemental Indenture (the “Supplemental Indenture”) to the Indenture of Trust, dated as of October 1, 2012 (the “Original Indenture”), by and among the Issuer and the Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as successor trustee (the “Trustee”), pursuant to which the Notes were issued. All capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meaning given to them in the Original Indenture.

THE SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE AND PURPOSE OF CONSENT SOLICITATION

Interest on the Notes is currently indexed to the 1-month U.S. Dollar London Interbank Offered Rate (“LIBOR”), which is also the reference rate for the calculation of Special Allowance Payments with respect to the financed student loans included in the Trust Estate securing the Notes under the Original Indenture (the “Financed Eligible Loans”). The Original Indenture, which did not contemplate the permanent cessation of LIBOR, provides that if LIBOR is unavailable with respect to any interest accrual period for the Notes, the LIBOR in effect for such interest accrual period will be the LIBOR in effect for the prior interest accrual period.

Due to the uncertainty surrounding the planned discontinuance of LIBOR, the lack of provisions that address the permanent cessation of LIBOR in the Original Indenture and other business consideration, the Issuer is exploring the feasibility of retiring all of the Notes.

Under the Original Indenture as currently in effect, the Notes are not subject to redemption at the option of the Issuer until the outstanding principal balance of the loan portfolio is 10% or less of the original principal balance of the loan portfolio. However, the Original Indenture may be amended with respect to redemption of the Notes with the consent of Registered Owners of the Notes (the “Registered Owners”) representing not less than a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes Outstanding (the “Requisite Consent”). The proposed Supplemental Indenture, the form of which is attached hereto as Annex I, would amend the Original Indenture to allow the Issuer to redeem all, but not part, of the Notes from any source of available funds at a price of [____ %] of the outstanding principal amount plus accrued interest to the date of redemption on a date set by the Issuer on or before ________, 202_. (the “Redemption Window”).

The Supplemental Indenture will become effective upon the Trustee’s notice that it has received the Requisite Consent and confirmation from the Issuer that the Conditions to the Consent Solicitation have been satisfied or waived and its election to proceed by executing the Supplemental Indenture (the “Effective Date”). The Issuer expressly reserves the right, in its sole discretion and regardless of whether any of the Conditions to the Consent Solicitation have been satisfied or waived, subject to applicable law, at any time prior to the earlier of the Expiration Date or the Effective Date to (i) terminate the Consent Solicitation for any reason, (ii) extend the Expiration Date, or (iii) amend the terms of the Consent Solicitation. The Issuer also expressly reserves the right not to execute the Supplemental Indenture (even after receiving the Requisite Consents).

[Simultaneous with this Consent Solicitation Statement, the Issuer is also soliciting similar consent from owners of other notes of the Issuer issued under indentures separate from the Original Indenture, by means of separate consent solicitation statements and the effectiveness of consents made hereunder is not contingent upon receipt of consents with respect to the aforementioned other notes.]
**AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION; SUPPLEMENT**

The Issuer has posted certain information with respect to the Original Indenture and the Notes on its website at [https://uheaa.org/reports/current-financial-reports/](https://uheaa.org/reports/current-financial-reports/). The Issuer has also filed certain documents with the Electronic Municipal Market Access system (“EMMA”) of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board pursuant to the Continuing Disclosure Agreement entered into in connection with the initial offering of the Notes. The Official Statement for the Notes is available on the EMMA website, but has not been updated since the date of issuance of the Notes. The foregoing internet addresses or references are included for reference only, and the information on these internet sites is not incorporated by reference herein.

In order to assist the Owners in determining whether to consent to the Supplemental Indenture, Annex II provides certain additional information concerning the Issuer, the Eligible Loans, and estimates for the remaining weighted average life of the Notes based upon a range of prepayment assumptions for the Eligible Loans.

**RISK FACTORS RELATING TO THE SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE**

**Failure of Solicitation**

It is possible that the Supplemental Indenture will not go into effect, either because Owners of a majority of the collective aggregate principal amount of the Notes outstanding do not consent, or because the Issuer elects to withdraw the Consent Solicitation prior to the Effective Date (which it may do in its sole and absolute discretion). In either case, the price or marketability of the Notes may be adversely affected during the solicitation period. See “THE CONSENT SOLICITATION – Consent Procedures” below.

**Note Call May Be Conditional**

Even if the Supplemental Indenture is approved, the redemption of the Notes may not be completed during the Redemption Window, if the refinancing arrangement for the Notes fails to be concluded. The notice of redemption of the Notes will be conditioned upon the Issuer providing sufficient money to the Trustee to redeem the Notes. If sufficient moneys are not available to redeem the Notes on the specified redemption date, the redemption may be postponed or cancelled; provided, however, the Issuer’s right of redemption will expire at the end of the Redemption Window.

**THE CONSENT SOLICITATION**

The Issuer is soliciting Consents from the Registered Owners, upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this Consent Solicitation Statement and, except as expressly set forth herein and therein, the Original Indenture.

**Requirements for Consent**

The Issuer and the Trustee will not enter into or approve the Supplemental Indenture unless the Requisite Consent of the Registered Owners to the execution of the Supplemental Indenture have been received.

**Requisite Consents**

The registered owner of the Notes, DTC or its authorized proxies, must validly deliver the Requisite Consents in order for the Supplemental Indenture to be approved. A total of $__,____,000 principal amount of the Notes was Outstanding as of _____ __, 2021.

**Relevant Record Date**

The Record Date for the purposes of this Consent Solicitation is 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on_______ __. 2021. The delivery of a Consent will not affect an Owner’s right to sell or transfer the applicable
Notes. Only the DTC Participants holding positions in the Notes at that time and their duly authorized proxies may give Consents, as described more fully under “–Consent Procedures” below.

Expiration Date; Extensions; Supplemental Indenture

The Consent Solicitation will expire on the Expiration Date at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, unless terminated, shortened or extended by the Issuer.

If the Consent Conditions (as defined herein) are satisfied prior to the Expiration Date, the Issuer may treat such date of satisfaction as the Expiration Date.

The Issuer expressly reserves the right to extend the Consent Solicitation at any time and from time to time by giving oral or written notice to the Solicitation Agent and the Trustee. For purposes of the Consent Solicitation, a notice given by the Issuer before 12:00 p.m., New York City time, on any day shall be deemed to have been made on the preceding day. Any such extension will be followed as promptly as practicable by notice thereof filed on the Issuer’s website, with EMMA (as defined herein) and sent to DTC. Such announcement or notice may state that the Issuer is extending the Consent Solicitation for a specified period of time or on a daily basis.

The Issuer expressly reserves the right for any reason to abandon, terminate or amend the Consent Solicitation, including for the purpose of increasing the Redemption Price, at any time prior to the Expiration Date by giving oral or written notice of such abandonment of, termination of or amendment to the Consent Solicitation to the Solicitation Agent. In the event the Redemption Price is increased pursuant to any amendment, any Consents received by the Information and Tabulation Agent prior to such date will be considered to be effective consent to a higher Redemption Price. Any action by the Issuer to abandon, terminate or amend the Consent Solicitation will be followed as promptly as practicable by notice thereof filed on the Issuer’s website, with EMMA and delivered to DTC.

Consent Procedures

The delivery of Consents pursuant to the Consent Solicitation in accordance with the procedures described below will constitute a valid delivery of Consents to the Supplemental Indenture. Any Consent delivered and validly revoked will be deemed not to have been validly delivered.

All of the Notes are held in book-entry form and registered in the name of Cede & Co., as the nominee of DTC. Only Registered Owners are authorized to deliver Consents with respect to their Notes. Therefore, to deliver Consents with respect to the Notes that are held through a broker, dealer, commercial bank, trust company or other nominee, the beneficial owner thereof must instruct such nominee to deliver the Consents on the beneficial owner’s behalf according to the ATOP procedures described below.

DTC has confirmed that the Consent Solicitation is eligible for DTC’s Automated Tender Offer Program (“ATOP”). Accordingly, DTC Participants must electronically deliver a Consent to the Information and Tabulation Agent in accordance with DTC’s ATOP procedures. DTC Participants will be deemed to have delivered a Consent with respect to any such Notes for which an electronic Consent is so delivered. DTC will verify each temporary transfer and surrender and confirm the electronic delivery of such consent by sending an Agent’s Message to the Information and Tabulation Agent.

The term “Agent’s Message” means a message transmitted by DTC and received by the Information and Tabulation Agent, which states that DTC has received an express acknowledgement from the DTC Participant delivering consents that such DTC Participant (i) has received and agrees to be bound by the terms of the Consent Solicitation as set forth in this Consent Solicitation Statement and that the Issuer may enforce such agreement against such DTC Participant, and (ii) consents to the Supplemental Indenture and the execution and delivery of the Supplemental Indenture as described in this Consent Solicitation Statement.

The Information and Tabulation Agent will establish a new ATOP account or utilize an existing account with respect to the Notes at DTC (the “Book-Entry Transfer Facility”) promptly after the date of this Consent Solicitation Statement (to the extent that such arrangement has not already been made by the Information and Tabulation Agent),
and any financial institution that is a participant in the Book-Entry Transfer Facility system and whose name appears on a security position listing as the owner of Notes may make book-entry delivery of Notes into the Information and Tabulation Agent’s account in accordance with the Book-Entry Transfer Facility’s procedures for such transfer. Delivery of documents to the Book-Entry Transfer Facility in accordance with such Book-Entry Transfer Facility does not constitute delivery to the Information and Tabulation Agent.

Consents may be delivered only in original principal amounts equal to minimum denominations of $100,000 and integral multiples of $1,000 in excess thereof.

The Notes for which a Consent has been delivered through ATOP as part of the Consent Solicitation at or prior to 5:00 pm on the Expiration Date will be held under one or more temporary CUSIP numbers (i.e., Contra CUSIP) during the period beginning at the time the DTC Participant electronically delivers a Consent and ending on the earlier of (i) the Expiration Date and (ii) the date on which the DTC participant validly revokes its Consent.

CONSENTS MUST BE ELECTRONICALLY DELIVERED IN ACCORDANCE WITH DTC’S ATOP PROCEDURES.

An Owner of Notes held through a broker, dealer, commercial bank, custodian or DTC Participant must provide appropriate instructions to such person in order to cause a delivery of Consents through ATOP with respect to such Notes.

Owners desiring to deliver their Consents at or prior to the Expiration Date should note that they must allow sufficient time for completion of the ATOP procedures during the normal business hours of DTC on such respective date. Consents not delivered prior to the Expiration Date will be disregarded and of no effect.

The method of delivery and consent through the ATOP procedures and any other required documents to the Information and Tabulation Agent is at the election and risk of the Owner, and delivery will be deemed made only when made through ATOP in accordance with the procedures described herein.

All questions as to the validity, form, eligibility (including time of receipt) and acceptance and revocations of Consents will be resolved by the Issuer, whose determinations will be binding. The Issuer reserves the absolute right to reject any or all Consents and revocations that are not in proper form or the acceptance of which could, in the opinion of the Issuer or its counsel, be unlawful. The Issuer also reserves the right to waive any irregularities in connection with deliveries of Consents and revocations, which the Issuer may require to be cured within such time as the Issuer determines. None of the Issuer, the Trustee, the Information and Tabulation Agent, the Solicitation Agent, their agents or any person shall have any duty to give notification of any irregularities or waiver, nor shall any of them incur any liability for failure to give such notification. Deliveries of Consents or notices of revocation will not be deemed to have been made until such irregularities have been cured or waived. The Issuer’s interpretation of the terms and conditions of the Consent Solicitation (including this Consent Solicitation Statement and the instructions hereto) will be final and binding on all parties.

No Letter of Transmittal or Consent Form

No consent form or letter of transmittal needs to be executed in relation to the Consent Solicitation or the Consents delivered through DTC. The valid electronic delivery of consents in accordance with DTC’s ATOP procedures shall constitute a written consent to the Consent Solicitation.

Revocation of Consents

A properly delivered Consent received at or prior to the Expiration Date will be given effect in accordance with its terms unless validly revoked at any time prior to (but not after) the earlier of (a) the Effective Date and (b) the Expiration Date. Consents may not be revoked after the earlier of (i) the Effective Date and (ii) the Expiration Date.

Prior to the receipt of the Requisite Consents, however, any Owner may revoke any Consent given as to its Notes or any portion of such Notes (provided that such Owner’s Notes for which it has consented and for which it has
not consented are both in original minimum denominations of $100,000 and integral multiples of $1,000 in excess thereof). Owners who wish to exercise their right of revocation with respect to a Consent must give a properly transmitted “Requested Message” through ATOP, which must be received by the Information and Tabulation Agent at its address set forth on the back cover of this Consent Solicitation and through ATOP, prior to the receipt of the Requisite Consents. In order to be valid, a notice of revocation must specify the Registered Owner in the Book-Entry Transfer Facility whose name appears on the security position listing as the Registered Owner of such Notes and the principal amount of the Notes to be revoked. Validly revoked Consents may be re-delivered by following the procedures described elsewhere in this Consent Solicitation Statement at any time prior to the Expiration Date. Under no circumstances may Consents be revoked after the Requisite Consents have been received (which may occur prior to the Expiration Date), or after the earlier of (i) the Effective Date and (ii) the Expiration Date.

Any notice of revocation received after the Requisite Consents have been received will not be effective, even if received prior to the Expiration Date and even if the Supplemental Indenture has not yet become effective. A Consent to the Supplemental Indenture by an Owner will bind the Owner and every subsequent registered or beneficial owner of Notes or portion of such Notes, even if notation of the Consent is not made on such Notes. A revocation of a Consent to the Supplemental Indenture by an Owner can only be accomplished in accordance with the foregoing procedures.

Consent Fee

Subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, upon the redemption of the Notes within the Redemption Window, the Issuer will promptly pay to D.F. King for payment to each Owner of Notes who has validly delivered (and not validly revoked) a duly executed Consent consenting to the Supplemental Indenture at or prior to the Expiration Date or, if earlier, the Effective Date a fee equal to ___% of the currently outstanding principal of the Notes to which the Consent pertains (the “Consent Fee”). The Consent Fee is in consideration for the work entailed in considering the Consent Solicitation and the Supplemental Indenture.

The Issuer’s payment obligations with respect to the Consent Fee will be discharged by its payment to D.F. King, and under no circumstances will the Issuer be liable for the payment of interest on the Consent Fee or for any delay in D.F. King transmitting payment of the Consent Fee to the Owners entitled thereto or with respect to any period after the date of such payment to D.F. King or for any other reason.

The Issuer will not be obligated to pay the Consent Fee if the Issuer does not receive the Requisite Consents at or prior to the Expiration Date, the Consent Solicitation is terminated for any reason before the Expiration Date, the Conditions to the Consent Solicitation are not satisfied or waived, the Effective Date does not occur or the Notes are not redeemed within the Redemption Window.

Any Owner who does not timely deliver or who validly revokes a valid Consent will not be entitled to receive the Consent Fee in respect thereof, even if the Supplemental Indenture becomes operative and, as a result, becomes binding on all Owners of Notes. See “—Consent Procedures” above.

Conditions to the Consent Solicitation

The execution of the Supplemental Indenture and the payment of the Consent Fee are conditioned on (a) the Requisite Consents being validly delivered prior to the Expiration Date, (b) the delivery of an opinion of Note Counsel to the effect that the Supplemental Indenture was executed in accordance with the Original Indenture, (c) the absence of any action taken or threatened, or any statute, rule, regulation, judgment, order, stay, decree or injunction promulgated, enacted, entered, enforced or deemed applicable to the Consent Solicitation by or before any court or governmental, regulatory or administrative agency or authority or tribunal, domestic or foreign, which (i) challenges the making of the Consent Solicitation or might directly or indirectly prohibit, prevent, restrict or delay consummation of, or otherwise adversely affect in any material manner, the Consent Solicitation or (ii) in the reasonable judgment of the Issuer, could materially adversely affect the business, financial condition, income, operations, properties, assets, liabilities or prospects of the Issuer before and after giving effect to the Consent Solicitation, (d) the absence of any other actual or threatened legal impediment to the Consent Solicitation or any other circumstances that would materially adversely affect the transactions contemplated by the Consent Solicitation or the contemplated benefits of the Consent Solicitation to the Issuer, or (e) in the reasonable judgment of the Issuer, no change, event or occurrence
that could prohibit, prevent, restrict or delay consummation of the Consent Solicitation or make it impractical or
inadvisable to proceed with the Consent Solicitation has occurred or is reasonably expected to occur. Payment of the
Consent Fee is also conditioned on the Notes being redeemed within the Redemption Window.

The foregoing conditions for the Consent Solicitation are collectively referred to as the “Conditions to the
Consent Solicitation.” The foregoing conditions are for the sole benefit of the Issuer and except for receipt of the
Requisite Consents, may be waived with respect to the Consent Solicitation at any time, in whole or in part, in its sole
discretion. Any determination made by the Issuer concerning an event, development or circumstance described or
referred to above will be final and binding. The Issuer in its sole discretion may abandon the Consent Solicitation even
after receipt of Requisite Consents as described elsewhere in this Consent Solicitation Statement.

Effective Date

If the Requisite Consents are received and accepted by the Issuer on or before the Expiration Date, and
assuming that the other Conditions to the Consent Solicitation have been satisfied or waived by the Issuer, the Issuer
shall have the sole discretion to elect to effect the Supplemental Indenture by executing and delivering and causing
the Trustee to execute and deliver the Supplemental Indenture on the date selected by the Issuer in its sole discretion.

Information and Tabulation Agent

D. F. King & Co., Inc. has been appointed Information Agent and Tabulation Agent for the Consent
Solicitation. As Information Agent, D.F. King & Co., Inc. will provide Owners of Notes with information relating to
this Consent Solicitation Statement. As Tabulation Agent, D.F. King & Co., Inc. will be responsible for collecting
and tabulating Consents. D.F. King will provide the Issuer and the Trustee with a report detailing the results of the
Consent Solicitation, on which the Trustee and the Issuer may conclusively rely. D.F. King will also act as agent for
the Owners giving Consents for the purpose of receiving the Consent Fee from the Issuer and then transmitting
payments to such Owners. The Issuer will pay D.F. King customary fees for its services and will reimburse them for
their reasonable out-of-pocket expenses in connection therewith.

Questions and requests for assistance or additional copies of this Consent Solicitation Statement or the
Consent Form may be directed to D.F. King at the address and telephone numbers set forth on the back cover of this
Consent Solicitation Statement. Registered Owners may also contact their broker, dealer, commercial bank, trust
company or other nominee for assistance concerning the Consent Solicitation.

D.F. King assumes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained or
incorporated by reference in this Consent Solicitation Statement or any failure by the Issuer to disclose events that
may have occurred and may affect the significance or accuracy of such information.

The Solicitation Agent

The Issuer has retained RBC Capital Markets, LLC as Solicitation Agent (the “Solicitation Agent”). The
Solicitation Agent will solicit Consents and will receive a customary fee for such services and reimbursement for
reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with such services. [The Issuer has agreed to indemnify
the Solicitation Agent and certain related persons against certain liabilities in connection with the Consent Solicitation. ]

The Solicitation Agent and its affiliates have from time to time provided or may provide certain commercial
banking, financial advisory and investment banking services to the Issuer and its respective affiliates for which they
have received or will receive customary fees, commissions or other remuneration. In the ordinary course of business,
the Solicitation Agent and its affiliates may at any time hold long or short positions, and may trade for their own
account or the accounts of customers, in the debt securities of the Issuer, including the Notes and, to the extent that
the Solicitation Agent or its affiliates is an Owner of Notes, it may deliver Consents pursuant to the terms of this
Consent Solicitation Statement. The Solicitation Agent and its affiliates may from time to time in the future engage in
future transactions with the Issuer or its respective affiliates and provide services to them in the ordinary course of
business, including without limitation the provision of investment banking services and the making of bank loans.
The Solicitation Agent does not assume any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained or incorporated by reference in this Consent Solicitation Statement or any failure by the Issuer to disclose events that may have occurred and may affect the significance or accuracy of such information.

The Trustee

The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., serves as the Trustee with respect to the Original Indenture. The Trustee, other than during the occurrence and continuance of an Event of Default under the Original Indenture, undertakes to perform only those duties that are specifically set forth in the Original Indenture. Except for the contents of this caption, the Trustee has not reviewed or participated in the preparation of this Consent Solicitation Statement and assumes no responsibility for the nature, contents, accuracy or completeness of the information set forth herein, or for the recitals contained in the Original Indenture, the Supplemental Indenture or the Notes, or for the validity, sufficiency or legal effect of any of such documents.

The Trustee has not evaluated any risk, benefits or propriety of this Consent Solicitation Statement, the Consent Solicitation, or the Supplemental Indenture, and makes no representation, and has reached no conclusions, regarding the investment quality of the Notes, about which the Trustee expresses no opinion and expressly disclaims the expertise to evaluate.

Fees and Expenses

The Issuer will bear all the costs of the Consent Solicitation and will reimburse the Trustee for the reasonable and customary expenses that the Trustee incurs in connection with the Consent Solicitation and the execution of the Supplemental Indenture. The Issuer will not pay any fees or commissions to any broker, dealer or other person (other than the Solicitation Agent, the Tabulation Agent, the Trustee and the Information Agent) in connection with the Consent Solicitation.

CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The Proposed Supplemental Indenture. Each of the beneficial owners of the Notes should be aware that the execution of the Supplemental Indenture (which, upon receipt of the Requisite Consents, could cause a redemption of the Notes at a specified price) and/or a related redemption of the Notes may have U.S. federal income tax consequences to such beneficial owner. Beneficial owners of the Notes should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the Consent Solicitation, the Supplemental Indenture, any deemed exchange of Notes (described below), any redemption of Notes, and any related matter.

U.S. federal income tax consequences could result, for example, if the execution of the Supplemental Indenture is deemed to be a significant modification of the Notes under §1.1001-3 of the U.S. Treasury Regulations. A significant modification could be deemed to occur if, based on all facts and circumstances by execution of the Supplemental Indenture, the legal rights or obligations with respect to the Notes are altered to a degree that is economically significant. There is no precise definition of economic significance in this context. However, if the execution of the Supplemental Indenture resulted in an alteration of legal rights or obligations that was economically significant, the current Notes (the “Old Notes”) would be deemed to be exchanged for the Notes subject to the optional redemption feature under the Supplemental Indenture (the “New Notes”). As a result, a beneficial owner of the Notes would realize tax gain or loss upon the deemed exchange equal to the difference between (i) the fair market value of its New Notes and (ii) the adjusted basis in its Old Notes. The Issuer expects that if a deemed exchange is considered to occur before an actual exchange, the time of such deemed exchange would be when the Supplemental Indenture becomes effective, irrespective of whether the New Notes subsequently were called for redemption by the Issuer.

Although not free from doubt, the Issuer intends to take the position for U.S. federal income tax purposes that the execution of the Supplemental Indenture will not result in a significant modification of the Old Notes under the
applicable Treasury Regulations and will not therefore result in a deemed exchange of the Old Notes for the New Notes. No assurance can be given, however, that such position would be sustained if challenged by the Internal Revenue Service (the “IRS”).

With respect to the tax consequences of the Consent Solicitation, the Supplemental Indenture, any deemed exchange of Notes, any redemption of Notes, and any related matter, (i) each beneficial owner of the Notes should understand that the information above is general in nature and does not describe all of the tax consequences that may be relevant to it and (ii) each beneficial owner of the Notes is strongly urged to consult with its own tax advisors.

The Consent Fee. The U.S. federal income tax treatment of the Consent Fee is unclear. The receipt of the Consent Fee by a beneficial owner may be characterized as (1) an additional payment with respect to the Notes or (2) a separate fee (taxable as ordinary income) for considering the Supplemental Indenture, though other treatments of the Consent Fee may be possible. Although the matter is not free from doubt, the Issuer intends to take the position that the Consent Fee is a separate fee for the work entailed in considering the Supplemental Indenture (and not interest income), which would generally be taxable as ordinary income at the time the Consent Fee is received or accrued in accordance with the beneficial owner’s regular method of tax accounting. No assurance can be given, however, that such position would be sustained if challenged by the IRS. Each beneficial owner should consult its own tax advisor as to (i) possible alternative treatments of the Consent Fee and (ii) the impact of the Consent Fee on the beneficial owner’s tax accounting in respect of the Notes.

A beneficial owner may be subject to information reporting and backup withholding when such owner receives the Consent Fee.

MISCELLANEOUS

Some of the statements included in this Consent Solicitation Statement and the documents incorporated by reference may include forward-looking statements within the meaning of federal or state securities laws. These forward-looking statements include statements concerning the Issuer’s plans, objectives, goals, strategies, future events, future revenue or performance, capital expenditures, financing needs, plans or intentions relating to acquisitions, business trends and other information that is not historical information. When used in this Consent Solicitation Statement and the documents incorporated herein by reference, the words “estimates,” “expects,” “anticipates,” “projects,” “plans,” “intends,” “believes,” “forecasts,” or future or conditional verbs, such as “should,” “could” or “may,” and variations of such words or similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, management’s examination of historical operating trends and data, are based upon the Issuer’s current expectations and various assumptions. The Issuer’s expectations, beliefs and projections are expressed in good faith and it believes there is a reasonable basis for them. However, there can be no assurance that management’s expectations, beliefs, and projections will be achieved.

The Consent Solicitation is not being made to, nor will electronically delivered consents be accepted from or on behalf of, Owners in any jurisdiction in which the making of the Consent Solicitation or the acceptance thereof would not be in compliance with the laws of such jurisdiction. However, the Issuer may in its discretion take such action as it may deem necessary to make the Consent Solicitation in any such jurisdiction and extend the Consent Solicitation to Owners in such jurisdiction. In any jurisdiction in which the securities laws or blue sky laws require the Consent Solicitation to be made by a licensed broker or dealer, the Consent Solicitation will be deemed to be made on behalf of the Issuer by the Solicitation Agent, or one or more registered brokers or dealers that are licensed under the laws of such jurisdiction.

The statements contained in this Consent Solicitation Statement are made as of the date hereof, and the delivery of this Consent Solicitation Statement and the accompanying materials will not, under any circumstances, create any implication that the information contained herein is correct at any time subsequent to the date hereof.

Recipients of this Consent Solicitation Statement are not to construe the contents of this Consent Solicitation Statement as legal, business or tax advice. Each recipient should consult its own attorney, business advisor and tax advisor as to legal, business, tax and related matters concerning this Consent Solicitation.
 Owners are requested to read and consider carefully the information contained in this Consent Solicitation Statement and, if determined to be desirable, to give their Consent to the Supplemental Indenture by delivering their consents through DTC’s ATOP procedures described herein. Neither the Issuer, the Trustee, the Information and Tabulation Agent or the Solicitation Agent makes any recommendation as to whether or not the Owners should provide Consents to the Supplemental Indenture.
FORM OF SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE ISSUER, ELIGIBLE LOANS AND THE NOTES

The Issuer

The Issuer was formed in 1969 as the governing body of the Utah System of Higher Education pursuant to Chapter 1, Title 53B, Utah Code Annotated, 1953, as amended, and operates under the laws of the State.

The 2020 State Legislature passed S.B.111 which amended and enacted changes to the governance of the State system of higher education and changed the name of the Board to the “Utah Board of Higher Education,” effective July 1, 2020. Under S.B.111, the Governor of the State (“Governor”) was required by May 12, 2020, to appoint, with the advice and consent of the Senate, individuals to the Board (six who at that time were then serving as members of the State Board of Regents and six who at that time were then serving as members of the Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees) to ensure that beginning July 1, 2020 the Board consisted of 18 members, including two student members. With the exception of the student members, the Governor is directed to appoint individuals to either a two-year, four-year, or six-year term to ensure that one-third of the members complete the members’ terms on June 30 of each even-numbered year.

The Issuer oversees the establishment of policies and procedures, executive appointments, master planning, budget and finance, and proposals for legislation, develops governmental relationships, and performs administrative unit and program approval for higher education for the State. The Utah System of Higher Education includes two Doctorate-granting Universities, three Master’s Colleges and Universities, one Baccalaureate College and University, two Comprehensive Community or Associate’s Colleges, and eight Technical Colleges.

Authorization for Consent Solicitation

At its July 16, 2021 meeting, the Issuer adopted a resolution authorizing the Consent Solicitation for the purpose of amending the Original Indenture.

LIBOR Developments

The Notes bear interest at a variable rate that is periodically adjusted as a function of the London Interbank Offered Rate (“LIBOR”) for one-month deposits in United States dollars (“One-Month LIBOR”). The Eligible Loans that secure the Notes are also effectively variable rate instruments due to their eligibility for special allowance payments in accordance with the federal Higher Education Act (“HEA” and “Special Allowance Payments”). Such Special Allowance Payments are also periodically adjusted, for approximately ____% of the Eligible Loans, as a function of One-Month LIBOR.

On July 27, 2017, the U.K. Financial Conduct Authority (the “FCA”), which currently is the governmental regulator that supervises the periodic setting of LIBOR, stated its intention that it would no longer be necessary for it to use its influence or legal powers to persuade or compel panel banks to participate in such rate-setting by submitting indicative rate quotes after 2021. The Federal Reserve Bank of New York (the “New York Federal Reserve Bank”) has acted as the lead United States regulator responsible for coordinating efforts to prepare for the anticipated resulting phase-out of broad capital market reliance upon LIBOR and has convened an Alternative Reference Rate Committee (the “ARRC”) to facilitate the participation of other public and private capital market participants in these efforts. The New York Federal Reserve Bank has posted certain information concerning its and the ARRC’s LIBOR-related work at www.newyorkfed.org/arrc. On March 27, 2020, the ARRC released a Consultation Regarding More Robust LIBOR Fallback Language for New Variable Rate Private Student Loans (the “March 27, 2020 Consultation”). On May 27, 2020, the ARRC released “ARRC Recommended Best Practices for Completing the Transition From LIBOR”, which includes date based recommendations for cessation of new issues or remarketing of instruments utilizing LIBOR as a primary reference rate.

The March 27, 2020 Consultation does not address Special Allowance Payments applicable to Federal Family Education Loan Program (FFELP) Loans. Applicable provisions of the HEA do not currently expressly address the
effect upon Special Allowance Payment rate-setting of a cessation of One-Month LIBOR rate-setting or of other consequences of reduced capital market reliance on LIBOR. No assurance can be had as to whether such provisions of the HEA may be amended or, if they are amended, as to either the timing or the effect of such amendment.

On December 4, 2020, ICE Benchmark Administration, the benchmark administrator for LIBOR (“IBA”) announced a detailed plan for the discontinuation of LIBOR and adoption of the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (“SOFR”), specifying that it would consult with the industry on their plan to: (i) discontinue the publication of 1-week USD LIBOR and 2-month USD LIBOR after December 31, 2021; and (ii) discontinue the publication of all other USD LIBOR tenors, including the 1-month tenor that is the reference rate for both the Notes and the calculation of Special Allowance Payments with respect to the Financed Eligible Loans that secure the Notes, after June 30, 2023. On March 5, 2021 the FCA confirmed the aforementioned plan for the cessation of all USD LIBOR tenors, and announced that such date also constituted the “Spread Fixing Event”, pursuant to which fallback spreads to daily compounded SOFR were determined. Pursuant to spreads established in connection with the Spread Fixing Event, the reference rate for instruments that currently reference USD 1-month LIBOR and include LIBOR fallback language, such as that recommended by the ARRC, would reference 30-day compounded SOFR, plus a fixed spread of 0.11448%, after June 30, 2023.

The Original Indenture, which did not contemplate the permanent cessation of LIBOR, provides that if LIBOR is unavailable with respect to any interest accrual period for the Notes, the LIBOR in effect for such interest accrual period will be the LIBOR in effect for the prior interest accrual period.

It is possible that events relating to LIBOR may result in one or more of: (i) additional basis risk between the effective rate of interest on Notes and the effective yield on the Eligible Loans; (ii) increased volatility in the effective yield on one or both of the Notes and the Eligible Loans; and (iii) one or both of the Notes and the Eligible Loans bearing interest at a rate that is effectively a fixed rate as a result of the unavailability of a continued series of published LIBOR rates or at a variable rate that is not fully representative of contemporaneous rates in the applicable variable rate market.

COVID-19 Pandemic [to be updated by the Board]

On January 31, 2020, the United States Department of Health and Human Services Secretary declared a public health emergency in response to the spread of the novel coronavirus (“COVID-19” and the “COVID-19 Emergency”). On March 13, 2020, the President of the United States declared a national emergency beginning March 1, 2020. The Issuer has advised its loan borrowers that it or the Department of Education have adopted a number of temporary relief measures, including:

(i) disaster forbearance allowing a borrower facing financial hardship to suspend interest and principal payments for up to 90 days;

(ii) suspension of new collection lawsuit filings;

(iii) availability of reduced monthly payments for certain requesting FFELP borrowers; and

(iv) reduction of non-negotiable funds fees and suspension of late fees.

These temporary relief measures apply to Eligible Loans included in the Trust Estate securing the Notes. Forbearance usage rates by principal amount of Eligible Loans in forbearance as a percentage of all Eligible Loans was approximately as shown in the table below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month</th>
<th>Forbearance Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>January 31, 2020</td>
<td>8.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>February 29, 2020</td>
<td>7.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 31, 2020</td>
<td>11.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 30, 2020</td>
<td>15.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May 31, 2020</td>
<td>26.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Issuer reserves the right to adopt additional relief measures in response to the COVID-19 Pandemic.

During the first few weeks following the issuance of the national emergency declaration referred to above, the Issuer and the Utah Higher Education Assistance Agency successfully increased the percentage of operations performed in a remote or “work at home” manner utilizing full system interfaces. Since that time, approximately 80% of staff have been working remotely, with plans to return select staff gradually to on-site work contingent on the developing status of the COVID-19 Pandemic.

The Federal CARES Acts. The United States Congress has enacted several COVID-19-related bills, including the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, signed into law on March 27, 2020, the Paycheck Protection and Health Care Enhancement Act, signed into law on April 24, 2020 and the Student Veteran Coronavirus Response Act, signed into law on April 28, 2020 (collectively, the “CARES Acts”), that authorize numerous measures in response to the economic effects of the COVID-19 Pandemic. Such measures include, but are not limited to: direct financial aid to American families; temporary relief from certain federal tax requirements; the scheduled payment of federally owned education loans, including federally owned FFELP Loans and loans originated under the Federal Direct Student Loan Program, and from certain other federal higher education aid requirements; temporary relief for borrowers with federally-related mortgage loans; payroll and operating expense support for small businesses and nonprofit entities; federal funding of higher education institutions’ emergency aid to students and operations and support for the capital markets loan assistance for distressed industries; and capital market support.

The CARES Acts also authorize the United States Department of the Treasury (the “Treasury”) to provide up to approximately $450 billion in loans, loan guarantees and other investments to support programs and facilities established by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (the “Federal Reserve”) that are intended to provide liquidity to the financial system and facilitate lending to eligible businesses and to States, political subdivisions and instrumentalities. Such injection of liquidity follows actions by the Federal Reserve, including the purchase of Treasury securities and mortgage-backed securities, facilitating the flow of credit to municipalities by expanding its Money Market Mutual Fund Liquidity Facility to include a wider range of securities, including certain municipal variable rate demand bonds, and facilitating the flow of credit to municipalities by expanding its Commercial Paper Funding Facility to include high-quality, tax-exempt commercial paper as eligible securities. No assurance can be given that such liquidity assistance from the federal government will assure that a secondary market exists for any of the Issuer’s obligations, including the Notes, or the availability to the Issuer of adequate liquidity to fully fund its program needs at any particular time.

The Proposed Federal Heroes Act. On May 15, 2020, the United States House of Representatives approved the Health and Economic Recovery Omnibus Emergency Solutions Act (the “Heroes Act”). As so approved, the Heroes Act includes provisions that would directly affect the payment performance of privately held portfolios of FFELP Loans, such as the Eligible Loans, and of other post-secondary education loans, such as the Eligible Loans, and numerous other provisions that might indirectly affect such performance and the administrative and servicing costs and revenues associated with such post-secondary education loans.

With respect to privately held FFELP Loan, such as the Eligible Loans, such directly applicable provisions include: (i) suspended borrower payment obligations during a period beginning on March 13, 2020 and ending on September 30, 2021; (ii) federal payment to holders of reasonable compensation for their resulting losses; (iii) federal payment of interest that would otherwise be payable by the borrower during a period beginning on March 13, 2020 and ending on the later of (x) September 30, 2021 or (y) the date of satisfaction of certain reduced unemployment tests; (iv) federal prepayment in amounts equivalent to interest payments that were made by borrowers during the period beginning on March 13, 2020 and ending on the date of enactment; and (v) additional federal prepayment of up to $10,000 with respect to such loans whose borrowers, as of March 12, 2020, were economically distressed on the basis of FFELP Loan default, delinquency, forbearance or deferral status or of having a monthly payment amount of $0.00 pursuant to a FFELP income-contingent payment plan. If the Heroes Act were to become law, such provisions might apply to Eligible Loans and to other FFELP Loans that are owned or serviced by the Issuer or are guaranteed or otherwise administered by the Utah Higher Education Assistance Authority.
With respect to other privately held loans that (a) were made expressly to fund post-secondary educational expenses, (b) were neither made under either Title IV of the federal Higher Education Act or an open-ended consumer credit plan nor secured by real property, and (c) whose borrowers, as of March 12, 2020, were economically distressed on the basis of post-secondary educational expense loan default, delinquency, forbearance or deferment status or on the basis that the borrower’s income would have qualified the borrower for a monthly payment due of $0.00 pursuant to certain HEA income-contingent repayment plans if such a plan were applicable to her or his loan, such directly applicable provisions include: (i) federal payment of the total scheduled amount due on such loans from the date of enactment through September 30, 2021, up to $10,000 per borrower; (ii) federal prepayment by December 29, 2020 of the then outstanding principal amount of such loans, up to the difference between $10,000 and the amount of prior federal payments made on behalf of the borrower as described in clause (i) of this sentence; (iii) requirements that borrowers be granted forbearance with respect to any delinquent amounts, and cessation of all payment requirements with respect to any additional amounts, that would otherwise be due on such loans during such period; (iv) a prohibition upon capitalization of interest, involuntary collection activity and furnishing adverse credit information with respect to such loans that are in repayment during such period (which period shall not toll any applicable state statute of limitations); and (v) a requirement that such loans be modified to provide for the same repayment plan and forgiveness terms that were available to Federal Direct Student Loan Program borrowers under the Revised Pay As You Earn repayment plan as provided on January 1, 2020 by Section 685.209(c) of Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations. If the Heroes Act were to become law such provisions might apply to post-secondary educational expense loans, other than FFELP Loans, that are owned or serviced by the Issuer.

The Amended Heroes Act. On October 1, 2020, the United States House of Representatives passed an updated version of the Heroes Act (the “Amended Heroes Act”) which would amend the CARES Act to define “federal student loan” to include commercially held FFELP loans such as the Financed Eligible Loans, and require the Secretary of Education to pay the amount of interest due on the unpaid principal to the holders of commercially held FFELP loans on a monthly basis. The Amended Heroes Act would also amend the CARES Act to extend suspension of principal payments, no interest accrual and other benefits for FFELP student loan borrowers through September 30, 2021. It also would allow FFELP student loan borrowers repaying under an income driven repayment plan to not recertify their income or family size until after December 31, 2021.

There can be no assurance as to whether the Heroes Act or the Amended Heroes Act will become law or, if any becomes law, as to the nature of any changes to its current provisions or as to the timing of its enactment or implementation.

Administrative Actions and Extensions. On August 8, 2020, President Trump issued a publicly available Memorandum on Continued Student Loan Payment Relief During the COVID 19 Pandemic (the “Presidential Extension of Student Loan Payment Relief Memorandum”), which ordered the Department of Education to take action pursuant to applicable law to continue the suspension of federal student loan payments and interest accruals on student loans held by the Department of Education until December 31, 2020. On August 21, 2020, the Department of Education announced that it had fully implemented the Presidential Extension of Student Loan Payment Relief Memorandum through December 31, 2020. On December 4, 2020 Education Secretary Betsy DeVos extended the suspension of loan payments and interest accrual provisions on federally owned student loans through January 31, 2021.

Through executive order, President Biden and the acting Secretary of the US Department of Education have extended the suspension of principal and interest payments on federal direct loans until September 30, 2021.

These administrative actions do not apply to the Financed Eligible Loans. However, legislation has been discussed and introduced during 2020 and again in 2021 to extend these benefits to loans such as the Financed Eligible Loans. In addition, there are currently other federal legislative proposals that would provide borrower relief with respect to privately held FFELP loans, such as the Financed Eligible Loans. Due to uncertainties regarding, among other things, the duration of the COVID 19 Pandemic and any new legislation, regulations, guidance, or widely accepted practices with respect to relief to loan borrowers, the Issuer is not able to estimate the ultimate impact that debt relief measures will have on its operations or the Financed Eligible Loans.

Uncertainty of Future Impacts. As of the date hereof, the Issuer is not aware of federal or state consumer lending law changes in response to the COVID-19 Pandemic that it expects to materially and adversely affect the
operation of its loan program. The Issuer notes that recent guidance provided by the US Department of Education strongly encourages FFELP lenders to continue to apply administrative forbearances and encourages FFELP guarantors to take all reasonable measures to further such forbearances, for the duration of the COVID-19 national emergency. Any further COVID-19 Pandemic relief measures that may be required by law or voluntarily implemented by the Issuer and that are applicable to Eligible Loans would be expected to result in a delay in the receipt of, or in a reduction of, the revenues received from the Eligible Loans. The Issuer cannot accurately predict the number of Eligible Loan borrowers that would utilize any benefit program that requires borrower action. The greater the number of borrowers that utilize any relief measures, the lower the total current loan receipts on Eligible Loans. If actual receipt of Eligible Loans Revenues or actual Eligible Loan administrative expenditures were to vary materially from those projected, the ability of the Trust Estate to provide sufficient revenues to fund interest and administrative costs and to amortize the Notes might be adversely affected.

The full impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic, and of directly and indirectly related developments, on the Issuer’s finances and operations, on the performance of FFELP Loans, including Eligible Loans constituting security for Notes, and on the security, market value and liquidity of Notes cannot be predicted at this time. It is not currently possible to project with certainty the nature, degree and duration of economic and legal changes that may result from the COVID-19 Pandemic. The COVID-19 Pandemic could adversely affect global, national, regional or local economies in a manner that might reduce the ability of certain Eligible Loan borrowers to make full and timely loan repayment. The number and aggregate principal balance of Eligible Loans for which repayment may be so affected by the COVID-19 Pandemic is not known at this time, but may be significant. As a result, there may be a delay in, or reduction of, total Eligible Loan collections that might materially and adversely affect the ability of the Trust Estate to provide sufficient Revenues to fund interest and administrative costs and to amortize the Notes, as initially projected or as projected herein. Further federal legislative or administrative action could result in an increase in the percentage of incidence of on-time payments of Eligible Loan or of prepayments of Eligible Loans. There can be no assurance, however, that such further federal action will occur, or as to the number or aggregate principal balance of Eligible Loans that might be so affected. The Issuer is monitoring and assessing the economic and legal impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic and of governmental responses thereto, including orders, laws, regulations and mandates adopted by the State of Utah or the federal government, on its operations and financial position.

[Certain Recent Rating Agency Statements]

[revise this to reflect FITCH downgrade on August 27, 2020 and June 4, 2019 upgrade and any other action] On May 5, 2020, Fitch Ratings released a Comment announcing that it had placed numerous tranches of FFELP securities on “Rating Watch Negative” status and revised the “Rating Watch Outlook” of other tranches from “Negative” to “Stable.” The Comment stated that these actions reflect the impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic and containment measures on borrowers, which Fitch Ratings expects to result in increased enrollment in forbearance and income-based repayment and in existing income-based repayment borrowers reducing payments to reflect reduced income. The Comment also stated that “Although the full impact is not fully developed at this time, these trends will further slow loan payment rates and increase the risk of not paying in full prior to legal final maturity dates” and that its continuing evaluation of FFELP transaction performance information may result in further “Rating Watch Outlook” revisions to “Negative” or other negative rating actions in the months ahead. The Notes are rated by Fitch Ratings and by S&P Global Ratings. The Issuer cannot accurately predict whether S&P will take any similar actions or what the outcome may be. ]

Continuing Disclosure

The Issuer may, but does not hereby undertake to, provide periodic disclosures of developments with respect to the above matters to the extent that the Issuer considers such developments to be potentially material to holders of its debt obligations, by posting such disclosures on EMMA. Any such disclosures that are not made as part of annual financial information or material event filings that are required under continuing disclosure agreements that the Issuer has entered into for purposes of Rule 15c2-12 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 would be voluntary filings. As such, the Issuer is not committing to posting such disclosures and, if any such voluntary filings are posted, does not thereby commit to posting any additional voluntary disclosures.
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION RELATIVE TO THE NOTES AND THE ELIGIBLE LOANS
[THIS IS OLD INFO AND WILL BE UPDATED WHEN THE NEW INFO IS AVAILABLE]
(as of June 30, 2020)

The projections contained in the remaining portion of this ANNEX II were prepared by the Solicitation Agent on the basis of data that was provided by the Issuer concerning the Eligible Loans and of assumptions that included those set forth below. The projections are included herein for illustrative purposes only, and no representation is made by the Issuer or by the Solicitation Agent that the actual performance of the Eligible Loans will conform to these assumptions, that the actual rates, fees and time periods included in these assumptions will conform to them or that the actual Note principal payment rates will conform to any of these projections. The Issuer has not undertaken to update, and does not intend to make available information updating, the assumptions or the projections contained in this ANNEX II. The percentages set forth in the tables below may not always add to 100% due to rounding.

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CHARACTERISTICS OF THE ELIGIBLE LOANS

Utah Board of Higher Education (formerly State Board of Regents)
1993 Indenture
Loan Characteristics as of June 30, 2020

Summary of Composition of the Eligible Loan Portfolio

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Current Balance</td>
<td>$341,972,035</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued Interest to be Capitalized</td>
<td>$2,527,112</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Number of Loans</td>
<td>40,607</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current Weighted Average Gross Borrower Rate</td>
<td>4.58%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current Weighted Average Rate Reduction</td>
<td>1.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current Weighted Average Net Borrower Rate</td>
<td>3.58%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weighted Average Remaining Term</td>
<td>161.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Number of Accounts</td>
<td>19,107</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Balance per Borrower</td>
<td>$17,898</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Balance per Loan</td>
<td>$8,422</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weighted Average SAP Margin in Repayment</td>
<td>2.63%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Includes interest accruing in Disaster Forbearance status.

Distribution of Eligible Loans by Loan Program Type

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Loan Program</th>
<th>Current Balance</th>
<th>% Total Balance</th>
<th>Number of Loans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stafford Unsubsidized</td>
<td>$14,268,028</td>
<td>4.2%</td>
<td>4,520</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stafford Subsidized</td>
<td>22,257,124</td>
<td>6.5</td>
<td>10,041</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consolidation Unsubsidized</td>
<td>160,995,184</td>
<td>47.1</td>
<td>12,202</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consolidation Subsidized</td>
<td>143,991,185</td>
<td>42.1</td>
<td>13,764</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLUS and Grad Plus</td>
<td>274,220</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SLS</td>
<td>186,294</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>$341,972,035</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>40,607</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Distribution of Eligible Loans by Loan Status

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Loan Status</th>
<th>Current Balance</th>
<th>% Total Balance</th>
<th>Number of Loans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>School</td>
<td>$76,042</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grace</td>
<td>3,820</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferment</td>
<td>10,641,558</td>
<td>3.1</td>
<td>1,780</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forbearance (Non-Covid)</td>
<td>12,692,172</td>
<td>3.7</td>
<td>1,243</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forbearance (Covid)</td>
<td>75,978,297</td>
<td>22.2</td>
<td>8,578</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repayment</td>
<td>241,998,339</td>
<td>70.8</td>
<td>28,939</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Claim</td>
<td>581,807</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>$341,972,035</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>40,607</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Less than 0.05%, but greater than 0.00%.
Distribution of Eligible Loans by Scheduled Months Remaining

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Remaining Term(1)</th>
<th>Current Balance</th>
<th>% Total Balance</th>
<th>Number of Loans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 24</td>
<td>$3,038,703</td>
<td>0.9%</td>
<td>4,171</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 to 36</td>
<td>4,643,911</td>
<td>1.4</td>
<td>2,593</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37 to 48</td>
<td>6,589,896</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>2,594</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49 to 60</td>
<td>8,980,975</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>2,818</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61 to 72</td>
<td>11,533,806</td>
<td>3.4</td>
<td>2,929</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73 to 84</td>
<td>13,332,678</td>
<td>3.9</td>
<td>2,689</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85 to 96</td>
<td>13,675,768</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>2,380</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>97 to 108</td>
<td>16,189,143</td>
<td>4.7</td>
<td>2,509</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>109 to 120</td>
<td>16,758,928</td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td>2,276</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>121 to 132</td>
<td>21,699,405</td>
<td>6.3</td>
<td>2,323</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>133 to 144</td>
<td>26,189,667</td>
<td>7.7</td>
<td>2,413</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>145 to 156</td>
<td>23,625,665</td>
<td>6.9</td>
<td>2,079</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>157 to 168</td>
<td>22,784,714</td>
<td>6.7</td>
<td>1,823</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>169 to 180</td>
<td>23,239,073</td>
<td>6.8</td>
<td>1,624</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>181 to 192</td>
<td>28,192,934</td>
<td>8.2</td>
<td>1,601</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>193 to 220</td>
<td>43,234,976</td>
<td>12.6</td>
<td>1,983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>221 to 260</td>
<td>34,224,463</td>
<td>10.0</td>
<td>1,128</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>261 to 300</td>
<td>13,427,561</td>
<td>3.9</td>
<td>422</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 300</td>
<td>10,609,768</td>
<td>3.1</td>
<td>252</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>$341,972,035</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>40,607</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Excludes current period of deferment or forbearance.

Distribution of Eligible Loans by SAP Interest Rate Index

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SAP Interest Rate Index</th>
<th>Current Balance</th>
<th>% Total Balance</th>
<th>Number of Loans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One-Month LIBOR Index</td>
<td>$316,558,640</td>
<td>92.6%</td>
<td>37,309</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91-day Treasury Index</td>
<td>25,413,395</td>
<td>7.4</td>
<td>3,298</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>$341,972,035</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>40,607</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Distribution of Eligible Loans by Borrower Interest Rate

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Borrower Interest Rate</th>
<th>Current Balance</th>
<th>% Total Balance</th>
<th>Number of Loans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 3.00%</td>
<td>$61,538,734</td>
<td>18.0%</td>
<td>5,682</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.00% to 3.49%</td>
<td>55,839,841</td>
<td>16.3</td>
<td>4,465</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.50% to 3.99%</td>
<td>36,563,651</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>3,413</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.00% to 4.49%</td>
<td>26,898,595</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>2,892</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.50% to 4.99%</td>
<td>59,445,955</td>
<td>17.4</td>
<td>13,911</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.00% to 5.99%</td>
<td>31,576,897</td>
<td>9.2</td>
<td>4,019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.00% to 6.99%</td>
<td>30,809,078</td>
<td>9.0</td>
<td>4,206</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.00% to 7.99%</td>
<td>18,040,953</td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>1,274</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than 7.999%</td>
<td>21,258,331</td>
<td>6.2</td>
<td>745</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>$341,972,035</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>40,607</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Distribution of Eligible Loans by Range of Days Delinquent

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Delinquency</th>
<th>Current Balance</th>
<th>% Total Balance</th>
<th>Number of Loans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not in Repayment</td>
<td>$99,973,696</td>
<td>29.2%</td>
<td>11,668</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0-30 days</td>
<td>239,574,252</td>
<td>70.1%</td>
<td>28,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31-60 days</td>
<td>777,319</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61-90 days</td>
<td>439,460</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91-120 days</td>
<td>171,928</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>121-150 days</td>
<td>31,206</td>
<td>0.0% (1)</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>151-180 days</td>
<td>300,199</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>181 days and above</td>
<td>703,975</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Totals</strong></td>
<td><strong>$341,972,035</strong></td>
<td><strong>100.0%</strong></td>
<td><strong>40,607</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Less than 0.05%, but greater than 0.00%.

## Distribution of Eligible Loans by School Type

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School Type</th>
<th>Current Balance</th>
<th>% Total Balance</th>
<th>Number of Loans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4-Year and Graduate</td>
<td>$296,454,776</td>
<td>86.7%</td>
<td>32,543</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Year</td>
<td>21,467,772</td>
<td>6.3%</td>
<td>4,415</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proprietary</td>
<td>13,328,941</td>
<td>3.9%</td>
<td>2,940</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other/Unknown</td>
<td>10,720,546</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
<td>709</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Totals</strong></td>
<td><strong>$341,972,035</strong></td>
<td><strong>100.0%</strong></td>
<td><strong>40,607</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Distribution of Eligible Loans by Guaranty Level

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Guarantee Percentage</th>
<th>Current Balance</th>
<th>% Total Balance</th>
<th>Number of Loans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>97%</td>
<td>$59,938,096</td>
<td>17.5%</td>
<td>7,654</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>98%</td>
<td>280,148,152</td>
<td>81.9%</td>
<td>32,662</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100%</td>
<td>1,885,786</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>291</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Totals</strong></td>
<td><strong>$341,972,035</strong></td>
<td><strong>100.0%</strong></td>
<td><strong>40,607</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Distribution of Eligible Loans by Range of Date of Disbursement

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Origination Date</th>
<th>Current Balance</th>
<th>% Total Balance</th>
<th>Number of Loans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>On or After October 1, 2007</td>
<td>$11,723,915</td>
<td>3.4%</td>
<td>1,509</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 1, 2006 - September 30, 2007</td>
<td>62,630,897</td>
<td>18.3%</td>
<td>7,807</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Before April 1, 2006</td>
<td>267,617,223</td>
<td>78.3%</td>
<td>31,291</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Totals</strong></td>
<td><strong>$341,972,035</strong></td>
<td><strong>100.0%</strong></td>
<td><strong>40,607</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Distribution of Eligible Loans by Outstanding Principal Balance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Current Loan Balance</th>
<th>Current Balance</th>
<th>% Total Balance</th>
<th>Number of Loans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$2,000 or less</td>
<td>$12,339,362</td>
<td>3.6%</td>
<td>13,030</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$2,000.01 to $4,000</td>
<td>24,747,231</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
<td>8,474</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$4,000.01 to $6,000</td>
<td>23,328,435</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
<td>4,750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$6,000.01 to $8,000</td>
<td>21,887,476</td>
<td>2.6%</td>
<td>3,167</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$8,000.01 to $10,000</td>
<td>17,710,824</td>
<td>5.2%</td>
<td>1,982</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$10,000.01 to $15,000</td>
<td>37,743,277</td>
<td>11.0%</td>
<td>3,086</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$15,000.01 to $20,000</td>
<td>31,793,078</td>
<td>9.3%</td>
<td>1,837</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$20,000.01 to $25,000</td>
<td>28,069,002</td>
<td>8.2%</td>
<td>1,254</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$25,000.01 to $30,000</td>
<td>21,373,955</td>
<td>6.2%</td>
<td>778</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$30,000.01 to $40,000</td>
<td>30,024,549</td>
<td>8.8%</td>
<td>875</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$40,000.01 to $50,000</td>
<td>19,889,924</td>
<td>5.8%</td>
<td>448</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$50,000.01 to $60,000</td>
<td>14,546,937</td>
<td>4.3%</td>
<td>267</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$60,000.01 to $70,000</td>
<td>12,741,026</td>
<td>3.7%</td>
<td>197</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$70,000.01 to $80,000</td>
<td>12,022,776</td>
<td>3.5%</td>
<td>162</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$80,000.01 or more</td>
<td>33,790,181</td>
<td>9.9%</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Totals</strong></td>
<td><strong>$341,972,035</strong></td>
<td><strong>100.0%</strong></td>
<td><strong>40,607</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Distribution of Eligible Loans by Geographic Location

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Current Balance</th>
<th>% Total Balance</th>
<th>Number of Loans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alabama</td>
<td>$457,122</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alaska</td>
<td>1,098,289</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>141</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arizona</td>
<td>11,603,496</td>
<td>3.4%</td>
<td>1,352</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arkansas</td>
<td>852,915</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>21,606,134</td>
<td>6.3%</td>
<td>2,247</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorado</td>
<td>7,795,214</td>
<td>2.3%</td>
<td>847</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connecticut</td>
<td>876,569</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delaware</td>
<td>107,281</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District of Columbia</td>
<td>312,359</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida</td>
<td>5,182,715</td>
<td>1.5%</td>
<td>515</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Georgia</td>
<td>2,362,899</td>
<td>0.7%</td>
<td>226</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>1,659,146</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>163</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Idaho</td>
<td>17,302,318</td>
<td>5.1%</td>
<td>1,990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illinois</td>
<td>3,863,237</td>
<td>1.1%</td>
<td>315</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indiana</td>
<td>1,148,057</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>109</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iowa</td>
<td>3,561,500</td>
<td>1.0%</td>
<td>358</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas</td>
<td>1,595,146</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>154</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kentucky</td>
<td>913,857</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Louisiana</td>
<td>262,952</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maine</td>
<td>457,431</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maryland</td>
<td>2,039,114</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>211</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Massachusetts</td>
<td>1,965,675</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>183</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Michigan</td>
<td>2,290,403</td>
<td>0.7%</td>
<td>208</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minnesota</td>
<td>3,561,806</td>
<td>1.0%</td>
<td>257</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mississippi</td>
<td>425,482</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Missouri</td>
<td>2,673,178</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
<td>241</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montana</td>
<td>2,773,283</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
<td>215</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nebraska</td>
<td>811,687</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nevada</td>
<td>6,213,403</td>
<td>1.8%</td>
<td>780</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Hampshire</td>
<td>1,033,616</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Jersey</td>
<td>1,035,814</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Mexico</td>
<td>1,815,086</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>219</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York</td>
<td>4,161,561</td>
<td>1.2%</td>
<td>387</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location</td>
<td>Current Balance</td>
<td>% Total Balance</td>
<td>Number of Loans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Carolina</td>
<td>3,310,385</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>326</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Dakota</td>
<td>598,336</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ohio</td>
<td>2,962,358</td>
<td>0.9</td>
<td>267</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oklahoma</td>
<td>818,913</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oregon</td>
<td>6,484,401</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pennsylvania</td>
<td>3,697,814</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>274</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Puerto Rico</td>
<td>12,994</td>
<td>0.0(1)</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rhode Island</td>
<td>286,256</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Carolina</td>
<td>1,183,594</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Dakota</td>
<td>646,311</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennessee</td>
<td>1,690,464</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>205</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>10,008,650</td>
<td>2.9</td>
<td>1,364</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah</td>
<td>171,990,675</td>
<td>50.3</td>
<td>22,640</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vermont</td>
<td>434,386</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virginia</td>
<td>4,081,606</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>449</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>12,504,487</td>
<td>3.7</td>
<td>1,324</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Virginia</td>
<td>268,769</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wisconsin</td>
<td>3,581,431</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wyoming</td>
<td>2,023,950</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>301</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Samoa</td>
<td>164,488</td>
<td>0.0(1)</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guam</td>
<td>107,752</td>
<td>0.0(1)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virgin Islands</td>
<td>91,682</td>
<td>0.0(1)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armed Forces</td>
<td>193,478</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armed Forces Americas</td>
<td>1,010</td>
<td>0.0(1)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armed Forces Pacific</td>
<td>75,481</td>
<td>0.0(1)</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>933,623</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>113</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Totals</strong></td>
<td><strong>$341,972,035</strong></td>
<td><strong>100.0%</strong></td>
<td><strong>40,607</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Less than 0.05%, but greater than 0.00%.

### Distribution of Eligible Loans by Months Since Conversion to Repayment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Months Since Conversion to Repayment</th>
<th>Current Balance</th>
<th>% Total Balance</th>
<th>Number of Loans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not in Repayment</td>
<td>$79,862</td>
<td>0.0%(1)</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 to 96 months</td>
<td>2,057,508</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>812</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>97 to 108 months</td>
<td>1,183,706</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>429</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>109 to 120 months</td>
<td>1,840,635</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>710</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>121 to 132 months</td>
<td>2,003,187</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>638</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>133 to 144 months</td>
<td>6,159,583</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>1,590</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>145 to 156 months</td>
<td>16,018,778</td>
<td>4.7</td>
<td>2,519</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>157 to 168 months</td>
<td>47,963,829</td>
<td>14.0</td>
<td>6,127</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>169 to 180 months</td>
<td>109,223,514</td>
<td>31.9</td>
<td>9,759</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>181 to 192 months</td>
<td>58,107,264</td>
<td>17.0</td>
<td>6,595</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>193 to 204 months</td>
<td>29,487,473</td>
<td>8.6</td>
<td>4,008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>205 to 216 months</td>
<td>21,680,892</td>
<td>6.3</td>
<td>2,742</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>217 to 228 months</td>
<td>12,090,724</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>1,338</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>229 to 240 months</td>
<td>7,902,273</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>831</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than 240 months</td>
<td>26,172,806</td>
<td>7.7</td>
<td>2,478</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Totals</strong></td>
<td><strong>$341,972,035</strong></td>
<td><strong>100.0%</strong></td>
<td><strong>40,607</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Less than 0.05%, but greater than 0.00%.
## Distribution of Eligible Loans by Rehabilitation Status

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rehabilitation</th>
<th>Current Balance</th>
<th>% Total Balance</th>
<th>Number of Loans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not Rehabilitated</td>
<td>$324,207,177</td>
<td>94.8%</td>
<td>37,538</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rehabilitated</td>
<td>17,764,858</td>
<td>5.2%</td>
<td>3,069</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>$341,972,035</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>40,607</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Distribution of Eligible Loans by Income-Based Repayment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Current Repayment Schedule</th>
<th>Current Balance</th>
<th>% Total Balance</th>
<th>Number of Loans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current Income-Based Repayment Plan - Partial</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payment</td>
<td>$52,038,539</td>
<td>15.2%</td>
<td>5,156</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Former Income-Based Repayment Plan - Standard</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payment</td>
<td>15,215,011</td>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>2,948</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Income Based Repayment</td>
<td>274,718,485</td>
<td>80.3</td>
<td>32,503</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>$341,972,035</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>40,607</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Distribution of Eligible Loans by Rate Reduction Type – ACH Payment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACH Rate Reduction</th>
<th>Current Balance</th>
<th>% Total Balance</th>
<th>Number of Loans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Currently Receiving 0.25%</td>
<td>$1,488,846</td>
<td>0.4%</td>
<td>171</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currently Receiving 0.50%</td>
<td>24,687,155</td>
<td>7.2</td>
<td>3,076</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currently Receiving 1.25%</td>
<td>143,767,804</td>
<td>42.0</td>
<td>15,945</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eligible for 0.25%, Not Receiving</td>
<td>5,549,147</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>480</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eligible for 0.50%, Not Receiving</td>
<td>32,637,922</td>
<td>9.5</td>
<td>3,235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eligible for 1.25%, Not Receiving</td>
<td>133,841,162</td>
<td>39.1</td>
<td>17,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>$341,972,035</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>40,607</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Distribution of Eligible Loans by Rate Reduction Type – Timely Payment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Timely Pay Rate Reduction</th>
<th>Current Balance</th>
<th>% Total Balance</th>
<th>Number of Loans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Currently Receiving 1.00% after 36</td>
<td>$20,736,506</td>
<td>6.1%</td>
<td>2,676</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currently Receiving 1.00% after 48</td>
<td>141,393,671</td>
<td>41.3</td>
<td>12,879</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currently Receiving 2.00% after 48</td>
<td>5,552,145</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>2,958</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eligible for 1.00%/36, Not Receiving</td>
<td>72,551</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eligible for 1.00%/48, Not Receiving</td>
<td>4,251,485</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>165</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eligible for 2.00%/48, Not Receiving</td>
<td>5,223,200</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>1,387</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ineligible or Disqualified</td>
<td>164,742,476</td>
<td>48.2</td>
<td>20,534</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>$341,972,035</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>40,607</td>
</tr>
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</table>

(1) Less than 0.05%, but greater than 0.00%.

(The remainder of this page intentionally left blank.)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE LIVES, EXPECTED MATURITIES AND PERCENTAGES OF ORIGINAL PRINCIPAL REMAINING AT CERTAIN QUARTERLY DISTRIBUTION DATES FOR THE NOTES

[THIS IS OLD INFO AND WILL BE UPDATED WHEN NEW INFO AVAILABLE]

Projected prepayments of the Eligible Loans may be measured by a variety of models. The general model used below is the constant prepayment rate and is referred to herein as the “CPR” model. The CPR Model is based on prepayments assumed to occur at a constant percentage rate. CPR represents a constant rate of prepayment on Eligible Loans each month relative to the then outstanding aggregate principal balance of Eligible Loans for the life of such Eligible Loans. The CPR model does not purport to describe historical prepayment experience or to predict the prepayment rate of any actual student loan pool. The Eligible Loans pledged under the Original Indenture should not be expected to prepay according to the indicated CPRs, nor will all of the Eligible Loans prepay at the same rate.

In addition to prepayments, several other factors affect the weighted average life of the Notes. These factors include, but are not limited to:

- the borrower’s choice of repayment plan, including income-based repayment programs;
- loans that may enter into deferment or forbearance status as well as the length of time such loans would remain in that status;
- the utilization rate of timely pay and ACH borrower rate reductions;
- minimum monthly payments, assumed reamortization and/or extension; and assumed curtailment versus full prepayment; and
- defaults and recoveries (and timing thereof) experienced by the loans.

The tables below indicate the percentages of the current principal balance of the Notes expected to be outstanding on certain quarterly distribution dates, as well as the estimated weighted average life (“WAL”), average maturity date and final payment date of the Notes, based on the assumption that Eligible Loans prepay at the respective indicated percentages of CPR (the “CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates”). It is unlikely that Eligible Loans will prepay at any of the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates presented, and the timing of changes in the rate of prepayments actually experienced on Eligible Loans is unlikely to follow the pattern described for the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates presented. The percentages of the current principal balance of the Notes expected to be outstanding, WALs, average maturity and final payment dates are likely to vary, perhaps significantly, from those set forth in the tables below due to the differences between the actual rate of prepayments on Eligible Loans and the assumptions described herein.

All financial projection models, including the model used in preparing these tables, are subject to inherent limitations. There may be substantial variation among the pricing models offered by third-party pricing services and there can be no assurance that the results projected by third-party pricing services will be the same as those used in the tables below.

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### Percentages of the Current Principal Balance Remaining at Certain Quarterly Distribution Dates, Weighted Average Life, Average Maturity Date and Final Payment Date for the Notes at Various Percentages of CPR

**Series 2012-1 A2**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>0% CPR</th>
<th>2% CPR</th>
<th>4% CPR</th>
<th>6% CPR</th>
<th>8% CPR</th>
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<tr>
<td>8/1/2020</td>
<td>100%</td>
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<td>100%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
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<td>21%</td>
<td>7%</td>
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<td>0%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>11/1/2022</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/1/2023</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/1/2025</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Weighted Average Life (Yrs.) | 0.62 | 0.43 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 0.25 |
| Avg Maturity Date             | 3/14/21 | 1/4/21 | 11/18/20 | 11/1/20 | 11/1/20 |
| Final Payment                 | 8/1/22 | 11/1/21 | 8/1/21 | 11/1/20 | 11/1/20 |
| Legal Final Maturity Date     | 5/1/29 | 5/1/29 | 5/1/29 | 5/1/29 | 5/1/29 |

**Series 2012-1 A3**

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Date</th>
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<th>8% CPR</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8/1/2020</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/1/2020</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>98%</td>
<td>96%</td>
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<tr>
<td>11/1/2021</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>87%</td>
<td>74%</td>
<td>62%</td>
<td>49%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/1/2022</td>
<td>81%</td>
<td>59%</td>
<td>37%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/1/2023</td>
<td>55%</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/1/2024</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/1/2025</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Weighted Average Life (Yrs.) | 3.65 | 2.81 | 2.21 | 1.82 | 1.51 |
| Final Payment                 | 8/1/25 | 11/1/24 | 11/1/23 | 8/1/23 | 11/1/22 |
| Legal Final Maturity Date     | 5/1/35 | 5/1/35 | 5/1/35 | 5/1/35 | 5/1/35 |

WALs are influenced by, among other things, initial parity ratio, cash releases, actual prepayments, bond interest rates, bond redemptions, reinvestment income, the future path of interest rates, loan interest rates and borrower repayment plans selected, borrower delinquencies and defaults, default recoveries, and program expenses. The WALs shown above are computed from August 1, 2020, using balance projections based on the cutoff date of June 30, 2020. Actual results may, and likely will, vary from the assumptions made in this analysis.
The Information and Tabulation Agent is:

**D.F. King & Co., Inc.**

48 Wall Street, 22nd Floor  
New York, New York 10005  
Banks and Brokers Call Collect: (212) 269-5550  
All Others Call Toll-Free: (866) 856-3065  
Email: utah@dfking.com

**By Hand or Overnight Delivery:**  
D.F. King & Co., Inc.  
48 Wall Street, 22nd Floor  
New York, New York 10005  
Attn: Andrew Beck

**By Facsimile Transmission**  
(212) 709-3328  
(For Eligible Institutions only)

**To confirm by telephone:**  
(212) 269-5552

The Solicitation Agent’s contact information is:

**RBC Capital Markets**

Brookfield Place  
200 Vesey Street, 8th Floor  
New York, New York 10281  
Attn: Liability Management Team  
Toll Free: +1-877-381-2099  
Collect: +1-212-618-7843  
Email: liability.management@rbccm.com

The Issuer’s contact information is:

**State Board of Regents of the State of Utah**  
(Known as Utah Board of Higher Education as of July 1, 2020)

60 SOUTH 400 WEST  
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84101  
Attn: David S. Schwanke, CPA  
Executive Director, UHEAA  
Email: dschwanke@utahsbr.edu
FIRST SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE

Dated as of ________ 1, 202__

between

UTAH BOARD OF HIGHER EDUCATION

and

U. S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION,

as Trustee
INDEX TO
UTAH BOARD OF HIGHER EDUCATION
FIRST SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE

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<td>A-1</td>
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</table>
FIRST SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE

This First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of _______ 1, 202_, is entered into by and between the UTAH BOARD OF HIGHER EDUCATION (previously known as the State Board of Regents of the State of Utah) (the “Board”) and THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, N.A. (the “Trustee”).

WHEREAS, the Board and the Trustee have previously entered into the Indenture of Trust dated as of October 1, 2012 (the “Original Indenture”), pursuant to which the Board has issued its Taxable Student Loan Backed Notes, Series 2012-1 (the “Notes”); and

WHEREAS, the Board has determined that an amendment to the Original Indenture is necessary in order to permit the redemption of the Notes; and

WHEREAS, Section 8.02 of the Original Indenture permits the Registered Owners of a majority of the collective aggregate principal amount of the Notes Outstanding to consent to and approve the execution by the Board and the Trustee of such indenture or indentures supplemental to the Original Indenture as shall be deemed necessary and desirable by the Board and the Trustee for the purpose of modifying, altering, amending, adding to or rescinding, in any particular, any of the terms or provisions contained in the Original Indenture; provided, however, such other indenture or indentures supplemental to the Original Indenture may not permit (a) without the consent of the Registered Owner of Notes then Outstanding, (i) an extension of the maturity date of the principal of or the interest on any such Note, or (ii) a reduction in the principal amount of any Note or the rate of interest thereon, or (iii) a privilege or priority of any Note or Notes over any other Note or Notes except as otherwise provided in the Original Indenture, or (iv) a reduction in the aggregate principal amount of the Notes required for consent to such Supplemental Indenture, or (v) the creation of any lien other than a lien ratably securing all of the Notes at any time Outstanding thereunder except as otherwise provided in the Original Indenture; or (b) any modification of the trusts, powers, rights, obligations, duties, remedies, immunities and privileges of the Trustee without the prior written approval of the Trustee; and

WHEREAS, the Board has determined that this First Supplemental Indenture does not result in (i) an extension of the maturity date of the principal of or the interest on any Note, or (ii) a reduction in the principal amount of any Note or the rate of interest thereon, or (iii) a privilege or priority of any Note or Notes over any other Note or Notes except as otherwise provided in the Original Indenture, or (iv) a reduction in the aggregate principal amount of the Notes required for consent to such Supplemental Indenture, or (v) the creation of any lien other than a lien ratably securing all of the Notes at any time Outstanding thereunder; and

WHEREAS, the Trustee has determined that this First Supplemental Indenture does not modify any of the trusts, powers, rights, obligations, duties, remedies, immunities and privileges of the Trustee in the Original Indenture; and
WHEREAS, the Board has requested that the Trustee enter into this First Supplemental Indenture; and

WHEREAS, the Trustee has caused notice of the proposed execution of this First Supplemental Indenture to be mailed by registered or certified mail to each Registered Owner at the address shown on the registration books (or, in the case of DTC, in accordance with its procedures) and to be provided to the Rating Agencies pursuant to Section 7.15 of the Original Indenture; and

WHEREAS, such notice was prepared by the Board and briefly set forth the nature of this First Supplemental Indenture and stated that copies thereof are on file at the principal corporate trust office of the Trustee for inspection by all Registered Owners; and

WHEREAS, within 60 days following the mailing of such notice, the Registered Owners of not less than a majority of the collective aggregate principal amount of the Notes Outstanding at the time of the execution of this First Supplemental Indenture consented in writing to and approved the execution thereof; and

WHEREAS, the Trustee has received and is entitled to rely upon an Opinion of Bond Counsel stating that this First Supplemental Indenture has been duly and lawfully entered into in accordance with the provisions of the Original Indenture, is authorized or permitted by the Original Indenture and is valid and binding on the Board;

WHEREAS, the necessary written consents of the owners of the Outstanding Notes relating to the execution of this First Supplemental Indenture have been received which consents are evidenced in Exhibit A; and

NOW THEREFORE, the Board and the Trustee (for good and valuable consideration) hereby agree as follows:
ARTICLE I

SHORT TITLE, DEFINITIONS AND AUTHORITY

Section 1.1. Short Title. This supplemental indenture shall be known as and may be designated by the short title “First Supplemental Indenture” (this “First Supplemental Indenture”).

Section 1.2. Definitions. All words and phrases defined in Article I of the Original Indenture shall have the same meaning in this First Supplemental Indenture.

Section 1.3. Authority. This First Supplemental Indenture is executed pursuant to the provisions of the Original Indenture.
ARTICLE II

AMENDMENT OF ORIGINAL INDENTURE

Section 2.1. Amendment to Original Indenture. Section 2.01 of the Original Indenture is hereby amended to insert new paragraphs therein, as follows:

The Notes are subject to redemption prior to maturity in whole, but not in part, at the option of the Board on any date from _____, 202_ through _____, 202_ as may be directed by the Board at a redemption price of ___% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

Upon Board Order, the Trustee shall cause notice of any redemption to be given by electronic means or by mailing a copy of the redemption notice to the Registered Owner of any Notes designated for redemption at its address as the same shall last appear upon the registration books, not more than 60 days prior to the redemption date and not less than 10 days prior to the redemption date. Any notice mailed shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given, whether or not the owner of such Notes receives the notice. Receipt of such notice shall not be a condition precedent to such redemption, and failure so to receive any such notice by any of such Registered Owners shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of the Notes.

Each notice of redemption shall state the following: (A) the full designated name of the issue, including the series or subseries designation, (B) the CUSIP number, (C) the date of redemption, (D) the redemption price, (E) the name of the Trustee and the address and phone number of the Trustee’s office handling the redemption, (F) the date of the Notes, (G) the maturity date, (H) the publication date of the notice, (I) the place or places of payment, (J) that payment will be made upon presentation and surrender of the Notes to be redeemed, and (K) that on and after said date interest thereon will cease to accrue.

If at the time of giving any notice of optional redemption there shall not be on deposit with the Trustee moneys sufficient to redeem all the Notes called for redemption, such notice shall state that such redemption shall be conditioned upon receipt by the Trustee on or prior to the date fixed for such redemption of moneys sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on such Notes to be redeemed and that if such moneys shall not have been so received said notice shall be of no force and effect and the Board shall not be required to redeem such Notes. In the event that such moneys are not so received, the redemption shall not be made and the Trustee shall within a reasonable time thereafter give notice, one time, in the same manner in which the notice of redemption was given, that such moneys were not so received.

Section 2.2. Written Consents. As provided in Section 8.02 of the Original Indenture, the necessary written consents of the owners of the Outstanding Notes have been provided relating to the amendment in Section 2.01, which consents are evidenced in Exhibit A hereto.
ARTICLE III

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 3.1. **First Supplemental Indenture Construed with Original Indenture.** All of the provisions of this First Supplemental Indenture shall be deemed to be and construed as part of the Original Indenture to the same extent as if fully set forth therein.

Section 3.2. **Original Indenture as Supplemented to Remain in Effect.** Save and except as herein supplemented by this First Supplemental Indenture, the Original Indenture shall remain in full force and effect.

Section 3.3. **Execution in Counterparts, Electronic Signatures.** This First Supplemental Indenture shall be valid, binding, and enforceable against a party when executed and delivered by an authorized individual on behalf of the party by means of (i) an original manual signature; (ii) a faxed, scanned, or photocopied manual signature, or (iii) any other electronic signature permitted by the federal Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, state enactments of the State of Utah including the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act, Utah Code Title 46, Chapter 4 and/or any other relevant electronic signatures law, including any relevant provisions of the Uniform Commercial Code (collectively, “Signature Law”), in each case to the extent applicable. Each faxed, scanned, or photocopied manual signature, or other electronic signature, shall for all purposes have the same validity, legal effect, and admissibility in evidence as an original manual signature. Each party hereto shall be entitled to conclusively rely upon, and shall have no liability with respect to, any faxed, scanned, or photocopied manual signature, or other electronic signature, of any other party and shall have no duty to investigate, confirm or otherwise verify the validity or authenticity thereof. This First Supplemental Indenture may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but such counterparts shall, together, constitute one and the same instrument. For the avoidance of doubt, original manual signatures shall be used for execution or indorsement of writings when required under the Uniform Commercial Code or other Signature Law due to the character or intended character of the writings.

Section 3.4. **Severability.** If any section, paragraph, clause or provision of this First Supplemental Indenture shall for any reason be held to be invalid or unenforceable, the invalidity or unenforceability of such section, paragraph, clause or provision shall not affect any of the remaining provisions of this First Supplemental Indenture.

Section 3.5. **Governing Law.** This First Supplemental Indenture shall be construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Utah.

Section 3.6. **Receipt of Opinion.** In connection with the execution of this First Supplemental Indenture, the Board has caused to be filed with the Trustee an Opinion of Bond Counsel pursuant to the Original Indenture, including Section 8.02, stating that this
First Supplemental Indenture has been duly and lawfully entered into in accordance with the provisions of the Original Indenture, is authorized or permitted by the Original Indenture, that all conditions precedent under the Original Indenture have been satisfied in connection with this First Supplemental Indenture, and is valid and binding on the Board.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned Chair and Secretary of the UTAH BOARD OF HIGHER EDUCATION and the undersigned officers of THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, N.A. as Trustee have hereunto executed this First Supplemental Indenture as of the date first written above.

UTAH BOARD OF HIGHER EDUCATION

By: ____________________________
   Chair

ATTEST:

By: ____________________________
   Secretary

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON
TRUST COMPANY, N.A., as Trustee

By: ____________________________

Its: ____________________________

ATTEST:

By: ____________________________

Its ____________________________
EXHIBIT A

EVIDENCE OF BONDHOLDER CONSENT
July 15, 2021

2022-2023 Budget Process Guidelines

One of the primary statutory responsibilities of the Board is to recommend a unified budget request to the Governor and Legislature for the Utah System of Higher Education. The Board creates the budget request with the dual objective of justifying appropriations for the System consistent with institutional needs and equitably distributing funds to USHE institutions. The budget request includes five categories required by statute: employee compensation, mandatory costs, performance funding, statewide priorities, and enrollment growth. Institutions will use the budget guidelines to develop funding requests for review and approval by the Board in the September 2021 meeting.

Commissioner’s Recommendations
The Commissioner recommends the Board approve the budget guidelines and budget framework for the Utah System of Higher Education operating budget requests for the fiscal year 2022-23.
USHE 2022-2023 Budget Process Guidelines

The Commissioner’s Office developed the following budget guidelines for institutions to follow in creating FY 2022-2023 budget requests for approval by the Board in the September meeting.

Budget Request Alignment with Tuition-Setting Process: The intent of the Board’s budget-setting process is to review and account for potential institutional needs such that tuition may be held to minimum or no increases. The Board intends that tuition and fee increases for the 2022-2023 academic year will be minimal and that budget requests will be justifiable.

Mandatory cost increases: The Board will request funding for mandatory cost increases to insurance premiums and other state-provided internal service funds as well as employee health insurance premium increases comparable to state employees. The Board will further request that all mandatory increases be funded entirely from state funds without an obligatory tuition match.

Compensation: The Board will request funds for the same compensation increases to salaries and retirement benefits as other state employees. The Board will request that all compensation increases be funded entirely from state funds without an obligatory tuition match.

Degree-Granting Performance Funding: The Board will request performance funding for degree granting institutions commensurate with state revenues in addition to any revenue available from growth in targeted jobs. Degree-granting institutions shall submit detailed plans for how they will use their portion of the performance funds based on estimates provided by the Commissioner’s Office. The Board will make a final budget recommendation for the amount of performance funding in the September meeting.

Growth Funding: The Board will request growth funding for degree-granting institutions as calculated by the Board’s growth funding model. Calendar year 2019 annualized, budget-related resident FTE will be used as the base to calculate growth in degree-granting enrollment for calendar year 2021 with 3rd week numbers used for Fall 2021 (due to the turn-around time needed to submit requests to the governor and legislature). FTE growth will be adjusted for funding provided by the legislature in FY 2022.

Technical Education Program Growth: The Board will request funding for technical education program growth. USHE institutions with technical education programs shall submit detailed funding requests for programs experiencing significant demand and growth that cannot be accommodated through reductions in programs experiencing decreased demand. The Commissioner’s Office will review the requests and, working with the institutions, will refine the requests commensurate with projected state revenues.

Technical Education Equipment: The Board will request funding for technical education equipment that is needed for growing programs. USHE institutions with technical education programs shall submit detailed funding requests for equipment needs that are necessary due to increased program demand. The Commissioner’s Office will review the requests and, working with the institutions, will refine the requests commensurate with projected state revenues.

System Priorities: The Board will identify and prioritize strategic initiatives which are administered by the Board and the Commissioner’s Office that will further the Board’s strategic plan and may impact multiple institutions or benefit the System as a whole.
July 15, 2021

Revision of Policy R532, Acceptance and Approval of Contracts and Grants

As part of the ongoing process to review and update Board policies, the Commissioner’s Office recommends amendments to Policy R532, Acceptance and Approval of Contracts and Grants, including:

- Updating references, definitions, and policy to reflect changes in statute and to improve readability
- Increasing the delegation limits for USHE institutions to report contracts and grant approvals to the Board of Higher Education:
  - From $1,000,000 to $2,000,000 for the doctoral/research universities
  - From $500,000 to $1,000,000 for regional universities
  - From $200,000 to $500,000 for comprehensive community colleges
- Establishing a delegation limit for USHE technical colleges of $500,000
- Eliminating a monthly report of contracts and grants

A redline and clean version of the amended policy are included in the attachments.

Commissioner’s Recommendation
The Commissioner recommends the Board adopt changes to Policy R532, Acceptance and Approval of Contracts and Grants, effective immediately.

Attachments
R532-1 Purpose: To provide for the acceptance of research and training grants by System institutions.

R532-2 References

2.1 Utah Code 53B-7-103 (Federal Contracts and Aid – Individual Research Grants)

2.2 Board Policy R535, Reimbursed Overhead

R532-3 Definitions

3.1 Reimbursed Overhead Revenue: recovery from contracts or grants designated to reimburse the institution for associated overhead expenses.

R532-4 Approval of Contracts and Grants

4.1 Contracts and Grants Reimbursed Overhead: Contracts or grants that bear no reimbursed overhead revenue or are approved for less than the finalized reimbursed overhead rate shall be justified in writing on the basis of educational value and approved by a responsible officer of the institution or a committee designated by the president for such purpose. Acceptance of research contracts, training grants, or contracts for other sponsored programs shall be in conformity with this policy.

4.2 Criteria for Educational Value: Criteria are to be established and outlined by each institution for determining educational value of the proposed research or training grant. Some suggested areas of such criteria are: (1) How many students will be involved? (2) Are the students to be involved working toward a degree? (3) Is the contract funding a post-doctoral program? (4) How much faculty and other personnel released time will be required to accomplish the proposed project? (5) What would the formula be for such released time and compensation? (6) Of what educational value is the contract project to the institution as contrasted with the principal investigator? (7) Will existing assigned space be utilized? (8) Will new personnel be added producing pressures for more space? (9) Will the grant cover costs of all equipment and services required, including computer services, without obligating other institutional funds?

4.3 Training Grants: Training grants for less than fully funded costs shall be justified for educational value. Student credit hours produced on fully funded training grant programs will be reported separately from the student credit hours produced by state funds.
Board of Higher Education Standards for Waiver of Full Recovery: Nothing in the institution’s criteria for waiver of full recovery shall supersede the Board of Higher Education policy R535, Reimbursed Overhead, or institutional responsibilities under state law.

Delegation of Authority: The Board delegates to the presidents, with the approval of their respective Board of Trustees, power to enter into contracts for maintenance, research grants, and continuing programs of the institution involving amounts less than $1,000,000 for the doctoral/research universities; less than $1,000,000 for regional universities; and less than $500,000 for comprehensive community and technical colleges based on the total funded amount of the award.

Board Approval: For proposals exceeding the amounts specified in section 3.6, the institution will provide a description of the project to the Board in a regular consent calendar report and request approval at that time. In those cases where applications or proposals cannot be approved by the Board before submittal for reasons which are deemed justifiable by the president, the president may sign them and authorize their submittal. The institution will then report the action at the next Board meeting with a description of the project and a request for approval on that meeting’s consent calendar. It is understood that a proposal can be withdrawn at any time before an award is made if the Board should not approve the project retroactively.

R532-5 Reporting

Annual Reports: Each institution shall submit an annual report to the Board by September 30 summarizing the number and dollar amounts of awards received during the previous fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30. The report shall include summary totals by college or unit of all awards received.

Criteria for Reporting: The following criteria are to be used in determining reportability. Only the amount of the annual award should be reported, not the amount of the entire award.

Type of Award: Contracts, grants, and cooperative agreements are reportable. Financial aid, appropriated funds, and gifts are not to be reported.

Agency/Source of Award: Awards made by federal, state, and local municipal governments; and by private partnerships, individuals, foundations, trusts, and corporations are all reportable.

If both 5.10.1, Type of Award, and 5.10.2, Agency/Source of Award, are reportable, a report must be submitted. If either or both is not reportable, the item should not be included in the report.
5.2.3 Function and Purpose: If there is a question as to whether the award must be included in a report, the function and purpose are to be considered. If this criterion is affirmative, the award shall be included in the report. Awards for research, training and public service (extension, clinical testing, clinics, or other projects for the benefit of the public) are reportable. Charitable activities, business sales, auxiliary enterprise activities, and scholarships/student financial aid need not be reported.

5.2.4 Development: Development activities are not reported to the Board of Higher Education.

5.2.5 Subcontracts: Subcontracts, subawards, and sub-agreements made between USHE institutions are not reported to the Board.

**R532, Approval and Reporting of Contracts and Grants**

**R532-1 Purpose:** To provide for the acceptance of research and training grants by System institutions.

**R532-2 References**

2.1 *Utah Code 53B-7-103* (Federal Contracts and Aid – Individual Research Grants)

2.2 Board Policy R535, Reimbursed Overhead

**R532-3 Definitions**

3.1 **Reimbursed Overhead Revenue**: recovery from contracts or grants designated to reimburse the institution for associated overhead expenses.

**R532-4 Approval of Contracts and Grants**

4.1 **Contracts and Grants Reimbursed Overhead**: Contracts or grants that bear no reimbursed overhead revenue or are approved for less than the finalized reimbursed overhead rate shall be justified in writing on the basis of educational value and approved by a responsible officer of the institution or a committee designated by the president for such purpose. Acceptance of research contracts, training grants, or contracts for other sponsored programs shall be in conformity with this policy.

4.2 **Criteria for Educational Value**: Criteria are to be established and outlined by each institution for determining educational value of the proposed research or training grant. Some suggested areas of such criteria are: (1) How many students will be involved? (2) Are the students to be involved working toward a degree? (3) Is the contract funding a post-doctoral program? (4) How much faculty and other personnel released time will be required to accomplish the proposed project? (5) What would the formula be for such released time and compensation? (6) Of what educational value is the contract project to the institution as contrasted with the principal investigator? (7) Will existing assigned space be utilized? (8) Will new personnel be added producing pressures for more space? (9) Will the grant cover costs of all equipment and services required, including computer services, without obligating other institutional funds?

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4.3 Training Grants: Training grants for less than fully funded costs shall be justified for educational value. Student credit hours produced on fully funded training grant programs will be reported separately from the student credit hours produced by state funds.

4.4 Board of Higher Education Standards for Waiver of Full Recovery: Nothing in the institution’s criteria for waiver of full recovery shall supersede the Board of Higher Education policy R535, Reimbursed Overhead, or institutional responsibilities under state law.

4.5 Delegation of Authority: The Board delegates to the presidents, with the approval of their respective Board of Trustees, power to enter into contracts for maintenance, research grants, and continuing programs of the institution involving amounts less than $2,000,000 for the doctoral/research universities; less than $1,000,000 for regional universities; and less than $500,000 for comprehensive community and technical colleges based on the total funded amount of the award.

4.6. Board Approval: For proposals exceeding the amounts specified in section 3.6, the institution will provide a description of the project to the Board in a regular consent calendar report and request approval at that time. In those cases where applications or proposals cannot be approved by the Board before submittal for reasons which are deemed justifiable by the president, the president may sign them and authorize their submittal. The institution will then report the action at the next Board meeting with a description of the project and a request for approval on that meeting’s consent calendar. It is understood that a proposal can be withdrawn at any time before an award is made if the Board should not approve the project retroactively.

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**5.2.4 Development:** Development activities are not reported to the Board of Higher Education.

**5.2.5 Subcontracts:** Subcontracts, subawards, and sub-agreements made between USHE institutions are not reported to the Board.
Revision of Policy R513, *Tuition Waivers and Reductions*

In the 2021 General Session, the legislature passed Senate Bill 45, *Higher Education Classes for Veterans*, allowing veterans to audit classes at USHE institutions. To implement the provisions of the bill, Board Policy R513, *Tuition Waivers and Reductions*, is amended to include a tuition waiver for veterans similar to what exists for senior citizens. The policy change allows veterans to enroll tuition-free in classes subject to classroom and seat availability, an administrative fee, and no award for credit. Additional clarification and technical amendments were made to Policy R513 to improve readability and to extend the policy to technical colleges. With the inclusion of technical colleges in R513, sections 4 and 8 in technical college policy 204 are no longer necessary and are recommended to be removed. A redline and clean version of the amended policy are included in the attachments.

**Commissioner’s Recommendation**

The Commissioner recommends the Board adopt changes to Policy R513, *Tuition Waivers and Reductions* effective immediately and revise technical college policy 204 to remove sections 4 and 8.

**Attachments**
R513, Tuition Waivers and Reductions

R513-1 Purpose: To establish procedures for Utah System of Higher Education (USHE) institutions to administer tuition waiver and reduction programs.

R513-2 References

2.1 Utah Code 53B-8-101, Waiver of Tuition—Resident—National Guard—Nonresident—Critical Occupations—Summer School—Graduate Students

2.2 Utah Code 53B-8-102, Partial Waivers Pursuant to Reciprocal Agreements

2.3 Utah Code 53B-8-104, Nonresident Partial Tuition Scholarships—Border7 Waivers

2.4 Utah Code 53B-8-104.5, Nonresident Tuition Scholarships

2.5 Utah Code 53B-8-106, Resident Tuition Scholarships—Requirements—Rules

2.6 Utah Code Title 53B, Chapter 9, Higher Education for Senior Citizens

2.7 Utah Code Title 53B, Chapter 8c, Police Officer’s and Firefighter’s Survivor Tuition Waiver

2.8 Utah Code Title 53B, Chapter 8d, Tuition Waivers for Wards of the State

2.9 Utah Code Title 53B, Chapter 8e, Tuition Waivers for Purple Heart Recipients


2.11 Policy and Procedures R510, Tuition and Fees

2.12 Policy and Procedures R512, Determination of Resident Status

2.13 Utah Code 53B-8-107, Scott B. Lundell Waiver of Tuition for Dependents of Military Members Killed in Action

2.14 Utah Code 53B-8-103.5, Alumni Legacy Nonresident Scholarships

2.15 Utah Code 53B-8-102, Definition of Resident Student
R513-3 Definitions

3.1 Impecunious Resident Student: A resident student whose demonstrated lack of financial resources presents a significant barrier to accessing higher education or completing a higher education degree or certificate.

3.2 Meritorious Resident Student: A resident student who has demonstrated exceptional academic and/or other achievements which qualify for recognition and reward.

R513-4 Waiver of Resident Tuition:

4.1.10% Resident Tuition Waivers: The president of each institution may waive all or part of the tuition in behalf of meritorious or impecunious resident students to an amount not exceeding 10 percent of the total amount of tuition which, in the absence of the waivers, would have been collected from all Utah resident students at the institution.

4.1.1 Of the amounts waived in 4.1, at least 10 percent of total amount shall be used to support tuition waivers for impecunious resident students.

4.1.1.1 Each of the institutions will develop and present a plan to the Board of Higher Education on how it expects to be compliant with 4.1.1. for the reporting cycle beginning July 1, 2021.

4.1.1.2 The Board shall review the percentage set aside for impecunious students every three years beginning July 1, 2024.

4.2 National Guard Set Aside: Of the amount waived for resident students under 4.1, 2.5 percent of the total amount shall be set aside by institutions for waivers reserved for members of the Utah National Guard.

4.2.1 To ensure timely processing, the Utah National Guard Administration will provide to the institutions a prioritized list of qualified candidates for tuition waivers no later than 60 calendar days prior to the start of an academic term. Candidates for Utah National Guard tuition waivers must be full-time students. To ensure the highest number of candidates receive a tuition waiver, institutions may adjust the waiver amount between partial and full amounts.

4.2.2 An institution may, at its discretion and within its established criteria, allow recipients to use tuition waivers toward self-supported courses.

4.2.3 Any National Guard tuition waivers set aside but not claimed 30 days prior to the beginning of the term may be used for other qualified students.
4.3 Partial Tuition Waivers for Critical Occupations: Upon recommendation of the Board of Higher Education, a president shall grant additional full or partial tuition waivers to encourage students to enroll for instruction in specifically identified occupations critical to the state for which trained personnel are in short supply.

4.4 Waivers for Senior Citizens and Veterans: Institutions shall permit Utah residents age 62 and over or veterans as defined in Section 68-3-12.5 to enroll tuition-free in classes subject to the following conditions:

4.4.1 Institutions may charge an administrative fee.

4.4.2 Institutions may charge course and program fees as defined in R517.

4.4.3 Institutions may limit enrollment under this section based on existing prerequisites, regular procedures, standard teaching loads, and available classroom space following the enrollment of matriculated students.

4.4.4 Institutions shall not award credit or competencies for courses completed pursuant to this section.

4.4.5 Institutions’ enrollment reports shall list senior citizens and veterans separately from matriculated students.

4.5 Police Officer’s and Firefighter’s Survivor Tuition Waiver:

4.5.1 Definitions: As used in this part:

4.5.1.1 “Child” means an individual who (a) is a natural or adopted child of a deceased peace officer or deceased firefighter; and (b) was under the age of 25 at the time of the peace officer’s or firefighter’s death.

4.5.1.2 “Department” means the Department of Public Safety.

4.5.1.3 “Killed” means that the peace officer’s or firefighter’s death is the direct and proximate result of a traumatic injury incurred in the line of duty.

4.5.1.4 “Line of Duty” means an action that a peace officer or firefighter is obligated or authorized to perform by rule, regulation, condition of employment or service, or law, including a social, ceremonial, or athletic function that the peace officer or firefighter is assigned to or compensated for by the public agency being served.
4.5.1.5 “Occupational Disease” means a disease that routinely constitutes a special hazard in, or is commonly regarded as concomitant of, the peace officer’s or firefighter’s occupation.

4.5.1.6 “Traumatic Injury” means a wound or the condition of the body caused by external force, including an injury inflicted by bullet, explosive, sharp instrument, blunt object, or other physical blow, fire, smoke, chemical, electricity, climatic condition, infectious disease, radiation, or bacteria, but excluding an occupational disease.

4.5.1.7 “Tuition” means tuition at the rate charged for residents of the state.

4.5.1.8 “Utah Firefighter” or “Firefighter” means a member, including volunteer members and members paid on call, of a fire department or other organization that provides fire suppression and other fire related services, of a political subdivision who is responsible for or is in a capacity that includes responsibility for the extinguishment of fires. This does not include a person whose job description, duties, or responsibilities do not include direct involvement in fire suppression.

4.5.1.9 “Utah Peace Officer” or “Peace Officer” means an employee of a law enforcement agency that is part of or administered by the state or any of its political subdivisions, and whose duties consist primarily of the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of criminal statutes or ordinances of this state or any of its political subdivisions.

4.5.2 Tuition Waivers for Surviving Spouses and Children: Subject to the limitations below, a USHE institution shall waive tuition for each child and surviving spouse of a Utah peace officer or Utah firefighter who has been killed or is killed in the line of duty if the individual meets the following requirements:

4.5.2.1 applies, qualifies, and is admitted as a full-time, part-time, or summer school student in a program of study leading to a degree or certificate;

4.5.2.2 is a resident student of the state as determined under R512, Determination of Resident Status;

4.5.2.3 applies to the Department for a waiver of tuition under this chapter and provides evidence satisfactory to the Department that (a) the applicant is the surviving spouse or child of a peace officer or firefighter who was killed in the line of duty; (b) the course or courses for which the applicant is seeking a tuition waiver meet the requirements of 3.5.3; and (c) the applicant meets the other requirements of this part;
4.5.2.4 for a child of a peace officer or firefighter killed in the line of duty, applies under section 3.5.2 for the first time before the age of 25;

4.5.2.5 is certified by the financial aid officer at the institution as needing the tuition waiver in order to meet recognized educational expenses, with the understanding that if the applicant’s family income, excluding any income from death benefits attributable to the peace officer’s or firefighter’s death, is below 400 percent of the poverty level under federal poverty guidelines, then the income from any death benefits accruing to the applicant as a result of the death may not be counted as family income in determining financial need under this 3.5.3.1;

4.5.2.6 maintains satisfactory academic progress, as defined by the institution, for each term or semester in which the individual is enrolled, which may be measured by the definition used for federal student assistance programs under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965; and

4.5.2.7 has not achieved a bachelor’s degree and has received tuition reimbursement under this chapter for less than 124 semester credits or 180 quarter credits at an institution of higher education.

4.5.3 Limited Term for Waiver: A child or surviving spouse of a peace officer or firefighter who was killed in the line of duty is eligible for a tuition waiver under this section of not more than nine semesters or the equivalent number of quarters.

4.5.3.1 Waiver Only If Tuition Not Otherwise Covered: Tuition shall be waived only to the extent that the tuition is not covered or paid by any scholarship, trust fund, statutory benefit, or any other source of tuition coverage available for a waiver.

4.5.3.2 Waiver for Required Courses Only: An institution shall waive tuition under this chapter only for courses that are applicable toward the degree or certificate requirements of the program in which the child or surviving spouse is enrolled.

4.5.3.3 Prior Approval by Department: Upon receiving an application under Utah Code 53B-8c-103(1)(c), the Department shall determine whether the applicant and the courses for which tuition waiver is sought meet the requirements of Section 53B-8c-103 and, if so, shall approve the application and notify the higher education institution that the application has been approved.

4.5.3.4 Department Cooperation: The institutions shall cooperate with the Department in developing efficient procedures for the implementation of this program and shall use the forms and applications provided by the Department.
4.6 Tuition Waivers for Wards of the State:

4.6.1 Definitions: As used in this part:

4.6.1.1 “Division” means the Division of Child and Family Services.

4.6.1.2 “Long-term Foster Care” means an individual who remains in the custody of the Division, whether or not the individual resides with licensed foster parents or in independent living arrangements under the supervision of the Division.

4.6.1.3 “State Institution of Higher Education” means those institutions designated in Section 53B-1-102 and any public institution that offers postsecondary education in consideration of the payment of tuition or fees for the attainment of educational or vocational objectives leading to a degree or certificate, including business schools, technical schools, applied technology centers, trade schools, and institutions offering related apprenticeship programs.

4.6.1.4 “Tuition” means tuition at the rate for residents of the state.

4.6.1.5 “Ward of the State” means an individual (a) who is at least 17 years of age and not older than 26 years of age; (b) who had a permanency goal in the individual’s treatment plan, as defined in Sections 62A-4a-205 and 78-3a-312, of long-term foster care while in the custody of the Division; and (c) for whom the custody of the Division was not terminated as a result of adoption.

4.6.2 Tuition Waivers for Wards of the State: Subject to the limitations in 4.6.2.1, 4.6.2.2, and 4.6.2.3, a state institution of higher education shall waive tuition for each ward of the state applicant who meets the following requirements:

4.6.2.1 applies, qualifies, and is admitted as a full-time, part-time, or summer school student in a program of study leading to a degree or certificate;

4.6.2.2 is a resident student of the state as determined under R512, Determination of Resident Status;

4.6.2.3 provides the institution with documentation from the Division that the Division has verified: (a) applicant is at least 17 years of age and not older than 26 years of age; (b) applicant had a permanency goal in the Division treatment plan, as defined in Sections 62A-4a-205 and 78-3a-312, of long-term foster care while in the custody of the Division; (c) applicant’s custody was not terminated as a result of adoption; (d) applicant was in the custody of the Division for an aggregate period of not less than 24 months; (e) applicant applied for the first
time under this program before the age of 22; and (f) applicant has not achieved a bachelor's degree, and has received tuition reimbursement under this program for less than 124 semester credits (or 180 quarter credits) and for not more than nine semesters at an institution of higher education.

4.6.2.4 verifies that the course or courses for which the applicant is seeking a tuition waiver meet the requirements of 4.6.2.3;

4.6.2.5 is certified by the financial aid officer at the higher education institution as needing the tuition waiver in order to meet recognized educational expenses;

4.6.2.6 maintains satisfactory academic progress, as defined by the institution of higher education, for each term or semester in which the individual is enrolled, which may be measured by the definition used for federal student assistance programs under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965; and

4.6.3 Limited Term of Waiver: A ward of the state is eligible for a tuition waiver under this section for not more than nine semesters.

4.6.3.1 Waiver Only if Tuition Not Otherwise Covered: Tuition shall be waived (a) after the individual has applied for financial assistance, including scholarships and Pell Grants; and (b) only to the extent that the tuition is not covered or paid by any scholarship, trust fund, statutory benefit, Pell Grant, or any other source of tuition coverage available for a waiver.

4.6.3.2 Waiver for Required Courses Only: An institution of higher education shall waive tuition under this chapter only for courses that are applicable toward the degree or certificate requirements of the program in which the student is enrolled.

4.6.4 Reimbursement of Waivers by Division: The institutions shall seek reimbursement from the Division for any tuition waived under this chapter.

4.7 Tuition Exemption for Teachers:

4.7.1 Definitions: As used in this part

4.7.1.1 “Educator”: means an educator is a person currently employed in the Utah public school system who is a licensed educator in good standing or has been issued a letter of authorization permitting such employment under Utah Code
53A-6-104, the Board Licensure section of the Educator Licensure and Professional Practices Act.

4.7.1.2 “Tuition Waivers for Teachers” means an educator who enrolls in a course of study determined by the State Board of Education to satisfy the professional development requirements of §53A-6-104(2)(b)(i) is exempt from the tuition charges for a class taken as part of that course of study provided that the following conditions are met:

4.7.1.3 “Master's and Doctoral Degree Candidates” means because of the extensive involvement of faculty members in committees, mentoring, and counseling of master's and doctoral degree candidates, the concept of surplus space does not apply, and such educators are not eligible for the exemption from tuition under this section.

4.7.2 Administrative Semester Registration Fee: The institution may charge an educator an administrative semester registration fee not to exceed $100 per semester to cover the actual increased costs associated with registration, verification of educator status, identification of eligible courses, certification of space availability, and record keeping.

4.7.3 Surplus Space Enrollment: The educator may be enrolled on the basis of surplus space as determined by the institution under these rules and guidelines as follows:

4.7.3.1 If a principal or substantial reason for the institution to offer the class is to serve educators, then no educator enrolled in that class can be considered to be enrolled on the basis of surplus space, and therefore cannot be eligible for this exemption from tuition charges;

4.7.3.2 If the class meets the requirements of 53A-6-104(2)(b)(i) but does not have as a principal or substantial purpose to serve educators, then the institution shall define the optimum class size of the class in accordance with regular procedures and normal teaching loads in that space within the institution’s approved budget. The number of surplus space enrollments available to educators is determined by subtracting from the optimum class size the number of tuition paying students enrolled in the class. The surplus space enrollments may then be filled by educators on a first come first served basis. However, in order to maintain the optimum class size, educators exempt from tuition may be bumped (last in, first out) by regular tuition paying students who later register for the class.

4.8. Tuition Reimbursement for Sequential Mandarin Chinese Course:
4.8.1 Extended Sequential Study for Difficult Languages: Difficult languages require extended sequences of study to acquire proficiency in listening, speaking, reading, and writing.

4.8.2 Mandarin Chinese Program: The Board and the State Board of Education, in consultation with the Utah Education Network, may develop and implement a concurrent enrollment course of study in Mandarin Chinese. The course shall be taught over EDNET to high school juniors and seniors in the state’s public education system.

4.8.3 Tuition Reimbursement: Students who successfully complete the concurrent enrollment course in Mandarin Chinese offered under the part shall receive tuition reimbursement for a sequential Mandarin Chinese course they successfully complete with a “B” grade or above at an institution within the USHE.

4.9 Scott B. Lundell Waiver of Tuition for Dependents of Military Members Killed in Action:

4.9.1 Tuition Waiver: USHE institutions shall waive undergraduate tuition for surviving dependents of a Utah resident, as defined in Utah Code §53B-8-107, who, as a member of the armed forces of the United States, including the Utah National Guard or a reserve component, was killed or died of wounds or injuries received while serving on federal active duty, under orders of competent authority and not as a result of the member’s own misconduct.

- 4.9.1.2 The dependent must be accepted by the institution as a student in accordance with the institution’s admission guidelines.

- 4.9.1.3 The dependent must be a resident student as defined by Utah Code §53B-8-102 and Board Policy R512.

- 4.9.1.4 The dependent may not be excluded from the waiver if the dependent has previously taken courses at, or has been awarded credit by, a USHE institution.

4.9.2 Certification by Adjutant General or Designee: The adjutant general, after consultation with federal authorities if necessary, shall certify to the institution that the dependent is a surviving dependent eligible for the waiver. The adjutant general may delegate this responsibility to the Utah Department of Veterans Affairs.

4.9.3 Definition of “Dependent”: For purposes of this policy, the term “dependent” shall include a surviving spouse.
4.9.4 Limitations on Waiver: The waiver is subject to the following limitations:

4.9.4.1 The waiver is not applicable if the dependent has already completed an undergraduate degree.

4.9.4.2 The waiver is applicable for undergraduate study only.

4.9.4.3 The dependent may only utilize the waiver for courses that are applicable toward the degree or certificate requirement of the program in which the dependent is enrolled.

4.9.4.4 The waiver is not applicable to fees, books, or housing expenses, and tuition shall be waived only to the extent that tuition is not covered by scholarships, Pell Grants, statutory benefit, or any other form of non-loan tuition coverage.

4.10 Waiver of Tuition for Purple Heart Recipients: USHE institutions shall waive undergraduate tuition for each Purple Heart recipient who is admitted as a full-time, part-time, or summer school student in an undergraduate program of study leading to a degree or certificate, provided that the student is a resident of the state as determined under Section 53B-8-102, and that the student submits verification from the Division of Veterans Affairs that the student has earned a Purple Heart award as a result of military service.

4.11 When Verification of Lawful Presence is Not Required. As provided by Utah Code Ann. §63G-12-402, verification of lawful presence in the United States is not required of a student who is a graduate of a high school located in Utah and (1) is exempt from paying the nonresident portion of total tuition under Utah Code Ann. §53B-8-106; or (2) applies for, and may be awarded, a privately funded scholarship that is administered by a USHE institution.

R513–5 Waiver of Nonresident Tuition:

5.1 Waivers for Nonresident Undergraduate, Graduate, or Summer School Students:

The president of each institution may waive all or part of the nonresident portion of tuition for meritorious nonresident undergraduate students to an amount not exceeding the designated percent of the total amount of tuition which, in the absence of the waivers, would have been collected from all nonresident students at the institution outlined in the chart below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>Not to exceed percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University of Utah</td>
<td>16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah State University</td>
<td>13%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weber State University</td>
<td>40%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Institution</td>
<td>Percentage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southern Utah University</td>
<td>35%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Snow College</td>
<td>27%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dixie State University</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah Valley University</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salt Lake Community College</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.1.1 In determining which students are meritorious for purposes of granting a tuition waiver under 5.1, a president shall consider students who are performing above the average at the institution, including having an admission index higher than the average for the institution, if an admission index is used.

5.1.2 A president may continue to waive the nonresident portion of tuition for a student described in 4.1 for as long as the student is enrolled at the institution.

5.1.3 In addition to waiving the nonresident portion of tuition for a meritorious nonresident undergraduate student under 5.1, a president may waive the resident portion of tuition after the meritorious nonresident undergraduate student completes a year of full-time study at the institution.

5.1.4 Institutions will be given until July 2021 to adjust their financial aid awards practice to align with these percentages and would be asked to be compliant with the policy for the 2022 Academic school year reports.

5.1.5 The Commissioner’s office will review the percentages in 2022 and then no longer than every five years thereafter and recommend changes if appropriate and justified.

5.1.5.1 Institutions may also request an adjustment to these percentages for the Board’s consideration outside of the five-year review period.

5.1.6 A president may waive all or part of the nonresident portion of tuition for nonresident graduate students.

5.1.7 A president may waive all or part of the nonresident portion of tuition for nonresident summer school students

5.2. Nonresident Tuition Scholarships:

5.2.1 In addition to the “border waiver” scholarships authorized under Section 53B-8-104, USHE presidents are authorized to grant scholarships for a waiver of the nonresident portion of total tuition charged to nonresident students when the scholarships will:
5.2.1.1 assist in maintaining an adequate level of service and related cost-effectiveness of auxiliary operations; and

5.2.1.2 promote enrollment of nonresident students with high academic aptitudes.

5.2.2 Policy Guidelines: Nonresident tuition scholarships may be awarded at the institutions with the following provisions:

5.2.2.1 the amount of the approved scholarship may be up to 100 percent of the differential tuition charged to nonresident students for an equal number of credit hours of instruction;

5.2.2.2 675 of the approved scholarships may be at a level of more than 50 percent of the differential tuition charged to nonresident students for an equal number of credit hours of instruction;

5.2.2.3 a nonresident scholarship may be awarded initially only to a nonresident student who has not previously been enrolled in a college or university in Utah and who has enrolled full time for ten or more credit hours; and

5.2.2.4 a nonresident student who receives a scholarship of greater than 50 percent of the differential tuition charged to nonresident students for an equal number of credit hours of instruction may not be counted against the funded target for the institution attended.

5.2.3 Annual Number of Nonresident Tuition Scholarships: Each academic year the president of the following institutions may award nonresident tuition scholarships as set forth below, not to exceed a total of 900 such scholarships in effect at any one time:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>Differential Tuition Scholarships (up to 100%)</th>
<th>Differential Tuition Scholarships (up to 50%)</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University of Utah</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>14</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah State University</td>
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<td>112</td>
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<td>9</td>
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<td>Dixie State University</td>
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<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salt Lake Community College</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USHE Total</td>
<td>695</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>900</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.2.3.1 Institutions shall determine award eligibility on a meritorious basis, considering measures such as grade point averages and test scores.

5.2.3.2 In determining eligibility for these scholarships, institutions may consider the impact of maintaining critical enrollment levels in academic programs.

5.3 Partial Waivers Pursuant to Reciprocal Agreements:

5.3.1 Partial Waiver of Nonresident Differential: The Board may grant a full or partial waiver of the nonresident differential in tuition rates charged to undergraduate students pursuant to reciprocal agreements with other states. In making the determination, the Board considers the potential of the waiver to: (A) enhance educational opportunities for Utah residents; (B) promote mutually beneficial cooperation and development of Utah communities and nearby communities in neighboring states; (C) contribute to the quality of educational programs; and (D) assist in maintaining the cost effectiveness of auxiliary operations in Utah institutions of higher education.

5.3.2 Dixie State University Good Neighbor Waiver: Dixie State University may offer a good neighbor full waiver of the nonresident differential in tuition rates charged to undergraduate students pursuant to the reciprocal agreements with other states or to a resident of a county that has a portion of the county located within 70 miles of the main campus of Dixie State University. A student who attends Dixie State University under a good neighbor tuition waiver shall pay a surcharge per credit hour in addition to the regular resident tuition and fees of Dixie State University. The surcharge per credit hour shall be based on a percentage of the approved resident tuition per credit hour each academic year. The percentage assessed as a surcharge per credit hour shall be set by the Board of Higher Education. Dixie State University may restrict the number of good neighbor tuition waivers awarded. A student who attends Dixie State University on a good neighbor tuition waiver may not count the time during which the waiver is received towards establishing resident student status in Utah.

5.3.3 Reciprocal Agreements with Other States: Consistent with its determinations made pursuant to section 4.3, the board may enter into agreements with other states to provide for a full or partial reciprocal waiver of the nonresident tuition differential charged to undergraduate students. An agreement shall provide for the numbers and identifying criteria of undergraduate students and shall specify the institutions of higher education that will be affected by the agreement.

5.3.4 Policy Guidelines: Each Utah institution affected by tuition waivers authorized by this part shall establish policy guidelines for evaluating applicants for such waivers.

5.4 “Border Waiver” Nonresident Partial Tuition Scholarships:
5.4.1 Border Waivers: An institution may grant a scholarship for partial waiver of the nonresident portion of total tuition charged by public institutions of higher education to nonresident undergraduate students, subject to the limitations provided in this part, if the institution determines that the scholarship will (a) promote mutually beneficial cooperation between Utah communities and nearby communities in states adjacent to Utah; (b) contribute to the quality and desirable cultural diversity of educational programs in the institution; (c) assist in maintaining an adequate level of service and related cost effectiveness of auxiliary operations in the institution; and (d) promote enrollment of nonresident students with high academic aptitudes.

5.4.2 Policy Guidelines: The institution shall establish policy for the administration of any “border waiver” partial tuition scholarships authorized under this part and for evaluating applicants for those scholarships. The institutional policy shall include the following provisions:

5.4.2.1 The amount of the approved scholarship may not be more than \( \frac{1}{2} \) of the differential tuition charged to nonresident students for an equal number of credit hours of instruction;

5.4.2.2 a “border waiver” nonresident partial tuition scholarship may be awarded initially only to a nonresident undergraduate student who has not previously been enrolled in a college or university in Utah and who has enrolled full time for ten or more credit hours, whose legal domicile is within approximately 100 highway miles of the USHE institution at which the recipient wishes to enroll, or within such distance or such designated eligible communities or regions as the Board may establish for each institution;

5.4.2.3 the total number of “border waiver” nonresident partial tuition scholarships granted by the institution may not exceed a total of 600 such scholarships in effect at any one time as provided in the table below; and

5.4.2.4 the institution shall determine eligibility for “border waiver” nonresident partial tuition scholarships on the basis of program availability at the institution and on a competitive basis, using quantifiable measurements such as grade point averages and results of test scores.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>Number of Scholarships</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University of Utah</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah State University</td>
<td>290</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weber State University</td>
<td>35</td>
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<tr>
<td>Southern Utah University</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dixie State University</td>
<td>157</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah Valley University</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Snow College</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salt Lake Community College</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USHE Total</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**5.5 Exemption for Certain Students with Utah High School Graduation:** A student, other than a non-immigrant alien within the meaning of paragraph (15) of subsection (a) of Section 1101 of Title 8 of the United States Code, shall be exempt from paying the nonresident portion of total tuition if the student:

5.5.1 attended high school in Utah for three or more years;

5.5.2 graduated from a high school in this state or received the equivalent of a high school diploma in Utah; and

5.5.3 registers as an entering student at an institution of higher education not earlier than the fall of the 2002-03 academic year.

5.5.4 In addition, a student without lawful immigration status shall file an affidavit with the USHE institution stating that the student has filed an application to legalize his or her immigration status or will file an application as soon as he or she is eligible to do so.

**5.6 Exemption of Nonresident Tuition for Certain Foreign Nationals:** A student shall be exempt from paying the nonresident portion of total tuition if the student

5.6.1 is a foreign national legally admitted to the United States;

5.6.2 attended a Utah high school in Utah for three or more years; and

5.6.3 graduated from a Utah high school or received the equivalent of a high school diploma in Utah.

**5.7 Alumni Legacy Nonresident Scholarships:**
5.7.1 **Alumni Legacy Nonresident Scholarships**: In addition to other nonresident tuition scholarships, USHE presidents may waive an amount up to the full nonresident portion of tuition for alumni legacy nonresident scholarships when the scholarship will:

5.7.1.1 assist in maintaining an adequate level of service and related cost-effectiveness of auxiliary operations in institutions of higher education; and

5.7.1.2 promote enrollment of nonresident students with high academic aptitudes;

5.7.1.3 recognize the legacy of past graduates and promote a continued connection to their alma mater.

5.7.2 **Policy Guidelines**: The institution shall establish institutional procedures for the administration of any Alumni Legacy Nonresident Scholarships authorized under this part and for evaluating applicants for those scholarships. The institutional procedures shall include the following criteria and provision:

5.7.2.1 enroll at an institution within the USHE for the first time; and

5.7.2.2 have at least one parent or grandparent who graduated with an associate’s degree or higher from the same institution in which the student is enrolling.

5.8 **Exemption of Nonresident Tuition as Athletic Scholarships**: Pursuant to §53B-8-102. In addition to the waivers of nonresident tuition available to each institution under Utah Code Ann. § 53B-8-101 et seq., and this policy (R513), each institution may, at its discretion, grant as athletic scholarships full waiver of fees and nonresident tuition, up to the maximum number allowed by the appropriate athletic conference, and as recommended by the president of each institution.

**R513-6 Annual Tuition Waiver Reporting Requirements:**

6.1 Institutions shall annually submit to the Board a report that provides the following data:

6.1.1 An assessment of how the institutions use of tuition waivers support the goals established by the Board;

6.1.2 The total amount of all waivers established under this policy that each institution granted stated in gross totals and as a percentage of total tuition revenue that, in the absence of waivers, the institution would have collected.
6.1.3 The amount waived for each individual waiver established under this policy, stated in gross totals and as a percentage of total tuition revenue that, in the absence of waivers, the institution would have collected.

6.1.4 The number of tuition waivers awarded by student type for each waiver awarded.

6.2 The Board of Higher Education shall provide an annual report to the general Legislature and the Legislature’s Higher Education Appropriations Subcommittee containing the following information:

6.2.1 A report and financial analysis of any waivers of tuition authorized under this part as part of the budget recommendations of the board for the USHE; and

6.2.2 A budget appropriation request for each institution, which include requests for funds sufficient in amount to equal the estimated loss of dedicated credits realized by tuition waiver type.

R513, Tuition Waivers and Reductions

R513-1 Purpose: To establish procedures for Utah System of Higher Education (USHE) institutions to administer tuition waiver and reduction programs.

R513-2 References

2.1 Utah Code 53B-8-101, Waiver of Tuition—Resident—National Guard—Nonresident—Critical Occupations—Summer School—Graduate Students

2.2 Utah Code 53B-8-103, Partial Waivers Pursuant to Reciprocal Agreements

2.3 Utah Code 53B-8-104, Nonresident Partial Tuition Scholarships—Border7 Waivers

2.4 Utah Code 53B-8-104.5, Nonresident Tuition Scholarships

2.5 Utah Code 53B-8-106, Resident Tuition Scholarships—Requirements—Rules

2.6 Utah Code Title 53B, Chapter 9, Higher Education for Senior Citizens

2.7 Utah Code Title 53B, Chapter 8c, Police Officer’s and Firefighter’s Survivor Tuition Waiver

2.8 Utah Code Title 53B, Chapter 8d, Tuition Waivers for Wards of the State

2.9 Utah Code Title 53B, Chapter 8e, Tuition Waivers for Purple Heart Recipients


2.11 Policy and Procedures R510, Tuition and Fees

2.12 Policy and Procedures R512, Determination of Resident Status

2.13 Utah Code 53B-8-107, Scott B. Lundell Waiver of Tuition for Dependents of Military Members Killed in Action

2.14 Utah Code 53B-8-103.5, Alumni Legacy Nonresident Scholarships

2.15 Utah Code 53B-8-102, Definition of Resident Student
R513-3 Definitions

3.1 **Impecunious Resident Student:** A resident student whose demonstrated lack of financial resources presents a significant barrier to accessing higher education or completing a higher education degree or certificate.

3.2 **Meritorious Resident Student:** A resident student who has demonstrated exceptional academic and / or other achievements which qualify for recognition and reward.

R513-4 Waiver of Resident Tuition:

4.1 **10% Resident Tuition Waivers:** The president of each institution may waive all or part of the tuition in behalf of meritorious or impecunious resident students to an amount not exceeding 10 percent of the total amount of tuition which, in the absence of the waivers, would have been collected from all Utah resident students at the institution.

4.1.1 Of the amounts waived in 4.1, at least 10 percent of total amount shall be used to support tuition waivers for impecunious resident students.

4.1.1.1 Each of the institutions will develop and present a plan to the Board of Higher Education on how it expects to be compliant with 4.1.1. for the reporting cycle beginning July 1, 2021.

4.1.1.2 The Board shall review the percentage set aside for impecunious students every three years beginning July 1, 2024.

4.2 **National Guard Set Aside:** Of the amount waived for resident students under 4.1, 2.5 percent of the total amount shall be set aside by institutions for waivers reserved for members of the Utah National Guard.

4.2.1 To ensure timely processing, the Utah National Guard Administration will provide to the institutions a prioritized list of qualified candidates for tuition waivers no later than 60 calendar days prior to the start of an academic term. Candidates for Utah National Guard tuition waivers must be full-time students. To ensure the highest number of candidates

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receive a tuition waiver, institutions may adjust the waiver amount between partial and full amounts.

4.2.2 An institution may, at its discretion and within its established criteria, allow recipients to use tuition waivers toward self-supported courses.

4.2.3 Any National Guard tuition waivers set aside but not claimed 30 days prior to the beginning of the term may be used for other qualified students.

4.3 Partial Tuition Waivers for Critical Occupations: Upon recommendation of the Board of Higher Education, a president shall grant additional full or partial tuition waivers to encourage students to enroll for instruction in specifically identified occupations critical to the state for which trained personnel are in short supply.

4.4 Waivers for Senior Citizens and Veterans: Institutions shall permit Utah residents age 62 and over or veterans as defined in Section 68-3-12.5 to enroll tuition-free in classes subject to the following conditions:

4.4.1 Institutions may charge an administrative fee.

4.4.2 Institutions may charge course and program fees as defined in R517.

4.4.3 Institutions may limit enrollment under this section based on existing prerequisites, regular procedures, standard teaching loads, and available classroom space following the enrollment of matriculated students.

4.4.4 Institutions shall not award credit or competencies for courses completed pursuant to this section.

4.4.5 Institutions’ enrollment reports shall list senior citizens and veterans separately from matriculated students.

4.5 Police Officer’s and Firefighter’s Survivor Tuition Waiver:

4.5.1 Definitions: As used in this part:

4.5.1.1 “Child” means an individual who (a) is a natural or adopted child of a deceased peace officer or deceased firefighter; and (b) was under the age of 25 at the time of the peace officer’s or firefighter’s death.

4.5.1.2 “Department” means the Department of Public Safety.
4.5.1.3 “Killed” means that the peace officer’s or firefighter’s death is the direct and proximate result of a traumatic injury incurred in the line of duty.

4.5.1.4 “Line of Duty” means an action that a peace officer or firefighter is obligated or authorized to perform by rule, regulation, condition of employment or service, or law, including a social, ceremonial, or athletic function that the peace officer or firefighter is assigned to or compensated for by the public agency being served.

4.5.1.5 “Occupational Disease” means a disease that routinely constitutes a special hazard in, or is commonly regarded as concomitant of, the peace officer’s or firefighter’s occupation.

4.5.1.6 “Traumatic Injury” means a wound or the condition of the body caused by external force, including an injury inflicted by bullet, explosive, sharp instrument, blunt object, or other physical blow, fire, smoke, chemical, electricity, climatic condition, infectious disease, radiation, or bacteria, but excluding an occupational disease.

4.5.1.7 “Tuition” means tuition at the rate charged for residents of the state.

4.5.1.8 “Utah Firefighter” or “Firefighter” means a member, including volunteer members and members paid on call, of a fire department or other organization that provides fire suppression and other fire related services, of a political subdivision who is responsible for or is in a capacity that includes responsibility for the extinguishment of fires. This does not include a person whose job description, duties, or responsibilities do not include direct involvement in fire suppression.

4.5.1.9 “Utah Peace Officer” or “Peace Officer” means an employee of a law enforcement agency that is part of or administered by the state or any of its political subdivisions, and whose duties consist primarily of the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of criminal statutes or ordinances of this state or any of its political subdivisions.

4.5.2 Tuition Waivers for Surviving Spouses and Children: Subject to the limitations below, a USHE institution shall waive tuition for each child and surviving spouse of a Utah peace officer or Utah firefighter who has been killed or is killed in the line of duty if the individual meets the following requirements:

4.5.2.1 applies, qualifies, and is admitted as a full-time, part-time, or summer school student in a program of study leading to a degree or certificate;
4.5.2.2 is a resident student of the state as determined under R512, Determination of Resident Status;

4.5.2.3 applies to the Department for a waiver of tuition under this chapter and provides evidence satisfactory to the Department that (a) the applicant is the surviving spouse or child of a peace officer or firefighter who was killed in the line of duty; (b) the course or courses for which the applicant is seeking a tuition waiver meet the requirements of 3.5.3; and (c) the applicant meets the other requirements of this part;

4.5.2.4 for a child of a peace officer or firefighter killed in the line of duty, applies under section 3.5.2 for the first time before the age of 25;

4.5.2.5 is certified by the financial aid officer at the institution as needing the tuition waiver in order to meet recognized educational expenses, with the understanding that if the applicant’s family income, excluding any income from death benefits attributable to the peace officer’s or firefighter’s death, is below 400 percent of the poverty level under federal poverty guidelines, then the income from any death benefits accruing to the applicant as a result of the death may not be counted as family income in determining financial need under this 3.5.3.1;

4.5.2.6 maintains satisfactory academic progress, as defined by the institution, for each term or semester in which the individual is enrolled, which may be measured by the definition used for federal student assistance programs under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965; and

4.5.2.7 has not achieved a bachelor’s degree and has received tuition reimbursement under this chapter for less than 124 semester credits or 180 quarter credits at an institution of higher education.

4.5.3 Limited Term for Waiver: A child or surviving spouse of a peace officer or firefighter who was killed in the line of duty is eligible for a tuition waiver under this section of not more than nine semesters or the equivalent number of quarters.

4.5.3.1 Waiver Only If Tuition Not Otherwise Covered: Tuition shall be waived only to the extent that the tuition is not covered or paid by any scholarship, trust fund, statutory benefit, or any other source of tuition coverage available for a waiver.

4.5.3.2 Waiver for Required Courses Only: An institution shall waive tuition under this chapter only for courses that are applicable toward the degree or certificate requirements of the program in which the child or surviving spouse is enrolled.
4.5.3.3 Prior Approval by Department: Upon receiving an application under Utah Code 53B-8c-103(1)(c), the Department shall determine whether the applicant and the courses for which tuition waiver is sought meet the requirements of Section 53B-8c-103 and, if so, shall approve the application and notify the higher education institution that the application has been approved.

4.5.3.4 Department Cooperation: The institutions shall cooperate with the Department in developing efficient procedures for the implementation of this program and shall use the forms and applications provided by the Department.

4.6 Tuition Waivers for Wards of the State:

4.6.1 Definitions: As used in this part:

4.6.1.1 “Division” means the Division of Child and Family Services.

4.6.1.2 “Long-term Foster Care” means an individual who remains in the custody of the Division, whether or not the individual resides with licensed foster parents or in independent living arrangements under the supervision of the Division.

4.6.1.3 “State Institution of Higher Education” means those institutions designated in Section 53B-1-102 and any public institution that offers postsecondary education in consideration of the payment of tuition or fees for the attainment of educational or vocational objectives leading to a degree or certificate, including business schools, technical schools, applied technology centers, trade schools, and institutions offering related apprenticeship programs.

4.6.1.4 “Tuition” means tuition at the rate for residents of the state.

4.6.1.5 “Ward of the State” means an individual (a) who is at least 17 years of age and not older than 26 years of age; (b) who had a permanency goal in the individual’s treatment plan, as defined in Sections 62A-4a-205 and 78-3a-312, of long-term foster care while in the custody of the Division; and (c) for whom the custody of the Division was not terminated as a result of adoption.

4.6.2 Tuition Waivers for Wards of the State: Subject to the limitations in 4.6.2.1, 4.6.2.2., and 4.6.2.3, a state institution of higher education shall waive tuition for each ward of the state applicant who meets the following requirements:

4.6.2.1 applies, qualifies, and is admitted as a full-time, part-time, or summer school student in a program of study leading to a degree or certificate;
4.6.2.2 is a resident student of the state as determined under R512, Determination of Resident Status;

4.6.2.3 provides the institution with documentation from the Division that the Division has verified: (a) applicant is at least 17 years of age and not older than 26 years of age; (b) applicant had a permanency goal in the Division treatment plan, as defined in Sections 62A-4a-205 and 78-3a-312, of long-term foster care while in the custody of the Division; (c) applicant’s custody was not terminated as a result of adoption; (d) applicant was in the custody of the Division for an aggregate period of not less than 24 months; (e) applicant applied for the first time under this program before the age of 22; and (f) applicant has not achieved a bachelor’s degree, and has received tuition reimbursement under this program for less than 124 semester credits (or 180 quarter credits) and for not more than nine semesters at an institution of higher education.

4.6.2.4 verifies that the course or courses for which the applicant is seeking a tuition waiver meet the requirements of 4.6.2.3;

4.6.2.5 is certified by the financial aid officer at the higher education institution as needing the tuition waiver in order to meet recognized educational expenses;

4.6.2.6 maintains satisfactory academic progress, as defined by the institution of higher education, for each term or semester in which the individual is enrolled, which may be measured by the definition used for federal student assistance programs under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965; and

4.6.3 Limited Term of Waiver: A ward of the state is eligible for a tuition waiver under this section for not more than nine semesters.

4.6.3.1 Waiver Only if Tuition Not Otherwise Covered: Tuition shall be waived (a) after the individual has applied for financial assistance, including scholarships and Pell Grants; and (b) only to the extent that the tuition is not covered or paid by any scholarship, trust fund, statutory benefit, Pell Grant, or any other source of tuition coverage available for a waiver.

4.6.3.2 Waiver for Required Courses Only: An institution of higher education shall waive tuition under this chapter only for courses that are applicable toward the degree or certificate requirements of the program in which the student is enrolled.
4.6.4 **Reimbursement of Waivers by Division**: The institutions shall seek reimbursement from the Division for any tuition waived under this chapter.

4.7 **Tuition Exemption for Teachers**:

4.7.1 **Definitions**: As used in this part

4.7.1.1 “**Educator**”: means an educator is a person currently employed in the Utah public school system who is a licensed educator in good standing or has been issued a letter of authorization permitting such employment under Utah Code 53A-6-104, the Board Licensure section of the Educator Licensure and Professional Practices Act.

4.7.1.2 “**Tuition Waivers for Teachers**” means an educator who enrolls in a course of study determined by the State Board of Education to satisfy the professional development requirements of §53A-6-104(2)(b)(i) is exempt from the tuition charges for a class taken as part of that course of study provided that the following conditions are met:

4.7.1.3 “**Master’s and Doctoral Degree Candidates**” means because of the extensive involvement of faculty members in committees, mentoring, and counseling of master’s and doctoral degree candidates, the concept of surplus space does not apply, and such educators are not eligible for the exemption from tuition under this section.

4.7.2 **Administrative Semester Registration Fee**: The institution may charge an educator an administrative semester registration fee not to exceed $100 per semester to cover the actual increased costs associated with registration, verification of educator status, identification of eligible courses, certification of space availability, and record keeping.

4.7.3 **Surplus Space Enrollment**: The educator may be enrolled on the basis of surplus space as determined by the institution under these rules and guidelines as follows:

4.7.3.1 If a principal or substantial reason for the institution to offer the class is to serve educators, then no educator enrolled in that class can be considered to be enrolled on the basis of surplus space, and therefore cannot be eligible for this exemption from tuition charges;

4.7.3.2 If the class meets the requirements of 53A-6-104(2)(b)(i) but does not have as a principal or substantial purpose to serve educators, then the institution shall define the optimum class size of the class in accordance with regular procedures.
and normal teaching loads in that space within the institution’s approved budget. The number of surplus space enrollments available to educators is determined by subtracting from the optimum class size the number of tuition paying students enrolled in the class. The surplus space enrollments may then be filled by educators on a first come first served basis. However, in order to maintain the optimum class size, educators exempt from tuition may be bumped (last in, first out) by regular tuition paying students who later register for the class.

4.8. Tuition Reimbursement for Sequential Mandarin Chinese Course:

4.8.1 Extended Sequential Study for Difficult Languages: Difficult languages require extended sequences of study to acquire proficiency in listening, speaking, reading, and writing.

4.8.2 Mandarin Chinese Program: The Board and the State Board of Education, in consultation with the Utah Education Network, may develop and implement a concurrent enrollment course of study in Mandarin Chinese. The course shall be taught over EDNET to high school juniors and seniors in the state’s public education system.

4.8.3 Tuition Reimbursement: Students who successfully complete the concurrent enrollment course in Mandarin Chinese offered under the part shall receive tuition reimbursement for a sequential Mandarin Chinese course they successfully complete with a “B” grade or above at an institution within the USHE.

4.9 Scott B. Lundell Waiver of Tuition for Dependents of Military Members Killed in Action:

4.9.1 Tuition Waiver: USHE institutions shall waive undergraduate tuition for surviving dependents of a Utah resident, as defined in Utah Code §53B-8-107, who, as a member of the armed forces of the United States, including the Utah National Guard or a reserve component, was killed or died of wounds or injuries received while serving on federal active duty, under orders of competent authority and not as a result of the member’s own misconduct.

4.9.1.2 The dependent must be accepted by the institution as a student in accordance with the institution’s admission guidelines.

4.9.1.3 The dependent must be a resident student as defined by Utah Code §53B-8-102 and Board Policy R512.
4.9.1.4 The dependent may not be excluded from the waiver if the dependent has previously taken courses at, or has been awarded credit by, a USHE institution.

4.9.2 Certification by Adjutant General or Designee: The adjutant general, after consultation with federal authorities if necessary, shall certify to the institution that the dependent is a surviving dependent eligible for the waiver. The adjutant general may delegate this responsibility to the Utah Department of Veterans Affairs.

4.9.3 Definition of “Dependent”: For purposes of this policy, the term “dependent” shall include a surviving spouse.

4.9.4 Limitations on Waiver: The waiver is subject to the following limitations:

4.9.4.1 The waiver is not applicable if the dependent has already completed an undergraduate degree.

4.9.4.2 The waiver is applicable for undergraduate study only.

4.9.4.3 The dependent may only utilize the waiver for courses that are applicable toward the degree or certificate requirement of the program in which the dependent is enrolled.

4.9.4.4 The waiver is not applicable to fees, books, or housing expenses, and tuition shall be waived only to the extent that tuition is not covered by scholarships, Pell Grants, statutory benefit, or any other form of non-loan tuition coverage.

4.10 Waiver of Tuition for Purple Heart Recipients: USHE institutions shall waive undergraduate tuition for each Purple Heart recipient who is admitted as a full-time, part-time, or summer school student in an undergraduate program of study leading to a degree or certificate, provided that the student is a resident of the state as determined under Section 53B-8-102, and that the student submits verification from the Division of Veterans Affairs that the student has earned a Purple Heart award as a result of military service.

4.11 When Verification of Lawful Presence is Not Required. As provided by Utah Code Ann. §63G-12-402, verification of lawful presence in the United States is not required of a student who is a graduate of a high school located in Utah and (1) is exempt from paying the nonresident portion of total tuition under Utah Code Ann. §53B-8-106; or (2) applies for, and may be awarded, a privately funded scholarship that is administered by a USHE institution.

R513–5 Waiver of Nonresident Tuition:
5.1 Waivers for Nonresident Undergraduate, Graduate, or Summer School Students:

The president of each institution may waive all or part of the nonresident portion of tuition for meritorious nonresident undergraduate students to an amount not exceeding the designated percent of the total amount of tuition which, in the absence of the waivers, would have been collected from all nonresident students at the institution outlined in the chart below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>Not to exceed percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University of Utah</td>
<td>16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah State University</td>
<td>13%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weber State University</td>
<td>40%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Southern Utah University</td>
<td>35%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Snow College</td>
<td>27%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dixie State University</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah Valley University</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salt Lake Community College</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.1.1 In determining which students are meritorious for purposes of granting a tuition waiver under 5.1, a president shall consider students who are performing above the average at the institution, including having an admission index higher than the average for the institution, if an admission index is used.

5.1.2 A president may continue to waive the nonresident portion of tuition for a student described in 4.1 for as long as the student is enrolled at the institution.

5.1.3 In addition to waiving the nonresident portion of tuition for a meritorious nonresident undergraduate student under 5.1, a president may waive the resident portion of tuition after the meritorious nonresident undergraduate student completes a year of full-time study at the institution.

5.1.4 Institutions will be given until July 2021 to adjust their financial aid awards practice to align with these percentages and would be asked to be compliant with the policy for the 2022 Academic school year reports.

5.1.5 The Commissioner’s office will review the percentages in 2022 and then no longer than every five years thereafter and recommend changes if appropriate and justified.

5.1.5.1 Institutions may also request an adjustment to these percentages for the Board’s consideration outside of the five-year review period.
5.1.6 A president may waive all or part of the nonresident portion of tuition for nonresident graduate students.

5.1.7 A president may waive all or part of the nonresident portion of tuition for nonresident summer school students

5.2. Nonresident Tuition Scholarships:

5.2.1 In addition to the “border waiver” scholarships authorized under Section 53B-8-104, USHE presidents are authorized to grant scholarships for a waiver of the nonresident portion of total tuition charged to nonresident students when the scholarships will:

5.2.1.1 assist in maintaining an adequate level of service and related cost-effectiveness of auxiliary operations; and

5.2.1.2 promote enrollment of nonresident students with high academic aptitudes.

5.2.2 Policy Guidelines: Nonresident tuition scholarships may be awarded at the institutions with the following provisions:

5.2.2.1 the amount of the approved scholarship may be up to 100 percent of the differential tuition charged to nonresident students for an equal number of credit hours of instruction;

5.2.2.2 675 of the approved scholarships may be at a level of more than 50 percent of the differential tuition charged to nonresident students for an equal number of credit hours of instruction;

5.2.2.3 a nonresident scholarship may be awarded initially only to a nonresident student who has not previously been enrolled in a college or university in Utah and who has enrolled full time for ten or more credit hours; and

5.2.2.4 a nonresident student who receives a scholarship of greater than 50 percent of the differential tuition charged to nonresident students for an equal number of credit hours of instruction may not be counted against the funded target for the institution attended.

5.2.3 Annual Number of Nonresident Tuition Scholarships: Each academic year the president of the following institutions may award nonresident tuition scholarships as set forth below, not to exceed a total of 900 such scholarships in effect at any one time:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>Differential Tuition Scholarships (up to 100%)</th>
<th>Differential Tuition Scholarships (up to 50%)</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University of Utah</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah State University</td>
<td>330</td>
<td>112</td>
<td>442</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weber State University</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southern Utah University</td>
<td>96</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>121</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Snow College</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dixie State University</td>
<td>161</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>205</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah Valley University</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salt Lake Community College</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USHE Total</td>
<td>695</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>900</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.2.3.1 Institutions shall determine award eligibility on a meritorious basis, considering measures such as grade point averages and test scores.

5.2.3.2 In determining eligibility for these scholarships, institutions may consider the impact of maintaining critical enrollment levels in academic programs.

5.3 Partial Waivers Pursuant to Reciprocal Agreements:

5.3.1 Partial Waiver of Nonresident Differential: The Board may grant a full or partial waiver of the nonresident differential in tuition rates charged to undergraduate students pursuant to reciprocal agreements with other states. In making the determination, the Board considers the potential of the waiver to: (A) enhance educational opportunities for Utah residents; (B) promote mutually beneficial cooperation and development of Utah communities and nearby communities in neighboring states; (C) contribute to the quality of educational programs; and (D) assist in maintaining the cost effectiveness of auxiliary operations in Utah institutions of higher education.

5.3.2 Dixie State University Good Neighbor Waiver: Dixie State University may offer a good neighbor full waiver of the nonresident differential in tuition rates charged to undergraduate students pursuant to the reciprocal agreements with other states or to a resident of a county that has a portion of the county located within 70 miles of the main campus of Dixie State University. A student who attends Dixie State University under a good neighbor tuition waiver shall pay a surcharge per credit hour in addition to the regular resident tuition and fees of Dixie State University. The surcharge per credit hour shall be based on a percentage of the approved resident tuition per credit hour each academic year. The percentage assessed as a surcharge per credit hour shall be set by the Board of Higher Education. Dixie State University may restrict the number of good neighbor tuition waivers.
awarded. A student who attends Dixie State University on a good neighbor tuition waiver may not count the time during which the waiver is received towards establishing resident student status in Utah.

5.3.3 Reciprocal Agreements with Other States: Consistent with its determinations made pursuant to section 4.3, the board may enter into agreements with other states to provide for a full or partial reciprocal waiver of the nonresident tuition differential charged to undergraduate students. An agreement shall provide for the numbers and identifying criteria of undergraduate students and shall specify the institutions of higher education that will be affected by the agreement.

5.3.4 Policy Guidelines: Each Utah institution affected by tuition waivers authorized by this part shall establish policy guidelines for evaluating applicants for such waivers.

5.4 “Border Waiver” Nonresident Partial Tuition Scholarships:

5.4.1 Border Waivers: An institution may grant a scholarship for partial waiver of the nonresident portion of total tuition charged by public institutions of higher education to nonresident undergraduate students, subject to the limitations provided in this part, if the institution determines that the scholarship will (a) promote mutually beneficial cooperation between Utah communities and nearby communities in states adjacent to Utah; (b) contribute to the quality and desirable cultural diversity of educational programs in the institution; (c) assist in maintaining an adequate level of service and related cost effectiveness of auxiliary operations in the institution; and (d) promote enrollment of nonresident students with high academic aptitudes.

5.4.2 Policy Guidelines: The institution shall establish policy for the administration of any “border waiver” partial tuition scholarships authorized under this part and for evaluating applicants for those scholarships. The institutional policy shall include the following provisions:

5.4.2.1 The amount of the approved scholarship may not be more than ½ of the differential tuition charged to nonresident students for an equal number of credit hours of instruction;

5.4.2.2 a “border waiver” nonresident partial tuition scholarship may be awarded initially only to a nonresident undergraduate student who has not previously been enrolled in a college or university in Utah and who has enrolled full time for ten or
more credit hours, whose legal domicile is within approximately 100 highway miles of the USHE institution at which the recipient wishes to enroll, or within such distance or such designated eligible communities or regions as the Board may establish for each institution;

5.4.2.3 the total number of “border waiver” nonresident partial tuition scholarships granted by the institution may not exceed a total of 600 such scholarships in effect at any one time as provided in the table below; and

5.4.2.4 the institution shall determine eligibility for “border waiver” nonresident partial tuition scholarships on the basis of program availability at the institution and on a competitive basis, using quantifiable measurements such as grade point averages and results of test scores.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>Number of Scholarships</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University of Utah</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah State University</td>
<td>290</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weber State University</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southern Utah University</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dixie State University</td>
<td>157</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah Valley University</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Snow College</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salt Lake Community College</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USHE Total</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.5 Exemption for Certain Students with Utah High School Graduation: A student, other than a non-immigrant alien within the meaning of paragraph (15) of subsection (a) of Section 1101 of Title 8 of the United States Code, shall be exempt from paying the nonresident portion of total tuition if the student:

5.5.1 attended high school in Utah for three or more years;

5.5.2 graduated from a high school in this state or received the equivalent of a high school diploma in Utah; and

5.5.3 registers as an entering student at an institution of higher education not earlier than the fall of the 2002-03 academic year.
5.5.4 In addition, a student without lawful immigration status shall file an affidavit with the USHE institution stating that the student has filed an application to legalize his or her immigration status or will file an application as soon as he or she is eligible to do so.

5.6 Exemption of Nonresident Tuition for Certain Foreign Nationals: A student shall be exempt from paying the nonresident portion of total tuition if the student

5.6.1 is a foreign national legally admitted to the United States;

5.6.2 attended a Utah high school in Utah for three or more years; and

5.6.3 graduated from a Utah high school or received the equivalent of a high school diploma in Utah.

5.7 Alumni Legacy Nonresident Scholarships:

5.7.1 Alumni Legacy Nonresident Scholarships: In addition to other nonresident tuition scholarships, USHE presidents may waive an amount up to the full nonresident portion of tuition for alumni legacy nonresident scholarships when the scholarship will:

5.7.1.1 assist in maintaining an adequate level of service and related cost-effectiveness of auxiliary operations in institutions of higher education; and

5.7.1.2 promote enrollment of nonresident students with high academic aptitudes;

5.7.1.3 recognize the legacy of past graduates and promote a continued connection to their alma mater.

5.7.2 Policy Guidelines: The institution shall establish institutional procedures for the administration of any Alumni Legacy Nonresident Scholarships authorized under this part and for evaluating applicants for those scholarships. The institutional procedures shall include the following criteria and provision:

5.7.2.1 enroll at an institution within the USHE for the first time; and

5.7.2.2 have at least one parent or grandparent who graduated with an associate’s degree or higher from the same institution in which the student is enrolling.

5.8 Exemption of Nonresident Tuition as Athletic Scholarships: Pursuant to §53B-8-102. In addition to the waivers of nonresident tuition available to each institution under Utah Code Ann. § 53B-8-101 et seq., and this policy (R513), each institution may, at its discretion, grant as athletic scholarships full waiver of fees and nonresident tuition, up to the maximum
number allowed by the appropriate athletic conference, and as recommended by the president of each institution.

**R513-6 Annual Tuition Waiver Reporting Requirements:**

**6.1** Institutions shall annually submit to the Board a report that provides the following data:

**6.1.1** An assessment of how the institutions use of tuition waivers support the goals established by the Board;

**6.1.2** The total amount of all waivers established under this policy that each institution granted stated in gross totals and as a percentage of total tuition revenue that, in the absence of waivers, the institution would have collected.

**6.1.3** The amount waived for each individual waiver established under this policy, stated in gross totals and as a percentage of total tuition revenue that, in the absence of waivers, the institution would have collected.

**6.1.4** The number of tuition waivers awarded by student type for each waiver awarded.

**6.2** The Board of Higher Education shall provide an annual report to the general Legislature and the Legislature’s Higher Education Appropriations Subcommittee containing the following information:

**6.2.1** A report and financial analysis of any waivers of tuition authorized under this part as part of the budget recommendations of the board for the USHE; and

**6.2.2** A budget appropriation request for each institution, which include requests for funds sufficient in amount to equal the estimated loss of dedicated credits realized by tuition waiver type.
July 15, 2021

**FY 2022 Board of Higher Education Budget**

The Board of Higher Education oversees a budget of $80.8 million in four separate programs:

1. Administration - $19.4 million
2. Pass-Through Funds to USHE Institutions - $10.5 million
3. Scholarship Programs - $48.8 million
4. Utah Medical Education Council - $2.1 million

The Administration program includes personnel and operations in the Commissioner's Office, the operational budget for the Board of Higher Education, pass-through initiatives for Emerging Tech Talent and Mental Health Services for Technical Colleges, Statewide College Advising Program, Innovation District at the Point, Shared Services, and Northstar technical support.

Pass-through programs include funds to support the Academic Library Consortium, Higher Education Technology Initiative, Math Competency, and Hearing Impaired.

USHE Scholarship programs include the Regents’ Scholarship, Education Re-engagement, Promise Scholarship, Talent Development Incentive Loan program, T.H. Bell Teaching Incentive program, and other student financial aid and scholarship programs.

The legislature also appropriates the Utah Medical Education Council (UMEC) budget to the Board, even though the organization operates independently of the System.

**Commissioner’s Recommendations**

The Commissioner recommends the Board approve the budget for the fiscal year 2022.

**Attachment**
Office of the Commissioner of Higher Education Budget FY 2022

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Revenue</th>
<th>Administration</th>
<th>Pass-Through</th>
<th>Scholarship</th>
<th>UMEC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fund Balance Transfer-in</td>
<td>$ 426,157</td>
<td>$ 398,643</td>
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<td>$ 107,028</td>
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<tr>
<td>Education &amp; General Funds</td>
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<td>10,104,700</td>
<td>33,817,800</td>
<td>1,814,300</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other Revenue/Dedicated Credits</td>
<td>511,953</td>
<td></td>
<td>$ 15,000,000</td>
<td>200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total FY 2022 Revenue</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 19,401,110</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 10,503,343</strong></td>
<td><strong>$48,817,800</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 2,121,328</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expenses</th>
<th>Administration</th>
<th>Pass-Through</th>
<th>Scholarship</th>
<th>UMEC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Personnel</td>
<td>$ 6,956,956</td>
<td>$ 40,693</td>
<td>$ 251,184</td>
<td>$ 666,328</td>
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<tr>
<td>Travel</td>
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<td>4,300</td>
<td>1,365</td>
<td>20,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Current Expenses</td>
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<td>399,750</td>
<td>589,790</td>
<td>265,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pass-Through</td>
<td>5,246,520</td>
<td>10,058,600</td>
<td>47,975,461</td>
<td>1,170,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total FY 2022 Expenses</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 19,401,110</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 10,503,343</strong></td>
<td><strong>$48,817,800</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 2,121,328</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Programs</th>
<th>Administration</th>
<th>Pass-Through</th>
<th>Scholarship</th>
<th>UMEC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Commissioner's Office</td>
<td>$ 8,950,518</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Emerging Tech Talent Initiative</td>
<td>4,846,520</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statewide College Advising (UCAC)</td>
<td>2,500,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Innovation District at the Point</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Shared Services</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northstar</td>
<td>536,172</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mental Health Services for Tech</td>
<td>400,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Board of Higher Education</td>
<td>167,900</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Higher Ed Technology Initiative</td>
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<td>$ 4,498,800</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Academic Library Consortium</td>
<td>3,410,000</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math Competency</td>
<td>1,798,243</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hearing Impaired</td>
<td>796,300</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regents Scholarship</td>
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<td></td>
<td>$ 18,074,900</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education Re-engagement</td>
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<td></td>
<td>15,000,000</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Financial Aid</td>
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<td></td>
<td>3,252,800</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access Utah Promise Scholarship</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2,274,600</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T.H. Bell Incentive Loans</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2,031,800</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Century Scholarships</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,983,900</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talent Development Loan</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,547,400</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Success Stipend</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,391,200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Scholarships (&lt;1 million)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,161,200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Career &amp; Technical Education</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,100,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Learners Grant Program</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pass-Through</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$ 1,170,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah Medical Education Council</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>951,328</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total FY 2022 Programs</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 19,401,110</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 10,503,343</strong></td>
<td><strong>$48,817,800</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 2,121,328</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
July 15, 2021

Finance and Facilities Committee Accomplishments and Review

As a new fiscal year begins, this discussion item reviews the work of the Finance and Facilities Committee from July 2020 to June 2021. It provides an opportunity for the Committee to discuss future topics and issues to address. The Committee assists the Board in meeting statutory requirements to ensure affordability in higher education. It focuses on budget and capital funding priorities, reasonable tuition and fee adjustments, and efficient systemwide business practice. The business of the Committee during 2020-2021 included the following:

21 Discussion Items
- Tuition rates, general student fees, and course and program fees
- Shared services
- Performance funding models and legislative action
- Affordability and Board strategic goals

32 Action Items
- A new general student fee policy and an updated course and program fee policy
- Tuition and fee setting process and requests that reviewed and eliminated general student fees
- Review and approval of the operating budget and capital development guidelines and requests
- Approval of 9 new policies, policy revisions, or policy eliminations related to finance and facilities
- Five new bond issuances for USHE institutions and UHEAA
- Approval of 7 non-state funded projects and 8 property transactions

22 Informational Items
- Annual reports from the Commissioner’s Office regarding tuition rates, enrollment, institution auxiliary operations, institutional residences, leased space, annual money management reports, debt service report, and contracts and grants received
- Updates on the legislative session, capital improvement projects, institutions’ health insurance changes, the audit committee, and indebtedness.
- Board of Trustee reports on property transactions

Commissioner’s Recommendations
This is a discussion item only; no action is required.
2021-22 Budget Initiatives Use of Funds Received

The Board requested each USHE institution provide a detailed report on how they intend to use their share of legislative appropriations from the 2021 General Session for the 2021-22 fiscal year. Institutions received funding in two sections: 1) technical education growth, capacity, and equipment, and 2) degree-granting institutions performance and growth. Institutions provided descriptions, rationale, justification, outcomes, assessment, and a budgetary plan for each of these categories. Additional detail is available upon request. This information will be used to respond to legislative budget follow-up reports and other similar requests.

Section 1: Technical Education Priorities

Technical Education Growth and Capacity  

USHE technical education institutions were asked to provide funding requests for regionally critical technical programs experiencing capacity challenges related to student demand. The institutions provided detailed funding requests, including performance indicators and explanations for need and demand. Specific institutional budget to actual requests are listed below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bridgerland Technical College</th>
<th>Budget: $6,055,000</th>
<th>Actual: $6,055,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Welding Technology</td>
<td>$475,000</td>
<td>$475,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pharmacy Technician</td>
<td>$73,500</td>
<td>$73,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Service Program Support</td>
<td>$67,000</td>
<td>$67,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diesel Mechanics</td>
<td>$98,500</td>
<td>$98,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entrepreneurship Center Director</td>
<td>$140,500</td>
<td>$140,500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Davis Technical College      | $623,000          | $623,000          |
| Welding Technology           | $191,000          | $191,000          |
| Heating and Air Conditioning | $120,000          | $120,000          |
| Medical Assistant            | $102,000          | $102,000          |
| Manufacturing Technology     | $90,000           | $90,000           |
| Heavy Equipment Operator     | $120,000          | $120,000          |

| Dixie Technical College      | $520,000          | $520,000          |
| Automotive Technician Instructor | $102,800    | $102,800          |
| Medical Instructor           | $121,400          | $121,400          |
| Heating, Cooling, Refrigeration Instructor | $109,000 | $109,000          |
| Architectural and Mechanical Drafting Instructor | $102,800 | $102,800          |
| Electrical Adjunct Instructors | $42,000        | $42,000           |
- Plumbing Adjunct Instructors $42,000 $42,000

**Mountainland Technical College**
- Campus Security Improvements $200,000 $200,000
- Automotive Technology Expansion $253,000 $253,000
- Diesel Technology $285,000 $285,000
- Precision Machining $130,000 $130,000
- Automated Manufacturing $220,000 $220,000
- Welding $250,000 $250,000
- Information Technology $122,500 $122,500
- Web Programming and Development $180,000 $180,000
- Mobile Development $120,000 $120,000
- Digital Marketing Analytics $120,000 $120,000
- Medical Assistant $125,000 $125,000

**Ogden-Weber Technical College**
- Apprenticeship Expansion $450,000 $450,000
- Health Program Services Expansion $30,000 $30,000

**Salt Lake Community College – School of Applied Technology**
- Certified Nursing Assistant Faculty $100,000 $100,000
- Welding Faculty $100,000 $100,000
- Academic Advisor $80,000 $80,000
- Competency Based Education Analyst $120,000 $120,000

**Snow College – Career and Technical Education**
- Student Support $75,000 $75,000
- Faculty Support for 12 months $90,000 $-
- Instructional Designer $90,000 $180,000
- Training $15,000 $-
- Financial Aid & Registration $-$ $15,000

**Southwest Technical College**
- Human Resource Specialist $57,200 $57,200
- Automotive Technician Program Expansion $95,000 $95,000
- Pharmacy Technician $97,300 $97,300
- Veterinary Assistant $60,000 $60,000

**Tooele Technical College**
- Commercial Driver's License Instructor $160,000 $160,000
- Welding Instructor $125,000 $125,000
- Medical Assistant Instructor $118,000 $118,000

**Uintah Basin Technical College**
- Electrical Apprenticeship Program $200,000 $200,000
- Health Occupations Program Expansion $100,000 $100,000

**Utah State University – Eastern, Blanding, Moab**
- Welding Technology and Fabrication $269,000 $269,000

**Technical Education Equipment**

USHE technical education institutions and degree-granting institutions with regional technical education service areas submitted requests for equipment needed for growing programs. The targeted funding amount was allocated based on half the funding equally split and half the funding on enrollment.
Section 2: Degree-Granting Institution Priorities

Performance Funding

The FY 2021-22 budget request for performance funding for degree-granting institutions was $22 million, while the actual appropriation was $20,550,000. USHE institutions were provided a preliminary target funding amount for their institutional needs based on the statutory allocation of performance funding. Institutional plans for how they would use their portion of the performance funds are listed below.

University of Utah
- Economic Development and Research
  - Budget: $6,388,400
  - Actual: $5,967,300
- Campus Safety and Mental Health
  - Budget: $1,466,700
  - Actual: $1,319,657
- Informatics, Data Science, Statistics
  - Budget: $2,273,400
  - Actual: $2,045,481
- Health Professions
  - Budget: $925,000
  - Actual: $832,265
- Capacity, Access and Growth
  - Budget: $733,300
  - Actual: $733,300
- Career Ready to Work
  - Budget: $220,300
  - Actual: $220,300
- Operation and Maintenance
  - Budget: $-88,900
  - Actual: $-88,900

Utah State University
- Stabilize Completion Initiatives
  - Budget: $2,320,100
  - Actual: $2,167,200
- Student Persistence and Completion
  - Budget: $500,000
  - Actual: $500,000
- Workforce Development
  - Budget: $1,000,000
  - Actual: $1,000,000
- Campus Safety
  - Budget: $500,000
  - Actual: -

Weber State University
- Salary Catch-up
  - Budget: $950,100
  - Actual: $549,580
- Information Technology Security & Staffing
  - Budget: $100,000
  - Actual: $206,700
- Retention and Recruitment Software
  - Budget: $200,000
  - Actual: $292,013
- Student and Academic Affairs - Retention and Student Success
  - Budget: $620,000
  - Actual: $625,000
- Student and Academic Affairs - Next Gen Workforce
  - Budget: $450,000
  - Actual: $275,000
- Faculty Promotion and Tenure
  - Budget: -
  - Actual: $130,007
- Campus Data Support
  - Budget: -
  - Actual: $88,900

Southern Utah University
- New Faculty to Support Institutional Growth
  - Budget: $1,254,600
  - Actual: $1,171,900
- New Faculty, Promotion & Tenure
  - Budget: -
  - Actual: $381,900
- Elimination of Student Fees
  - Budget: -
  - Actual: $790,000
Dixie State University
- Full-time Faculty and Staff Positions $462,900 $389,500
- Continue Transition to Division I Athletics $650,000 $650,000

Utah Valley University
- Student Retention and Completions Analytics and Interventions $990,600 $1,297,794
- Flexible Educational Opportunities for Timely Completion $838,200 $136,657
- Digital Transformation $672,500 $672,500
- Computer, Engineering and Technology Program Expansion $752,000 $466,136
- School Counseling Program $312,500 $305,515
- Student Health & Safety $ - $452,198

Snow College
- Front Line Staff $100,000 $100,000
- Bottleneck Courses $180,000 $168,000
- Student Success Advisor $73,000 $73,000
- Student Wellness $79,000 $79,000
- Information Technology $97,600 $68,500
- Civil Rights Investigator $93,800 $93,800

Salt Lake Community College
- Workforce Demand and Faculty $920,000 $920,000
- Pathways Advising $662,000 $662,000
- Institutional Sustainability $822,500 $664,100

Growth Funding
Budget: $5,789,000 Actual: $5,789,000
The growth funding request of $5.8 million is to expand offerings and other support services for five institutions that have demonstrated significant enrollment growth. This well-established growth formula is based on actual year-to-year FTE enrollment increases in 100 FTE increments and associated direct instructional costs by course level.

University of Utah
- Capacity, Access, and Growth $421,000 $421,000

Weber State University
- Capacity, Access, and Growth $371,000 $371,000

Southern Utah University
- New Faculty to Support Institutional Growth $924,000 $924,000

Dixie State University
- Full-time Faculty and Staff Positions $910,500 $910,500
- Public Safety and Cybersecurity $100,000 $100,000
- Student and Administrative Support $837,500 $837,500

Utah Valley University
- Faculty and Staff for High Demand, High Growth Programs $2,225,000 $2,225,000

Commissioner’s Recommendations
This is an information item only; no action is required.