Why Utah Needs More Veterinarians

Animal agriculture in Utah is valued at more than $1 billion annually, with 25 of the state’s 29 counties reporting livestock as the dominant facet of their agricultural economy.

Utah currently has 15% fewer veterinarians than the national average to support its rapidly growing population. Utah ranks 42nd in the nation in this category. (U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics)

The National Institutes of Health reports that among human pathogens, 61% originate in animals. This is true of the SARS-CoV-2 virus that caused the COVID-19 pandemic, brucellosis, Lyme disease, and rabies.

As Utah residents and visitors increasingly move into what has been wildlife habitat—both to live and for recreation—more encounters with wildlife and the pathogens they can spread will increase.

Proposal for a College of Veterinary Medicine for the State of Utah

We propose transforming the current model of veterinary medical education in Utah to include an accredited college of veterinary medicine at Utah State University that will better serve people, animals, and support public health in communities throughout the state.

2 USU+2 WSU=DVM

Since 2012, Utah State University has been part of the Washington-Idaho-Montana-Utah (WIMU) Regional Program in Veterinary Medicine. Each fall semester 30 students—20 of whom must be Utah residents—begin their formal veterinary medical education on USU’s Logan campus. Students complete two years of intensive, foundational study at USU and gain hands-on experience with animals at the university’s Animal Science Research Farm and are offered research opportunities. Students then move on to Washington State University’s College of Veterinary Medicine where they join cohorts from other WIMU schools and complete the final two years of the DVM degree program.

Students who are Utah residents continue to pay in-state tuition after they move to WSU, subsidized by funding from the state that covers the difference between resident and non-resident tuition.
A Record of Student Success

Since its beginning, 272 students have been admitted to USU’s veterinary medicine program. Just five students chose to leave or were not allowed to complete the program. All graduates of our program have passed the North American Veterinary Licensing Examination and are employed in the veterinary profession.

A Snapshot of 3rd-Year Student Achievements: Class of 2022

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Among the 21 students on the WSU Dean’s List</th>
<th>Of the WSU cohort were on the Dean’s List</th>
<th>Of the top 7/10 students were from the Utah program</th>
<th>The top 3 students were from the Utah program</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10 were from the Utah State University cohort</td>
<td>~11%</td>
<td>33%</td>
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A Distributed Model of Vet Med Education

USU’s proposed plan does not depend upon, or even include, the capital expenses of building, staffing and ongoing operating costs of a veterinary hospital. The distributed model proposed by USU has been piloted and proven by several vet schools in the U.S. and Canada and is increasingly being adopted by existing vet schools. In this program students’ clinical training will be supervised by veterinary medical professionals/preceptors who will be placed with students in existing medical practices and animal facilities in Utah. These professionals will be considered USU faculty.

Benefits of this model include:

- **No state investment in a veterinary hospital facility, its staffing, or ongoing costs.**
- **Admission will remain competitive, but more Utah residents will have opportunities to pursue veterinary medicine as the size of incoming classes grows.**
- **Veterinarians and facilities providing clinical training sites will be compensated for their work with students.**
- **Because Utah State University is true to its land-grant mission founded in agricultural sciences, the school’s Animal Science Research Farm gives veterinary medical students experience with horses, dairy and beef cattle, small ruminants, and other animals under faculty supervision even during the two pre-clinical years of their degree program.**

Potential Benefits and Economic Impacts of a Utah Vet School

In the current model, $1.7 million of state funding goes to Washington State University annually to cover the difference between in-state and out-of-state tuition for the 20 students who are Utah residents. An estimated additional $340,000 of other funds go to WSU each year as our students move through the WIMU program. A DVM-granting school at USU would retain that funding and bring an estimated $14.6 million to our state and local economies.

The proposed expansion will admit 80 students annually—half of whom will be Utah residents—who will pay tuition at USU and live in Utah communities during their 4-year DVM program. Veterinary medicine in Utah employs over 2,500 people with employee compensation of over $94 million. It also accounts for $1.7 million in tax on production and imports. The total effect is over 3,200 jobs, and $367 million in output with state and local taxes on production and imports of $6.7 million (mainly in property and sales taxes). Related households and corporations also account for an additional almost $5 million. (Based on the Impact Analysis for Planning (IMPLAN) model and its 2019 database for Utah)