UINTAH BASIN TECHNICAL COLLEGE A Component Unit of the State of Utah

Annual Financial Report and Government Auditing Standards Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Report No. 20-26



OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

AUDIT LEADERSHIP:

John Dougall, State Auditor Gregg Hastings, CPA, Audit Manager Abby Potter, CPA, Audit Senior

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
INDEPENDENT STATE AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Statement of Net Position	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	10
Statement of Cash Flows	11
Notes to the Financial Statements	12
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES:	
Schedule of Uintah Basin Technical College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	27
Schedule of Uintah Basin Technical College's Defined Benefit Pension Contributions	28
INDEPENDENT STATE AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH <i>GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</i>	29



OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

INDEPENDENT STATE AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors, Audit Committee and Aaron K. Weight, President Uintah Basin Technical College

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Uintah Basin Technical College (College) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. The College is a component unit of the State of Utah.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Utah State Capitol Complex, East Office Building, Suite E310 • Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-2310 • Tel: (801) 538-1025 • auditor.utah.gov

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the College as of June 30, 2020, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the College's Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Defined Benefit Pension Contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 16, 2021 on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Office of the State auditor

Office of the State Auditor February 16, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

As management of the Uintah Basin Technical College (the College), we offer readers of the College's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the College for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This management discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the College's financial statements. The College's financial statements comprise four components: 1) the Statement of Net Position, 2) the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, 3) the Statement of Cash Flows, and 4) the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Net Position provides information on the College's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the end of the fiscal year, with the difference reported as net position. The information provided in the Statement of Net Position along with disclosures and other information contained in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, the Statement of Cash Flows, and accompanying notes helps users assess, among other things, the College's liquidity and its ability to meet its obligations.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position provides information to users both about the operating performance of the College and the effects of nonoperating transactions and events that change the amount of net position of the College. The information in this statement, together with information in the Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Cash Flows, and accompanying notes, should assist users of the College's financial statements in evaluating the College's performance during the fiscal year and how well management has discharged their stewardship responsibilities and other aspects of their duties.

Statement of Cash Flows. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about the cash receipts and cash payments of the College during the fiscal year. When used with related disclosures and information in other financial statements, a statement of cash flows should help financial statement report users assess the College's ability to generate future net cash flows; its ability to meet its obligations as they come due; the reasons for differences between operating income and the associated cash receipts and payments; and the effects on the College's financial position of both its cash and noncash investing, capital, and financing transactions during the fiscal year.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position. The following schedule presents a summary of the College's net position as of June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Ju	As of ne 30, 2020	Ju	As of ne 30, 2019	 mount of Change	Percent Change
Assets						
Current Assets	\$	5,316,085	\$	4,848,060	\$ 468,025	9.65%
Capital Assets, Net		32,759,096		32,903,160	(144,064)	(.44%)
Other Noncurrent Assets		1,135,503		975,272	160,231	16.43%
Total Assets		39,210,684		38,726,492	484,192	1.25%
Deferred Outflows of Resources		732,969		2,175,603	(1,442,634)	(66.31%)
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities		1,663,440		1,581,107	82,333	5.21%
Noncurrent Liabilities		13,645,134		15,251,053	(1,605,919)	(10.53%)
Total Liabilities		15,308,574		16,832,160	(1,523,586)	(9.05%)
Deferred Inflows of Resources		771,425		833,347	(61,922)	(7.43%)
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		21,132,846		20,787,556	345,290	1.66%
Restricted		1,135,503		975,272	160,231	16.43%
Unrestricted		1,595,303		1,473,760	 121,543	8.25%
Total Net Position	\$	23,863,652	\$	23,236,588	\$ 627,064	2.70%

Condensed Statement of Net Position

Net Position of the College increased \$627,064 during the fiscal year. This increase is attributable to state-funded projects transferred to the College increasing the Net Investment in Capital Assets, as well as a gift of \$200,000 during the fiscal year increasing the Restricted funds.

Total Assets increased due to an increase in Cash of \$625,372 and an increase in Restricted Cash of \$160,231.

Total Liabilities decreased by \$1,576,276. Noncurrent Liabilities decreased due to the annual reduction of \$403,853 in Capital Assets Held for Others as well as a significant decrease of \$1,186,634 in Net Pension Liability based on the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019. Deferred Outflows of Resources decreased \$1,442,634 from differences between expected and actual investment results and changes in actuarial assumptions. (See Note 6 to the financial statements.)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The following schedule presents a summary of changes in net position for the College for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Year Ended June 30, 2020 Amount	Year Ended June 30, 2019 Amount	Amount of Change	Percent Change
Operating Revenues	\$ 1,055,226	\$ 1,449,966	\$ (394,740)	(27.22%)
Operating Expenses	13,058,779	12,039,090	1,019,689	8.47%
Operating Income (Loss)	(12,003,553)	(10,589,124)	(1,414,429)	(13.36%)
Nonoperating Revenues	11,730,363	10,329,246	1,401,117	13.56%
Other Revenues	900,254	6,279,877	(5,379,623)	(85.66%)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	627,064	6,019,999	(5,392,935)	(89.58%)
Net Position – Beginning of Year	23,236,588	17,216,589	6,019,999	34.97%
Net Position – End of Year	\$ 23,863,652	\$ 23,236,588	\$ 627,064	2.70%

Condensed Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The College experienced a net operating loss of \$12,003,553 primarily explained by an increase in Operating Expenses and a decrease in revenue received from Student Tuition and Fees, State Grants and Contracts, and Auxiliary Enterprises as a result of mandatory closure of the College in response to COVID-19.

Nonoperating Revenues increased due to state appropriations and federal funding. The College is a State institution and receives a large portion of its revenues from appropriations. State appropriations increased in the amount of \$1,243,029, comprising most of the increase in the classification of Nonoperating Revenues shown above.

The decrease in Other Revenues is attributable to a significant amount of Capital Appropriations received in the prior fiscal year upon the completion of the Welding Technology Building and a reduced amount of appropriations in the current year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

Revenues. The following schedule presents a summary of the College's revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Year Ended June 30, 2020 Amount	Percent of Total Revenue	Year Ended June 30, 2019 Amount	Amount of Change	Percent Change
Operating Revenues					
Student Tuition and Fees, Net	\$ 260,418	1.90%	\$ 386,236	\$ (125,818)	(32.58%)
State and Local Grants and Contracts	409,510	2.99%	527,566	(118,056)	(22.38%)
Sales and Services of Educational					
Activities	8,568	.06%	11,810	(3,242)	(27.45%)
Auxiliary Enterprises	267,801	1.96%	504,857	(237,056)	(46.96%)
Other Operating Revenues	108,929	.80%	19,497	89,432	458.70%
Total Operating Revenues	1,055,226	7.71%	1,449,966	(394,740)	(27.22%)
Nonoperating Revenues					
State Appropriations	10,333,948	75.51%	9,090,919	1,243,029	13.67%
Federal Grants and Contracts	222,692	1.63%	85,832	136,860	159.45%
PELL Financial Aid	118,282	.86%	112,884	5,398	4.78%
Scholarship Gift Revenue	716,954	5.24%	807,245	(90,291)	(11.19%)
Investment Income	138,487	1.01%	182,366	(43,879)	(24.06%)
Gifts	200,000	1.46%	50,000	150,000	300.00%
Total Nonoperating Revenues	11,730,363	85.71%	10,329,246	1,251,117	12.11%
Other Revenues					
Capital Appropriations	830,487	6.07%	6,149,030	(5,318,543)	(86.49%)
Capital Grants and Gifts	-	.00%	65,000	(65,000)	(100.00%)
Sale of Capital Assets	69,767	.51%	2,435	67,332	2765.17%
Extraordinary Item	-	.00%	63,412	(63,412)	(100.00%)
Total Other Revenues	900,254	6.58%	6,279,877	(5,379,623)	(85.66%)
Total Revenues	\$13,685,843	100.00%	\$18,059,089	\$(4,373,246)	(24.22%)

The revenue comparison for fiscal years 2019 and 2020 shows a decrease in Total Revenues of \$4,373,246. This is primarily explained by the difference in Capital Appropriations received from Utah Division of Facilities Construction and Management.

The decrease in Student Tuition and Fees and State and Local Grants was a direct result of the closure of the College for a period of two months due to COVID-19. Auxiliary Enterprises significantly decreased due to the closure of the college as well as the absence of a building trades home not being sold.

Nonoperating Revenue increased by \$1,251,117 due to an increase in State Appropriations and Federal Grants. The increase in Federal Grants is explained by the funding provided by the CARES Act: Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

Expenses. The following schedule presents a summary of the College's expenses for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Year Ended June 30, 2020 Amount	Percent of Total Expense	Year Ended June 30, 2019 Amount	Amount of Change	Percent Change
Operating Expenses					
Salaries and Wages	\$ 5,238,055	40.11%	\$ 4,812,678	\$ 425,377	8.84%
Benefits	1,785,846	13.68%	1,644,045	141,801	8.63%
Actuarial Pension	1,056,326	8.09%	859,601	196,725	22.89%
Scholarships	212,077	1.62%	114,811	97,266	84.72%
Supplies and Services	3,436,332	26.31%	3,495,718	(59,386)	(1.70%)
Depreciation	1,330,143	10.19%	1,112,237	217,906	19.59%
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 13,058,779	100.00%	\$ 12,039,090	\$ 1,019,689	8.47%

Operating Expenses increased by \$1,019,689. Salaries and Wages, Benefits, and Actuarial Pension comprise much of the increase due to the creation of four full-time support staff positions and six full-time faculty positions.

Depreciation Expense increased by \$217,906 as an additional building was added in the prior year, resulting in a greater depreciation of buildings.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The College's capital assets net of accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2020 was \$32,759,096. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and equipment. The decrease is explained by accumulated depreciation being greater than the additions for the year. The following schedule reflects these changes.

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	Amount of
	Amount	Amount	Change
Land	\$ 62,700	\$ 62,700	\$ -
Buildings and Improvements	31,478,872	31,552,087	(73,215)
Equipment	1,217,524	1,288,373	(70,849)
Total	32,759,096	32,903,160	(144,064)

Utah Division of Facilities Construction and Management transferred \$779,931 of capital improvements for flooring replacements to the College, as well as the remaining balance of \$50,556 from the Welding Technology Facility. The College also self-funded several building improvements costing \$462,038.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

A large portion of capitalized equipment was disposed of in the fiscal year through an online surplus auction, explaining the high number of deletions in equipment and accumulated depreciation.

Total additions to accumulated depreciation shown above exceed depreciation expense of \$1,330,143 by \$403,853 (see Note 1, "Capital Assets Held for Others").

Debt Administration. The College has no amounts outstanding on long-term debt obligations.

Factors Expected to Affect Net Position or Operations

Tuition Rate. Along with other regional colleges in the Utah System of Technical Colleges, the College's tuition rate for fiscal year 2020 was \$2.00 per hour. The rate effective July 1, 2020 is unchanged at \$2.00 per hour.

Economic Conditions. The College is expecting that a lagging oil and gas economy will continue throughout fiscal year 2021, significantly impacting the institution's local revenues.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Uintah Basin Technical College's finances for all those with an interest in the College's finances and to show the College's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Financial Controller's Office, Uintah Basin Technical College, 1100 East Lagoon, Roosevelt, Utah 84066.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Assets

Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 5,021,175
Receivables (Note 3)	28,720
Receivables – Related Party (Note 3)	12,934
Prepaid Expense	85,500
Inventories	167,756
Total Current Assets	5,316,085
Noncurrent Assets	
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,135,503
Capital Assets, net (Note 4)	32,759,096
Total Noncurrent Assets	33,894,599
Total Assets	39,210,684
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred Outflows Relating to Pensions (Note 6)	732,969
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	732,969
Total Detened Outflows of Resources	152,909
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable (Note 3)	105,719
Salaries and Wages Payable	730,431
Unearned Revenue	78,842
Accrued Leave	311,742
Accrued Termination Benefits (Notes 1, 5 and 7)	32,855
Capital Assets Held for Others (Notes 1 and 5)	403,853
Total Current Liabilities	1,663,442
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Accrued Termination Benefits (Note 1, 5 and 7))	6,971
Capital Assets Held for Others (Note 1,5)	11,307,897
Net Pension Liability (Note 6)	2,330,266
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	13,645,134
Total Liabilities	15,308,576
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred Inflows Relating to Pensions (Note 6)	771,425
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	771,425
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	21,132,846
Restricted for	
Expendable	
Scholarships	1,036,255
Other	99,248
Unrestricted	1,595,303
Total Net Position	\$ 23,863,652

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Revenues	
Operating Revenues	\$ 260,418
Student Tuition and Fees (net of allowance of \$733,860) State Grants and Contracts	\$ 260,418 80,003
Local Grants and Contracts	329,507
Sales and Services of Educational Activities	8,568
Auxiliary Enterprises	267,801
Other Operating Revenues	108,929
Total Operating Revenues	1,055,226
Total Operating Revenues	1,035,220
Expenses	
Operating Expenses	
Salaries and Wages	5,238,055
Benefits	1,785,846
Actuarial Pension	1,056,326
Scholarships	212,077
Supplies and Services	3,436,332
Depreciation	1,330,143
Total Operating Expenses	13,058,779
Operating Income (Loss)	(12,003,553)
Nonoperating Revenues	
State Appropriations	10,333,948
Federal Grants and Contracts	222,692
PELL Financial Aid	118,282
Scholarship Gift Revenue	716,954
Investment Income	138,487
Gifts	200,000
Total Nonoperating Revenues	11,730,363
Income (Loss) Before Other Revenues & Expenses	(273,190)
Other Revenues (Expenses)	
Capital Appropriations	830,487
Sale of Capital Assets	69,767
Total Other Revenues	900,254
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	627,064
Net Position	
Net Position – Beginning of Year	23,236,588
Net Position – End of Year	\$ 23,863,652

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Cash Flows From Operating Activities	
Receipts from Tuition and Fees	\$ 519,039
Receipts from Grants and Contracts	473,852
Payments to Suppliers	(3,576,654)
Payments to Employees	(7,863,513)
Receipts from Auxiliary Enterprise Services	260,595
Other Receipts	108,929
Other Payments	(177,330)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(10,255,082)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	
State Appropriations	10,333,948
Grants and Contracts	222,692
PELL Financial Aid	118,282
Scholarship Gift Revenue	716,954
Gifts	200,000
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	11,591,876
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Capital Grants & Gifts	-
Proceeds from Capital Asset Sale	102,487
Purchases of Capital Assets	(792,165)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(689,678)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities	
Interest on Investments	138,487
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	138,487
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	785,603
Cash – Beginning of Year	5,371,075
Cash – End of Year	\$ 6,156,678
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (12,003,553)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	
Depreciation Expense	1,330,143
Difference between actuarial calculated pension expense and actual contributions	194,078
Changes in Assets and Liabilities	
Receivables	258,621
Prepaid Expense	(85,500)
Inventories	(15,774)
Accounts Payable	(54,822)
Salaries and Wages Payable	22,636
Deferred Revenue	64,342
Accrued Leave	39,761
Accrued Termination Benefits	(5,014)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (10,255,082)
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities	
Capital Asset Additions through DFCM	\$ 830,487
Capital Associ Auditions unough DI Civi	φ 030,407

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Uintah Basin Technical College (College) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reporting Entity

The College is an independent college within the Utah System of Technical Colleges. It is considered a component unit of the State of Utah and is included in the State's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. The College is considered a component unit because it was established under Utah statute, receives appropriations from the State, and is financially accountable to the State.

The College was established by the Utah State Legislature to offer career and technical education to secondary and adult students. Effective September 1, 2001, the Legislature created the Utah College of Applied Technology (UCAT), which was composed of eight regional applied technology colleges. The College was one of the eight regional colleges and was subject to the authority of the Utah System of Higher Education under the control of the UCAT Board of Trustees. The College's local Board of Directors was charged with direct governance.

Effective July 1, 2017, the Legislature restructured UCAT to become the Utah System of Technical Colleges and granted legal separation of all eight established colleges. The College's name was changed to Uintah Basin Technical College with authority and direct governance under the College's Board of Directors. The College is now considered an independent technical college and a component unit of the State of Utah.

Funding for the College is received primarily from direct appropriations from the Utah State Legislature; as well as tuition and fees; and grants and contracts with federal, state, and local agencies.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the College are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The College distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the College's principal mission of instruction. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the College's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Deposits and Investments

The College's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, and amounts invested with the Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund.

Cash and investment management at the College is administered in accordance with the State of Utah Money Management Act (*Utah Code*, Title 51, Chapter 7).

Investments for the College are reported at fair value in accordance with GASB No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Accordingly, the change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income.

Inventories

Inventory of the bookstore is valued using the retail inventory method which approximates the lower of cost or market. Inventories representing land and materials for housing projects are valued at cost.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, buildings, and equipment. Capital assets are defined by the College as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment, \$20,000 for buildings, and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the capacity of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. All land is capitalized and not depreciated.

Capital improvement projects funded by the State of Utah Division of Facilities Construction and Management are recorded as capital assets or current expenses when the project is ready for its intended use and has been transferred from the State's books.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	30-40
Building Improvements	20
Portable Classrooms	10
Equipment	5-10
Vehicles	5
Office Equipment	5-10
Computer Equipment	3

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Utah Retirement Systems (Systems) Pension Plan and additions to/deductions from the Systems' fiduciary net position are now determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are now recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefits terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Compensated Absences

A full-time employee with a twelve-month contract is eligible for ten days of paid vacation per year beginning the first year of employment at the College. After five years of service, an employee will earn an additional paid vacation day for each additional full year of service rendered thereafter, up to a maximum of twenty total vacation days. There is no requirement to use vacation days, but a maximum of forty days may be carried forward at the beginning of each fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Accrued Termination Benefits

During the year a one-time offering of early retirement benefits was implemented for qualified employees who elected to receive them. The College follows GASB 47 requiring accrual of the future benefits. The projected future costs have been calculated from scheduled payments factoring in projected benefit increases based on historical patterns. The amount recognized was calculated at the discounted present value of projected future costs. The discount rate used is based on an estimated yield of the College's investment earnings.

Capital Assets Held for Others

The College carries a long-term liability for the Vernal campus building to reflect Uintah Impact Mitigation Special Service District's (District) ownership interest in the building. This ownership interest results from the District issuing bonds to help finance the building's construction. When these bonds are repaid in the year 2022, the District intends to donate its interest in the building to the College.

Because the College currently possesses and controls the building, the College continues to include the depreciated value of the building in its Capital Assets. However, the College has recorded a long-term liability, Capital Assets Held for Others, representing the District's ownership interest in the building, which reduces net position. Though the College records the entire depreciated value of the building, it does not recognize depreciation expense for the District's portion of the building, amounting to \$403,853 per year (see Note 4).

NOTE 2. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u>

The State of Utah Money Management Council has the responsibility to advise the State Treasurer about investment policies, promote measures and rules that will assist in strengthening the banking and credit structure of the State, and review the rules adopted under the authority of the Money Management Act (Act) that relate to the deposit and investment of public funds.

The College follows the requirements of the Act in handling its depository and investment transactions. The Act requires the depositing of College funds in a qualified depository. The Act defines a qualified depository as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the Federal Government and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the College's deposits may not be returned. The College does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2020, \$1,246,661 of the College's bank balance of \$1,841,600 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments

The Act defines the types of securities authorized as appropriate investments for the College's funds and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions may be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of the investment securities.

Statutes authorize the College to invest in negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified or permitted depositories; repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; commercial paper that is classified as "first tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; bankers' acceptances; obligations of the United States Treasury including bills, notes, and bonds; obligations, other than mortgage derivative products, issued by U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises (U.S. agencies) such as the Federal Home Loan Bank System, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac), and Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae); bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness of political subdivisions of the State; fixed rate corporate obligations and variable rate securities rated "A" or higher, or the equivalent of "A" or higher, by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund as defined in the Act; reciprocal deposits and negotiable brokered certificates of deposit in accordance with the Act; and the Utah State Public Treasurers' Investment Fund (PTIF).

The Utah State Treasurer's Office operates the PTIF. The PTIF is available for investment of funds administered by any Utah public treasurer and is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Act. The Act established the Money Management Council, which oversees the activities of the Utah State Treasurer and the PTIF and details the types of authorized investments. Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah, and participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments.

The College measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

• Level 1: Quoted prices for <u>identical</u> investments in <u>active</u> markets;

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs

The value of the College's investment in the PTIF is calculated by applying the June 30, 2020 fair value factor, as calculated by the Utah State Treasurer, to the College's June 30, 2020 balance in the fund.

At June 30, 2020, the College had the following investments and maturities. The investments were valued using level 2 measurements.

			Investment Maturities (in years)
Investment Type	F	Fair Value	Less than 1 year
Public Treasurers' Investment Fund	\$	4,320,975	\$ 4,310,421
Public Treasurers' Investment Fund-Foundation	\$	158,309	\$ 157,923

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The College's policy for managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates is to comply with the Act. Section 51-7-11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. The Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, fixed rate negotiable deposits, fixed rate corporate obligations, to 270 days – 15 months or less. The Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in obligations of the United States Treasury; obligations issued by U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises; and bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness of political subdivisions of the State to 10 years. In addition, variable rate negotiable deposits and variable rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding 3 years.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The College's policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to comply with the Act, as previously discussed. At June 30, 2020, the College's investments were all unrated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The College's policy for reducing this risk of loss is to comply with the Rules of the Money Management Council. Rule 17 of the Money Management Council limits investments in a single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to 5-10% depending upon the total dollar amount held in the portfolio.

NOTE 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE

The following schedule presents accounts receivable at June 30, 2020:

Student Charged Tuition and Fees	\$ 3,551
Industry Sponsored Tuition and Fees	25,169
Related Party – State Government	 12,934
Total Accounts Receivable	\$ 41,654

Accounts Payable of \$105,719 at June 30, 2020 is primarily made up of obligations to vendors. Of this amount, \$5,683 is owed to state-governed related-party agencies.

NOTE 4. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Additions to capital assets include amounts paid for by the College as well as assets transferred to the College by the State of Utah Division of Facilities Construction and Management. Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions Deletions		Ending Balance	
Land	\$ 62,700	\$-	\$-	\$ 62,700	
Buildings and Improvements	45,478,353	1,292,525	-	46,770,878	
Equipment	4,324,047	394,140	412,201	4,305,986	
Total	49,865,100	1,686,665	412,201	51,139,564	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings and Improvements	13,926,266	1,365,740	-	15,292,006	
Equipment	3,035,674	368,256	315,468	3,088,462	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	16,961,940	1,733,996	315,468	18,380,468	
Net Capital Assets	\$ 32,903,160	\$ (47,331)	\$ 96,733	\$ 32,759,096	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year:

		ginning alance	Ad	lditions	Re	ductions		Ending alance	-	Current Portion
Accrued Termination Benefits	\$	44,840	\$	18,337	\$	23,351	\$	39,826	\$	32,855
Capital Assets Held for Others	12	2,115,603		-		403,853	1	1,711,750		403,853
Net Pension Liability		3,516,900			1	1,186,634		2,330,266		-
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 15	5,677,343	\$	18,337	\$ 1	1,613,838	\$ 1	4,081,842	\$	436,708

NOTE 6. <u>RETIREMENT PLANS</u>

Defined Benefit Plans

The College contributes to the Public Employees Noncontributory Retirement System and the Tier 2 Public Employees Contributory Retirement System, which are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (Systems).

The Systems comprise several pension trust funds, the following in which employees of the College participate:

- Public Employees Noncontributory Retirement System (Noncontributory System);
- Tier 2 Public Employees Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Public Employees System).

The Tier 2 Public Employees System became effective July 1, 2011. All eligible employees beginning on or after July 1, 2011 who have no previous service credit with any of the Systems, are members of the Tier 2 Public Employees System.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Title 49 of the *Utah Code*. The Systems' defined benefit plans are amended statutorily by the State Legislature. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Title 49 provides for the administration of the Systems under the direction of the Board, whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems are fiduciary funds defined as pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds and a component unit of the State of Utah. Title 49 of the *Utah Code* grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that can be obtained by writing to Utah Retirement Systems, 560 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 or visiting the website: www.urs.org.

Benefits Provided

The Systems provide retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are as follows:

System	Final Average Salary	Years of Service Required and/or Age Eligible for Benefit	Benefit Percent per Year of Service	COLA**
Noncontributory System	Highest 3 years	30 years any age 25 years any age* 20 years age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65	2.0% per year all years	Up to 4%
Tier 2 Public Employees System	Highest 5 years	35 years any age 20 years age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65	1.5% per year all years	Up to 2.5%

* with actuarial reductions

** All post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments are non-compounding and are based on the original benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments are also limited to the actual Consumer Price Index (CPI) increase for the year, although unused CPI increases not met may be carried forward to subsequent years.

Contributions

As a condition of participation in the Systems, employers and/or employees are required to contribute certain percentages of salary and wages as authorized by statute and specified by the Systems' Board. Contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions (where applicable), is expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Contribution rates are as follows:

	Paid by	College
	College	Contribution
	for Employee	Rates
Noncontributory System	N/A	22.19%
Tier 2 Public Employees System	N/A	18.99%

Tier 2 rates include a statutory required contribution to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Tier 1 plans.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the College and employee contributions to the Systems were as follows:

	College	Employee		
	Contributions	Contributions		
Noncontributory System	\$ 420,159	\$ -		
Tier 2 Public Employees System	367,145	-		
Total Contributions	\$ 787,304	\$ -		

Contributions reported are the Systems' Board-approved required contributions by system. Contributions in the Tier 2 systems are used to finance the unfunded liabilities in the Tier 1 systems.

As of June 30, 2020, the College reported a net pension asset of \$0 and a net pension liability of \$2,330,266.

	et sion set	Net Pension Liability	Proportionate Share 12/31/2019	Proportionate Share 12/31/2018	Change (Decrease)
Noncontributory System	\$ -	\$ 2,300,346	0.1035398%	0.0929923%	0.0105475%
Tier 2 Public Employees System	 -	29,920	0.1330346%	0.1333377%	-0.0003031%
Total Net Pension Asset / Liability	\$ -	\$ 2,330,266			

The net pension asset and liability were measured as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset and liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The proportion of the net pension asset and liability is equal to the ratio of the employer's actual contributions to the Systems during the plan year over the total of all employer contributions to the System during the plan year.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the College recognized a pension expense of \$1,056,326. At June 30, 2020, the College's portion of the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions were from the following sources:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Ou	eferred atflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	44,132	\$	24,381	
Changes in assumptions		146,118		860	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		735,174	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		102,622		11,010	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		440,097		_	
Total	\$	732,969	\$	771,425	

Of the amount reported as deferred outflows of resources to pensions, \$440,097 resulted from contributions made by the College prior to its fiscal year end, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2019. These contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources				
2020	\$ (83,458)				
2021	\$ (159,798)				
2022	\$ 23,987				
2023	\$ (278,678)				
2024	\$ 2,960				
Thereafter	\$ 16,434				

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary Increases	3.25 - 9.75 percent, average, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.95 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,
	including inflation

Mortality rates were developed from actual experience and mortality tables, based on gender, occupation, and age, as appropriate, with adjustments for future improvement in mortality based on Scale AA, a model developed by the Society of Actuaries.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ending December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class and is applied consistently to each defined benefit pension plan. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Ex	Expected Return Arithmetic Basis							
Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Real Return Arithmetic Basis	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return						
Equity Securities	40%	6.15%	2.46%						
Debt Securities	20%	0.40%	0.08%						
Real Assets	15%	5.75%	0.86%						
Private Equity	9%	9.95%	0.90%						
Absolute Return	16%	2.85%	0.46%						
Cash & Cash Equivalents	0%	0.00%	0.00%						
Totals	100%		4.76%						
	Inflation		2.50%						
	Expected Arithmetic Nomin	nal Return	7.26%						

The 6.95% assumed investment rate of return is comprised of an inflation rate of 2.50%, a real return of 4.45% that is net of investment expense.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.95 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from all participating employers will be made at contractually required rates that are actuarially determined and certified by the Systems' Board. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate does not use the Municipal Bond Index Rate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.95 percent) or one percentage point higher (7.95 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.95%)		
Noncontributory System	\$ 5,189,312	\$ 2,300,346	\$ (121,339)
Tier 2 Public Employees System	258,017	29,920	(146,357)
Total	\$ 5,447,329	\$ 2,330,266	\$ (267,696)

Proportionate Share of Net Pension (Asset) / Liability

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Systems' separately issued financial report.

Defined Contribution Plans

The College participates in the 401(k) defined contribution system administered by the Systems. The plan is established and governed by Title 49 of the *Utah Code*. The 401(k) plan is a supplemental plan to basic retirement benefits of the Systems. The College is required by statute to contribute 1.5% of eligible employees' salaries which vests immediately. For employees participating in the Tier 2 Public Employees defined contribution (Tier 2 DC) plan, the College is required to contribute 20.02% of the employees' salaries, of which 10% is paid into a 401(k)/457 plan while the remainder is contributed to the Tier 1 Contributory Public Employee System as required by law.

In September 2011, Utah System of Technical Colleges employees voted to discontinue participation in the Social Security Administration. As a result, effective October 1, 2011, the College began contributing an additional 6.2% of eligible employee salaries into employees' 401(k) plans. Voluntary contributions may also be made into the plan by employees, subject to plan and internal revenue code limitations. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the College contributed \$438,462 to the plan and the employees made voluntary contributions to the plan of \$187,475.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 7. ACCRUED TERMINATION BENEFITS

In addition to retirement benefits described in Note 6, the College provides a retirement incentive option with discretionary benefits as approved by the College's Board of Directors. Qualified employees are those who are age 62 with at least 10 years of continual service. Benefits are funded by the College's general account. Benefits were approved for two retirees in prior fiscal years with an additional retiree for fiscal year 2020. Benefits include direct payments for retirement and medical insurance premiums. At June 30, 2020, the liability for the three retirees still receiving benefits was \$39,826.

NOTE 8. NATURAL AND FUNCTIONAL EXPENSE CLASSIFICATIONS

The following is a summary of natural expense classifications with functional expense classifications for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Salary and Wages	Employee Benefits	Scholarships	Supplies and Services	Depreciation	Total
Instruction	\$ 3,112,932	\$ 1,681,607		\$ 1,565,723	\$ -	\$ 6,360,262
Student Services	312,415	196,042	-	61,366	-	569,823
Institutional Support	1,361,095	710,241	-	673,996	-	2,745,332
Operation and						
Maintenance of Plant	396,944	249,555	-	906,218	1,330,143	2,882,860
Scholarships	-	-	212,077	19,515	-	231,592
Auxiliary Enterprises	54,669	4,727		209,514		268,910
Totals	\$ 5,238,055	\$ 2,842,172	\$ 212,077	\$ 3,436,332	\$ 1,330,143	\$ 13,058,779

NOTE 9. <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. As part of a component unit of the State of Utah, the College participates in the State's Risk Management Fund along with other State funds, agencies, and public authorities of the State. The State Risk Management fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing, claims payment, and commercial insurance by charging a "premium" to each agency or public authority based on each organization's estimated current year liability and property values. The liability is determined using an independent actuarial study based on past, current, and estimated loss experience. The College has not had any losses or settlements that exceeded the risk management coverage for any of the last three years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10. <u>RELATED PARTY LEASE</u>

In December 2006, the College entered into a 99-year lease agreement with Utah State University for the land on which the Vernal campus building was built. The lease does not convey ownership of the land to the College at the end of the lease term, and the College does not have the option to purchase the land at the end of the lease term. Consideration for the College's use of the land is the joint use of the Vernal campus by the College and Utah State University.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Schedule of Uintah Basin Technical College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Noncontributory and Tier 2 Public Employees Systems of the Utah Retirement Systems

	December 31,							
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		
Noncontributory System								
Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.1035398%	0.0929923%	0.0901357%	0.0910951%	0.0918514%	0.1033149%		
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 2,300,346	\$ 3,459,794	\$ 2,204,144	\$ 2,952,316	\$ 2,885,316	\$2,595,816		
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,900,461	\$ 1,925,952	\$ 1,944,937	\$ 2,090,630	\$ 2,120,187	\$2,593,606		
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	121.04%	179.64%	113.33%	141.22%	136.09%	100.09%		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension	90.10%	84.10%	89.20%	84.90%	84.50%	87.20%		
Tier 2 Public Employees System								
Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.1330346%	0.1333377%	0.1349106%	0.1417378%	0.1779284%	0.1821832%		
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 29,920	\$ 57,106	\$ 11,895	\$ 15,811	\$ (388)	\$ (5,521)		
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,849,335	\$ 1,555,664	\$ 1,320,723	\$ 1,162,363	\$ 1,149,513	\$ 894,627		
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1.62%	3.67%	0.90%	1.36%	-0.03%	-0.62%		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension	96.50%	90.80%	97.40%	95.10%	100.20%	103.50%		

Note: The College implemented GASB Statement No. 68 and 71 in fiscal year 2015.

Information on the College's portion of the plans' net pension liabilities (assets) is not available for periods prior to fiscal year 2015.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Schedule of Uintah Basin Technical College's Defined Benefit Pension Contributions Noncontributory and Tier 2 Public Employees Systems of the Utah Retirement Systems Last 10 Fiscal Years Ending June 30

Noncontributory System	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 420,159	\$ 439,031	\$ 422,103	\$ 441,133	\$ 454,839	\$ 493,734	\$ 616,265	\$ 595,425	\$ 553,849	\$ 504,362
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(420,159)	(439,031)	(422,103)	(441,133)	(454,839)	(493,734)	(616,265)	(595,425)	(553,849)	(504,362)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,912,699	\$ 1,979,785	\$ 1,905,540	\$ 1,999,857	\$ 2,116,055	\$ 2,302,595	\$ 2,778,037	\$ 3,048,031	\$ 3,344,086	\$ 3,116,630
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	21.97%	22.18%	22.15%	22.06%	21.49%	21.44%	22.18%	19.53%	16.56%	16.18%
Tier 2 Public Employees System ^{1, 2}	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
<i>Tier 2 Public Employees System</i> ^{1, 2} Contractually Required Contribution	2020 \$ 367,145	2019 \$ 333,314	2018 \$ 260,530	2017 \$ 226,276	2016 \$ 197,581	2015 \$ 193,881	2014 \$ 57,444	2013 \$ 42,376	2012 \$ 14,291	2011 N/A
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 367,145	\$ 333,314	\$ 260,530	\$ 226,276	\$ 197,581	\$ 193,881	\$ 57,444	\$ 42,376	\$ 14,291	
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 367,145	\$ 333,314	\$ 260,530	\$ 226,276	\$ 197,581	\$ 193,881	\$ 57,444	\$ 42,376 (42,376)	\$ 14,291 (14,291)	

¹ The Tier 2 Public Employees System began enrollments in fiscal year 2012. The College did not have any employees enrolled in the Tier 2 Public Employees System prior to fiscal year 2012.

² For employees participating in the Tier 2 Public Employees System, the College is required to contribute 18.24% of the employee's salary to the Systems. The College makes the required contributions by paying approximately 10% into the Tier 2 System while the remainder is contributed to the Tier 1 System as required by law. The amounts reported here reflect the contributions to the Tier 2 System rather than the total required.



OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

INDEPENDENT STATE AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors, Audit Committee and Aaron K. Weight, President Uintah Basin Technical College

We have audited the financial statements of the Uintah Basin Technical College (College) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 16, 2021. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to detect and correct on a timely basis, misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and

material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, pursuant to *Utah Code* Title 63G Chapter 2, this report is a matter of public record, and as such, its distribution is not limited.

Office of the State auditor

Office of the State Auditor February 16, 2021